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SLOSS APPEAL DISMISSED

Full Court Rejects Counsel's Plea

The Full Court today dismissed an appeal by Geoffrey Duncan Sloss, 30, of 375A The Peak against his conviction and sentence to two years' hard labour for manslaughter.

Sloss was sentenced by Mr Justice J. R. Gregg on June 4.

The Full Court who heard Sloss's appeal comprised Mr Justice C. W. Reece (Puisne Judge) and Mr Justice J. Reynolds (Acting Puisne Judge).

In a separate judgment, Mr Justice Reynolds said he agreed with the judgment delivered by Mr Justice Reece except with regard to one particular matter which, however, did not affect the outcome of the appeal which he also agreed should be dismissed.

Sloss was charged with having unlawfully killed a rickshaw puller, Ng Chow, shortly after 3 a.m. on February 25 last. The Prosecution alleged that the rickshaw puller was killed by a car driven by Sloss whilst he was under the influence of alcohol.

Appearing for Sloss were the Hon. Leo d'Almada, QC, and Mr Patrick Yu, both on the instructions of Messrs Johnson, Stokes and Master.

Mr W. A. Blair-Kerr, Senior Crown Counsel, assisted by Chief Inspector W. Eggleston, represented the Crown.

In an appeal for consideration of reduction of sentence, Mr Yu said that the authorities were quite clear on the question of sentence; they were clear that the Appeal Court would not interfere with any sentence imposed unless it was manifestly excessive.

Counsel conceded that the sentence imposed in the present case could not be said to be manifestly excessive, but nevertheless he would ask the Court to take two matters into consideration.

Mr Yu said that the accused had been for three and a half years a prisoner of war under the Japanese when he was only 18 years old. "This must have had a great effect on what I might call the nerves of the accused, his frame of mind and general outlook," Mr Yu said. "To what extent this may or may not have contributed to this somewhat unhappy event it is impossible to say."

BEST YEARS

The Court however would probably agree, Counsel submitted, that those three and a half years which were probably the best years of his life had been lost and the Court would probably recollect the sort of fate of the POWs in the Japanese camps.

On his second point, Counsel said that the object of any sentence must either be to serve as a deterrent or as a deserving punishment to an accused person.

If this was meant to be a deterrent, Counsel said that the Court would agree that this sort of manslaughter as a result of drunken driving was an offence of rare occurrence. He might say that the effect of a much shorter sentence, of say one and a half years, would serve as much a deterrent as a sentence of two years. It was rather the knowledge of having to go to gaol than the actual length of the sentence which was a deterrent, Counsel submitted.

Mr Yu went on to say that if sentence was meant as a deserving punishment for the accused he would invite the Court to take into consideration the history, environment, general background and upbringing of the accused. Counsel submitted that it was to be appreciated that the accused, with his educational and general family background, probably would suffer much more than a person of a lower strata of society.

COURT AGREES

In the light of these two factors, Mr Yu asked the Court to review the sentence and to reduce it to a shorter period.

Refusing the appeal, Mr Justice Reece said that the Court agreed with the principles Mr Yu had cited whereby the Court could revise the sentence only if it was manifestly excessive or if the learned Trial Judge was guided by the wrong principles in imposing sentence.

His Lordship said that Counsel for the Defence had conceded that the sentence was not manifestly excessive and the Court would not therefore interfere with it.

As to what Counsel had said that Sloss was a POW and that this fact might have left a mark on him, the accused was not the only one who had suffered from the hardship of the last war, and that when all was said and done it was many years ago, his Lordship said.

If the accused was of the background and education and social strata which Mr Yu said he was, accused should have taken the opportunity during the years after the war to readjust and rehabilitate himself and to conduct himself like a man of education and background would do.

On the application of Mr Yu, the Court agreed that the sentence should start from the date of conviction.

ABANDONED APPEALS

Mr Justice Reece said: On the 3rd day of June, 1954, the appellant, Geoffrey Duncan Sloss, was found guilty by the Jury of the offence of manslaughter and was sentenced to two years imprisonment with hard labour by His Lordship Mr Justice Gregg.

(Contd. on Back Page, Col. 5)

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Trieste

STATEMENTS made recently in Washington, Rome and Belgrade suggest that a settlement of the Trieste dispute is imminent. Neither Italy nor Yugoslavia will be willing parties to the settlement for the reason that both countries claim the whole area in dispute and neither wants to renunciate its claim. For Yugoslavia, a settlement will mean an irrevocable abandonment of Trieste which it 'liberated' in May, 1945 and held for 40 days before it was persuaded to retire into what is now Zone B. For Italy, Trieste was never anything but an Italian city (the distant past is discreetly forgotten) and today its population is still predominantly Italian. Therefore, in its eyes, Yugoslavia has no possible claim to the territory. Both countries rejected the idea after the war that Trieste should become independent under a United Nations governorship. It appeared inevitable therefore that some division of the territory would have to be agreed upon.

NOW after nine years of incessant wrangling between Rome and Belgrade and the annoying vacillations of British, American and French policy on the future of Trieste, the most likely plan to emerge for the division of the territory differs only very slightly from the original subdivision made over nine years ago. It is proposed that Yugoslavia should continue its administration of Zone B and that Italy should take over the Anglo-American administration of Zone A which includes the city itself and the harbour. It will be recalled that only last October Mr Eden and Mr Dulles proposed this very division in a joint declaration. It brought bitter protests from Marshal Tito at the time but the cause of his anger, it was later learned, was that he was not informed beforehand of the Anglo-U.S. decision. The plan, in fact, was quite acceptable. The proposed settlement terms also involve subtracting two Slav villages from Zone A and joining them to Zone B. Yugoslavia wants the use of Trieste harbour under certain conditions but it also wants America to build a rival port at nearby Fiume. It appears, however, that America does not seriously entertain sponsoring this plan.

NEITHER Italy nor Yugoslavia will be willing parties to the proposed settlement yet paradoxically both countries devoutly desire an agreement on this problem. During the last nine years the dispute has resulted in a quite drastic fall in trade between the two countries, and has caused countless acts of provocation which have brought both countries to the verge of hostilities on more than one occasion. A settlement should mark the first step to improved relations between the two countries. It will also hasten the signature of the Balkans defence pact between Greece, Yugoslavia and Turkey, the completion of which was held up last week on Western insistence that it should be preceded by a settlement in Trieste. Britain and America should also welcome the settlement, not only because it will mean the end of the costly joint administration of Zone A, but because a new link will be inserted in the chain of Western defence in the northern Adriatic coast area. In Rome, the Christian Democrats will inevitably have to face further strong protests from the Fascists and the Communists in the Chamber of Deputies. However, a settlement should in the long run strengthen the hand of the Government for the debate and vote on EDC later this year.

Floods Are Rising In Hungary

Vienna, July 19.

The Danube flood crest has reached Budapest and more Hungarian and Soviet soldiers were sent to the flood stricken areas north-west of the Hungarian capital, Radio Budapest said today.

The level of the Danube at Budapest climbed up to 26 feet early this morning, the broadcast said.

The Hungarian Cabinet today sent new troops to the hard-hit area of Gyoer, a rail centre of 50,000 population 70 miles north-west of Budapest.

The broadcast said that the Danube at Gyoer dropped today but described the situation in the area as "still critical." Thousands of persons had been evacuated from the city and the nearby "Schuett island" Klastweru.—United Press.

More Shootings In Tunisia

Tunis, July 19.

Outlaw attacks on colonists and French police flared up again in Tunisia today after a week-end of relative peace following the transfer of Nationalist leader Habib Bourguiba to a place of exile close to Paris.

In the last 24 hours, two men died in Tunisia, four were wounded and one captured in clashes between Fellaghas outlaws and security forces and in isolated attacks.

Most of the attacks took place in the Sousse area where Fellagha bands operate in strength. A military patrol which went to the aid of a farmer who had been ambushed was attacked between Sousse and Human. Three policemen were shot but not killed.

Two European civilians in Sousse were killed during the night by Arabs and an isolated farm house in the Cheikhat De Graba region was attacked by Fallaghas. The attackers were driven off by the recently organised militia.—United Press.

CEASE-FIRE LIKELY TODAY

Tass Report Of Agreement On Major Questions

Geneva, July 20.

The French Premier, M. Pierre Mendes-France who has till midnight tonight to find an Indo-China cease-fire plan or resign, will confer with the British and Soviet Foreign Ministers later this morning in a bid to overcome last obstacles to a cease-fire, French sources said early this morning.

M. Mendes-France may extend his deadline by two or three hours if necessary.

The Soviet news agency, Tass, carried a report from Moscow last night that "reliable sources" had just reported that "it may be considered that agreement between the participants of the Geneva conference has already been reached on major questions.

"Agreement has been reached on the question of a temporary demarcation line in Vietnam, controlling the observation of cease-fire agreements, the time for holding general elections in Vietnam, Laos and Cambodia, the withdrawing of all foreign troops from the three states and other questions."

The Vietminh delegation leader, Pham Van Dong, told French journalists last night he considered a cease-fire certain. Although there were still some outstanding points to be discussed, he was confident these would be resolved.

A hitch developed, however, when Vietnam formally proposed an Indo-China cease-fire on the present positions under United Nations control.

In a note circulated to delegates, Vietnam demanded that its plan be discussed.

The note complained that the French, Soviet and Vietminh plans for a cease-fire all admitted the principle of a partition of Vietnam in two zones with all north Vietnam abandoned to the Vietminh.

TWO DRAFTS

Although this partition was only provisional in theory it would not fail to produce the same effects as the present division of Germany, Austria and Korea.

Geneva sources said two different drafts of the final statement to be made at the end of the Geneva conference, one French and one Soviet, had been prepared already.

The two sides had now reached almost complete agreement that the truce line across Vietnam, the largest Indo-China state, should run roughly along the 17th parallel, and on a two-year period before elections are held to reunite the country under a single government, the sources said.

If everything goes well, the treaty will be signed today.

LAST LUNCHEON

Most of the ministers will then leave Geneva, but Pham Van Dong intends to stay on about another 10 days. Neither M. Molotov nor Mr Chou En-lai intend to leave immediately. Mr Bedell Smith's plane will be ready to take off on Wednesday, but Mr Eden will perhaps stay a day longer. He will see M. Molotov, with whom he still had matters to discuss.

Today less than 12 hours before all should be accomplished, one last luncheon is arranged. For the first time M. Mendes-France will sit down at the same table with Mr Chou En-lai, who has been invited to "Joli Port" the residence of the French premier. It will be then that the decisive statements will be made.—France-Presse, Reuter, United Press.

U.S. NOT SIGNING

Washington July 19.

The Secretary of State, Mr John Foster Dulles, today repeated that the United States would not be a signatory to any pending Indo-China peace settlement but would do nothing to upset any reasonable agreement in which France took part.

His views were given to members of the Senate Appropriations Committee in a closed session.—Reuter.

Welch Regiment's New Mascot

Taffy the Tenth, a young goat from the London Zoo, was handed over to Goat Major John Tullet to become the new regimental mascot of the First Battalion the Welch Regiment. His predecessor died last year while serving with the battalion in Hongkong. For today's occasion, Goat Major Tullet has come all the way from Hongkong, where the regiment is stationed, to collect Taffy and instruct him in his regimental duties before the regiment returns to Britain at the end of the year. The photo shows Goat Major Tullet fitting the ceremonial silver horns on Taffy the Tenth as he is held by two keepers of the London Zoo after the handing over ceremony.

Occupation Of Germany To End In September

Bonn, July 19.

Britain and the United States intend to end their occupation of Germany by the end of September whether France does the same or not, authoritative diplomatic sources said today.

These sources said that if France had not ratified the European Defence Community treaty and the Bonn Conventions by August 15, Britain and the US planned to invite her to join them in declaring the Conventions in force—without EDC.

The Bonn Conventions would give West Germany near sovereignty. The EDC treaty provides for a West German contingent in a European Army.

MAKE IT CLEAR

August 15 is the date until which the French Prime Minister, M. Piere Mendes-France has said he is prepared to postpone the French National Assembly's recess.

The sources said the British and Americans would make it clear that they would go ahead just the same if the French Government did not join in the declaration of sovereignty.

France would be completely isolated in Western Europe if she still insisted on retaining occupation in her zone, the sources said.

They added that technical examination of the treaties by a British and American study group in London 10 days ago showed that no amendments would be needed to the Bonn Conventions to separate them from the EDC.—Reuter.

Soviet Move Expected On Germany

Berlin, July 19.

The belief that a fresh Soviet move on Germany is imminent gained ground today among Western allied officials here when they learned that Walter Ulbricht, East German Deputy Premier and chief of the Communist Party, is in Moscow.

The initiative was thought likely to take the form of an invitation for a new four power conference on Germany, this time with East and West German "advisers" present.

The Soviet news agency, Tass, reported that Ulbricht and the East German President, Wilhelm Pieck, attended a sports rally in Moscow yesterday.

Pieck is, as usual, spending his annual leave in the Soviet Union, but Ulbricht's journey had hitherto been a secret.

CONFERENCE

Western allied officials connected his trip with the Moscow announcement last Friday that the Soviet High Commissioner in Germany, Vladimir Semeonov, had been replaced by Georgi Pushkin.

They recalled Ulbricht's close association with Pushkin in 1949, immediately after the East German Government was formed, when Pushkin became chief of the Soviet diplomatic mission, accredited to the government.

It was therefore thought likely that Pushkin wished to confer with Ulbricht before collecting his final instructions from the Kremlin, and leaving for Berlin.

"At Home" In London's Stoll Theatre

Hongkong Man's Lavish £10,000 Coming-Out Party For Daughter

From Our Own Correspondent

London, July 19.

A director of the Hongkong firm, Scott and English, Mr Stanley Smith has taken over London's Stoll Theatre for the coming-out party of his only daughter, Barbara, tonight — and a lavish affair it will be too. The party bill up to now is estimatedat £10,000.

The 2,600-seat Stoll Theatre has not only been booked. It has been converted. It has been reroofed in blue. It has been refloored in parquet (for dancing). It has been garlanded in glittering silver. It has even been given a rose garden.

PINK, OF COURSE

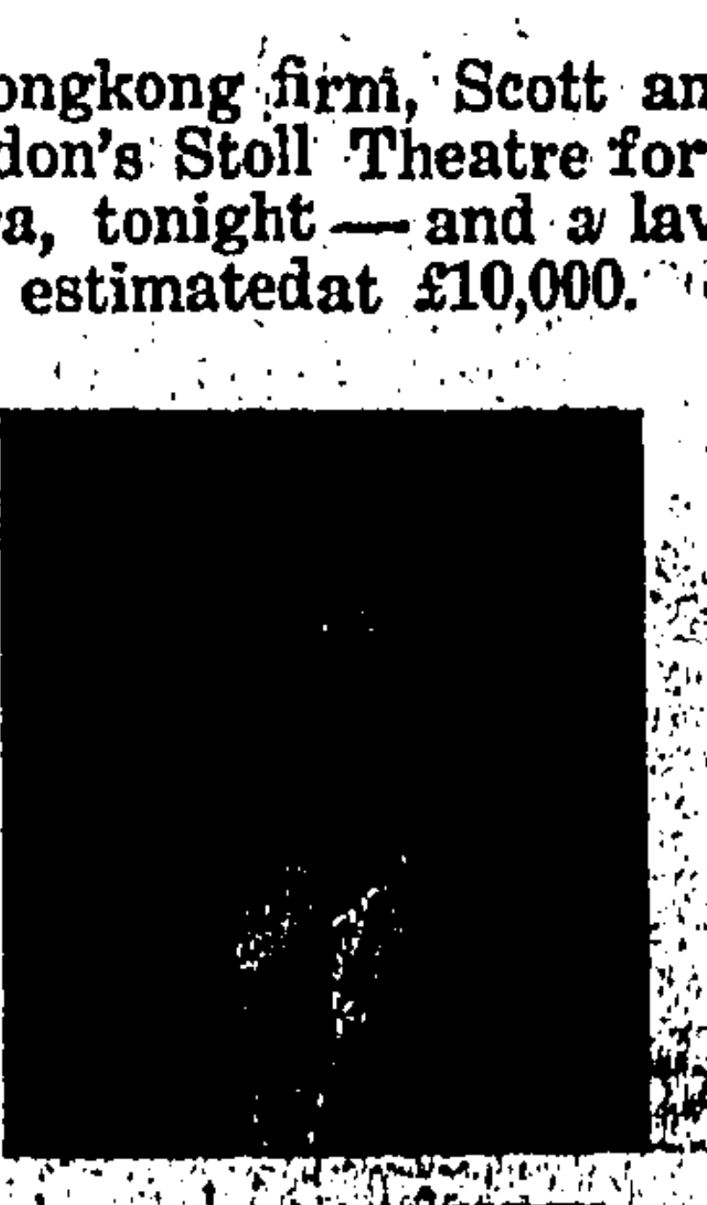
In fact, you wouldn't recognise the place.

Gone is the theatre slogan "Saloon Bar." Instead there is a white champagne bar where waiters in white will attend. On the other side is a pink champagne bar where waiters in pink will serve.

The 600 guests will dance on the new floor built on scaffolding over the stalls (from the 16s. 6d. seats to the thirteen-and-sixpennies).

On the stage will be two orchestras and behind them the reproduction of a palace sunk beneath the sea with floating seaweed and giant silver fishes flashing in and out of pillared terraces.

A bubble machine will be working to give the real effects.



MR STANLEY SMITH

All this will cost wealthy Australian, Mr Stanley Smith £10,000. And although the invitation cards do say Mr Smith will be "at home" on Monday night he is unlikely to be there in time. He is mining in Malaya.

Slim, husky-voiced Barbara, an only child and the 15-year-old star of this [illegible] show, was "too terribly, terribly tired" yesterday to discuss it.

Fifty men have been working for a week to get the setting ready. They have been under the direction of Mr Charles Howard, fashionable interior decorator.

From the theatre's new ceiling are suspended eight silver garlands with six dozen white paper sculptured doves floating as mobiles through the air.

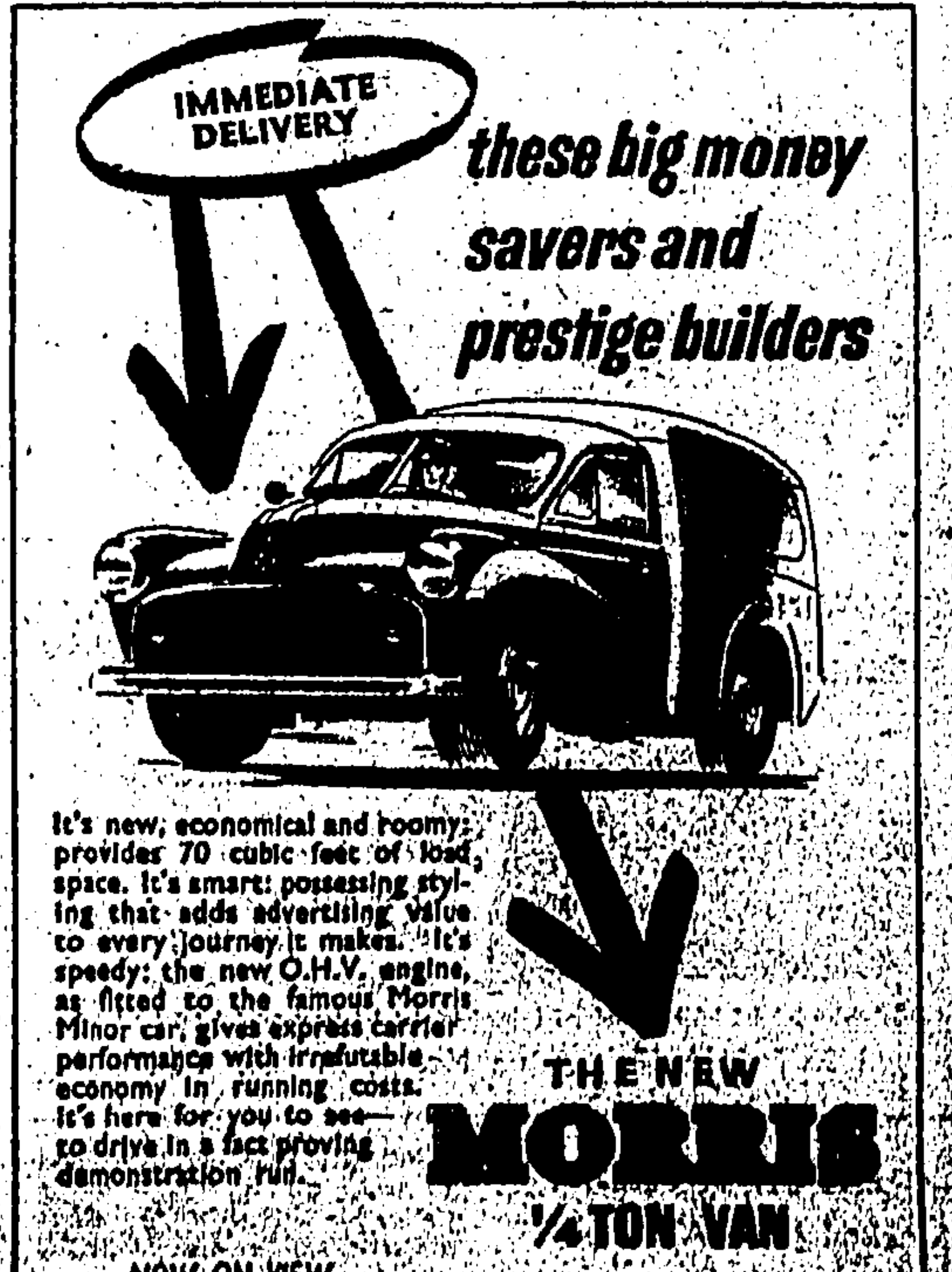
There are two birds of paradise with tails 25ft. long in blue, pink, and silver. The boxes are draped in blue and gold and silver with 3ft.-tall debutante's feathers in clusters of three.

Around each light is a wickerwork cage with enormous pink paper roses.

As the guests walk into the ballroom they will pass under arches of silver birch trees.

Mr Kenneth Hall, the West End caterer who is in charge of the catering, would not reveal last night what was being spent on the food.

But up to now The Party bill totals £10,000.



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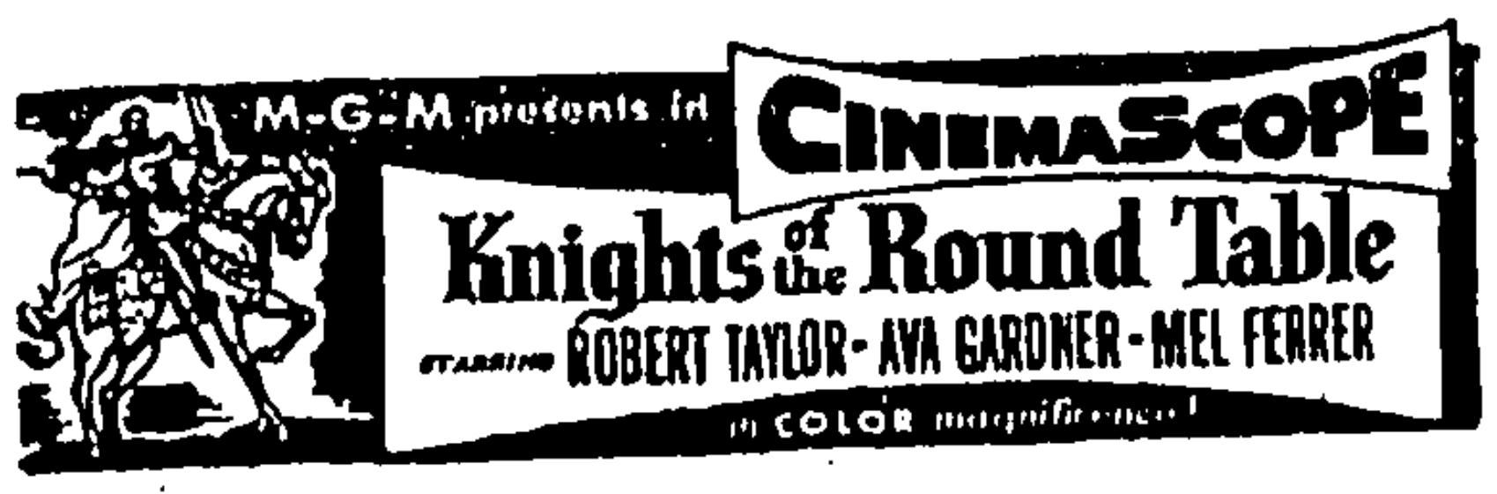
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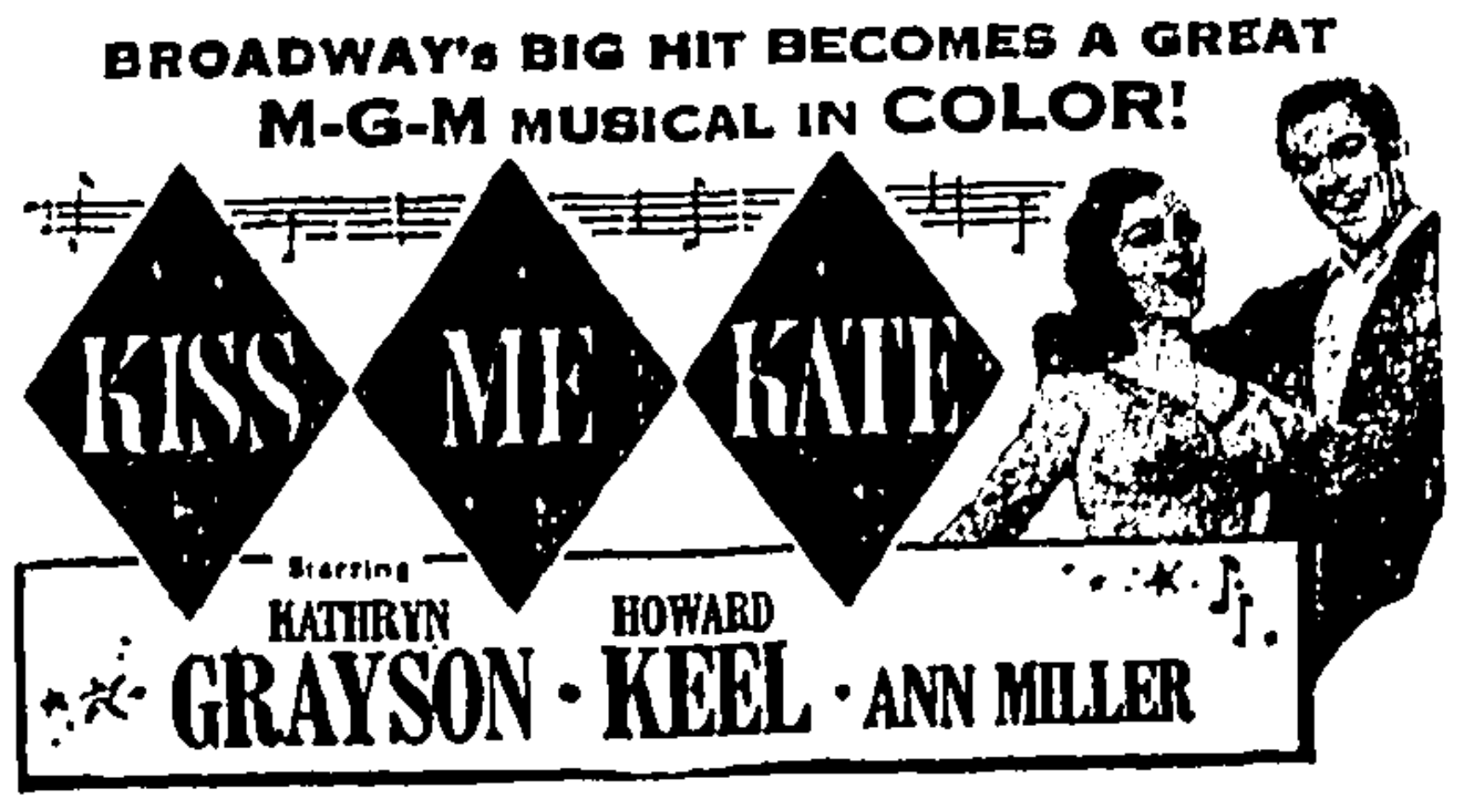
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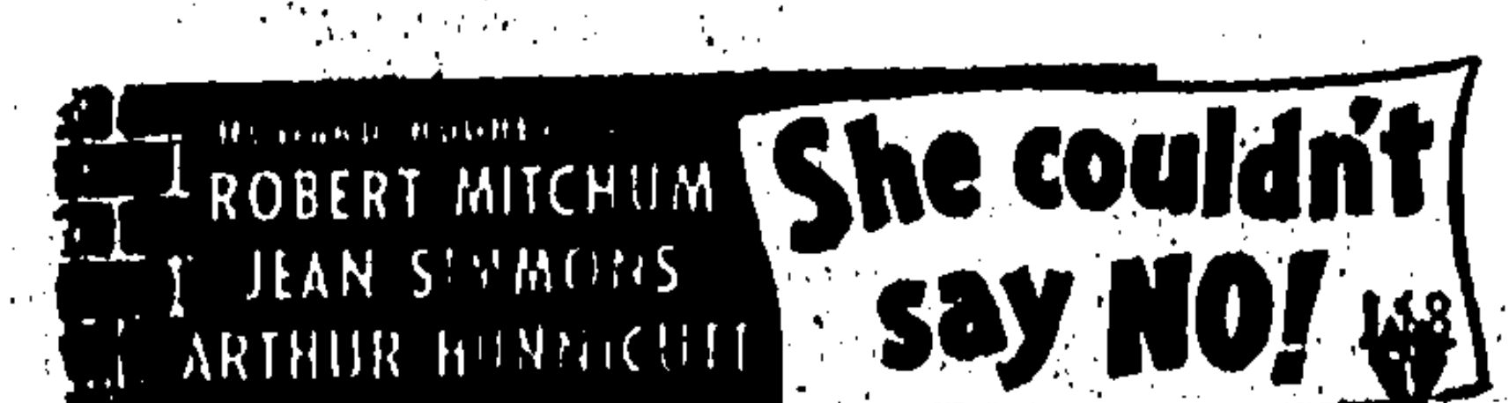

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MacARTHUR'S JAPAN

Western-Style Democracy Fading Away

ECONOMIC CRISIS AND NATIONALISM

United Press Staff Correspondent

Tokyo, July 19.

The "new Japan" which General Douglas MacArthur built with reforms and rhetoric is fading away.

The pressures of chronic economic crisis, reawakened nationalism and the cold war are combining to liquidate the grand dream of a healthy, Western-style democracy on the foundations of this ancient empire.

This is the growing consensus of foreign diplomats and other observers who have watched the trend of the past three years. Few Japanese on either side of the political fence challenge this assessment.

The old Conservative-business alliance and the new extreme left are emerging as the two dominant forces. The great middle class Liberalism that the Allied occupation sought to establish is eroding away as the Japanese choose sides.

The new signs of the times do not yet pose a threat to the firm alignment of Japan with the non-Communist world. Nor do American officials here yet share the fears of Japan's Asiatic neighbours that a new aggressive threat sparked by either the extreme right or left is being born in Tokyo.

ECONOMIC PREDICAMENT

But the hard facts of Japan's economic predicament and the widening split in domestic politics are too explosive to make any long-range predictions safe.

The "reform parties" — the left-Socialists, right - Socialists and others—have failed to find a common ground for merger short of outright pro-Communism. Meanwhile, the left-Socialists are cutting into the strength of the rightists and have absorbed the Communists.

This month, a man too extreme even for the left-Socialists was re-elected President of the Japan General Council of Labour Unions.

No significant middle-road political force has survived other than the major newspapers.

UPPER HAND

The Conservatives have the upper hand today. And they are moving fast to consolidate their hold by forging a single Conservative political party, drafting an almost completely new constitution to replace the MacArthur-written one, and relaxing the American-inspired economic reform laws.

They insist that all this will be done without undermining democracy or driving the masses into the arms of the leftists. All Government spokesmen say that Japan is firmly committed to the side of freedom and recognises that its hope for survival rests in the goodwill—and trade—of the free world.

The leadership of the new Conservative movement is in the hands of prominent politicians from the old days. They said Americans tried to stamp out all the characteristics of Tojo's Japan on the assumption that everything was bad. They want to change the characteristics of the "Made in America" Japan but not in foreign policy, these men say.

MAIN LINES

These are the main lines of the Conservative programme, now either in effect, drafted by policy and constitution-revision committees or proposed by leading candidates for the Premiership:

1. Rearmament, urged and supported by the United States and formally launched on July 1. Abolition of the idealistic "no war-no armament" article of the "MacArthur Constitution" is among the drafted revisions.

2. Restoration of the Emperor to the position of "head" rather than mere "symbol" of the State—a constitutional revision endorsed by many leaders of both the Liberal and Progressive parties.

3. Centralising of authority in Tokyo. Conservative planners want to make prefectural governors Tokyo - appointees. They say the American "states rights" concept, which sparked the local autonomy reforms, were not appropriate for a poor and small island nation.

4. Proposals now under advanced consideration in constitution-revision committee to make up to half of the House of Councillors, Upper House of the Diet, appointive rather than subject to popular election.

"OBLIGATIONS"

5. Addition of clauses on a subject's "obligations" along with his rights in the constitution. These would include the duty to defend the nation.

6. Further relaxation of anti-monopoly and anti-cartel laws imposed by the occupation.

7.—Restriction of political activities by labour unions, teachers, and Government workers.

One of the few occupation reforms likely to survive the axe is the agrarian land redistribution programme which made small capitalists out of Japan's 37,000,000 farmers. This was fought by the Conservatives when it was enforced, but now it is recognised as a bulwark against Communism in the rice-fields.—United Press.

Persian Oil Profit For First Year

Teheran, July 19.

Dr Ali Amini, Persian Finance Minister, said here tonight that Persia's minimum net profit from her oil industry in the first operating year under a proposed agreement with an international oil group would be $80,000,000.

Dr Amini, chief oil negotiator for Persia with the Consortium of eight companies formed to market Persian oil, announced last night that agreement in principle had been reached with the Consortium.—Reuter.

◆

U.S. THANKED FOR AIRLIFT

Washington, July 19.

The French Premier, M. Pierre Mendes-France, has expressed his country's gratitude to the United States for airlifting 500 wounded survivors of the Dien Bien Phu battle back to France.

In a message to Mr John Foster Dulles, American Secretary of State, he said that during their flight in American Globemasters, the wounded were given "devoted care and marks of friendship which will long live in their memories.—Reuter.

◆

BELGIAN E.D.C. DIVISIONS

Brussels, July 19.

The Belgian Defence Ministry said today that the number of Belgian divisions placed at the disposition of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) for 1954 and promised for 1955 remained unchanged and will be kept at an operational level.

The statement was made to counteract reports that Belgium would reduce her forces placed at the disposal of NATO, the Communique said. — France-Presse.

Mrs Lakshmi Pandit, sister of Indian Premier Jawaharlal Nehru and President of the United Nations General Assembly, had tea with Sir Winston and Lady Churchill at their Chartwell (Kent) home last week. Picture shows Mrs Pandit with Sir Winston in the gardens at Chartwell. — (Reuterphoto).

'Atomic Control Plans Now Out Of Date'

United Nations, July 19.

M. Jules Moch, Chairman of the French delegation to the United Nations Disarmament Commission, arrived here today aboard the French liner Liberte and told newsmen he believed that all atomic control plans were out of date.

"I think all the old plans are a little obsolete when you wait until a stock of A-bombs has been built up and easily camouflaged," he explained.

"It is difficult to control the past. The future may be easier but the longer we wait the less confidence we have in the old plans and that is true of all the old plans, not only the Baruch plans."

The UN Commission, composed of the 12 Security Council members, plus Canada, is scheduled to convene on Tuesday to study reports of the recent five-Power Sub-Committee meeting in London.

"MUST TRY"

The Sub-Committee members—the United States, Britain, France, Russia, and Canada—failed to make much progress on disarmament but M. Moch expressed modified optimism about possible eventual agreement between the West and Russia.

"We must at least try," the French official said. "We must not be responsible for a failure. International accord on atomic control would be the end of the Iron Curtain. The most important thing today is that nations have more confidence in each other."

WAIT ON GENEVA

While expressing the view that atomic control plans now under consideration are "obsolete," M. Moch did not specifically indicate what kind of a plan would be up to date and effective.

He said he felt that the threat of another world war was not as great today as in the past.

On Indo-China and the Geneva conference he said briefly:

"We shall see in a few days whether or not we have a true agreement. If we do, then the Geneva conference has been a success and if the truce is reached in Indo-China there will be an immediate lessening in international tension."—United Press.

◆

TUNISIANS ASK FOR EQUAL RIGHTS

Tunis, July 19.

The mayors of all the 34 French communities in Tunis today telegraphed the French Premier, M. Pierre Mendes-France, and the Minister for Moroccan and Tunisian Affairs, M. Christian Fouchet, their view that the Franco-Tunisian community should have equal rights in the conduct of the country's affairs.

The telegram stated that the mayors unanimously supported the two Senators representing the French community, M. Gabriel Puaux and M. Antoine Colonna. It insisted that without the political participation of the French settlers in Tunisia no agreement between the diverse population of the country, no social progress and no economic prosperity was possible.—France-Presse.

◆

'CHESS OLYMPICS'

Amsterdam, July 19.

Moves were underway today to get the International 1954 "Chess Olympics," with the Hamilton Russell Cup at stake, to Amsterdam, after Argentina, the original hosts of the tourney, said last week that they were unable to stage it.

If Amsterdam gets the nod, it is expected that over a score of countries will participate in the contest, including Russia and the United States.

The Dutch proposed to start the tourney on September 4.—United Press.

FREEMAN OF ST. PANCRAS

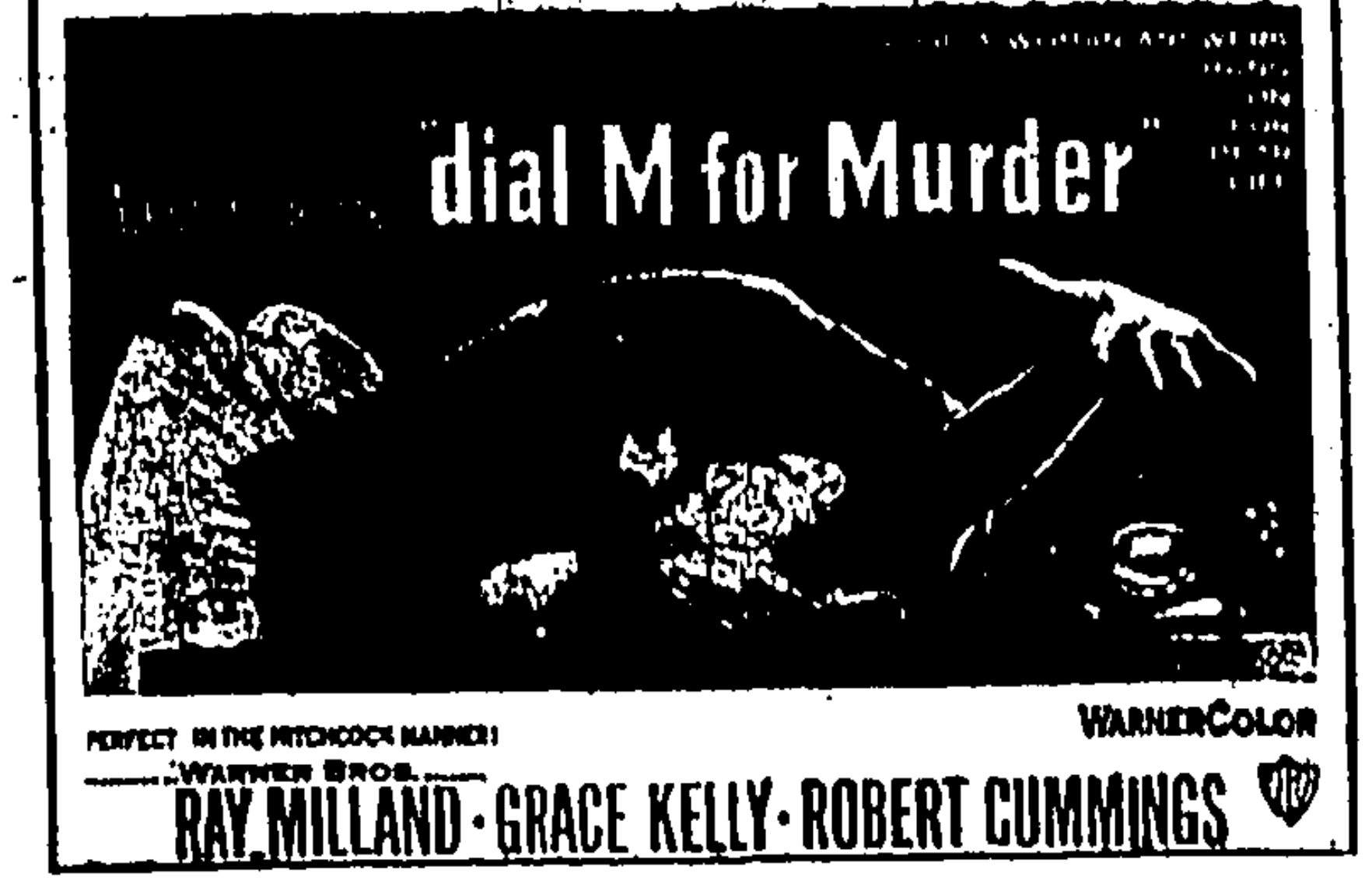
London, July 19.

Mr Krishna Menon, leader of the Indian delegation to the United Nations, is to be made a Freeman of the London borough of St Pancras.

Mr Menon was a Labour councillor in the borough from 1934 to 1947. He will be its second Freeman. The first was playwright George Bernard Shaw, who sat on the Council from 1897 to 1903.—China Mail Special.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

Special Times To-day: 2.30—5.15—7.30 & 9.40 p.m.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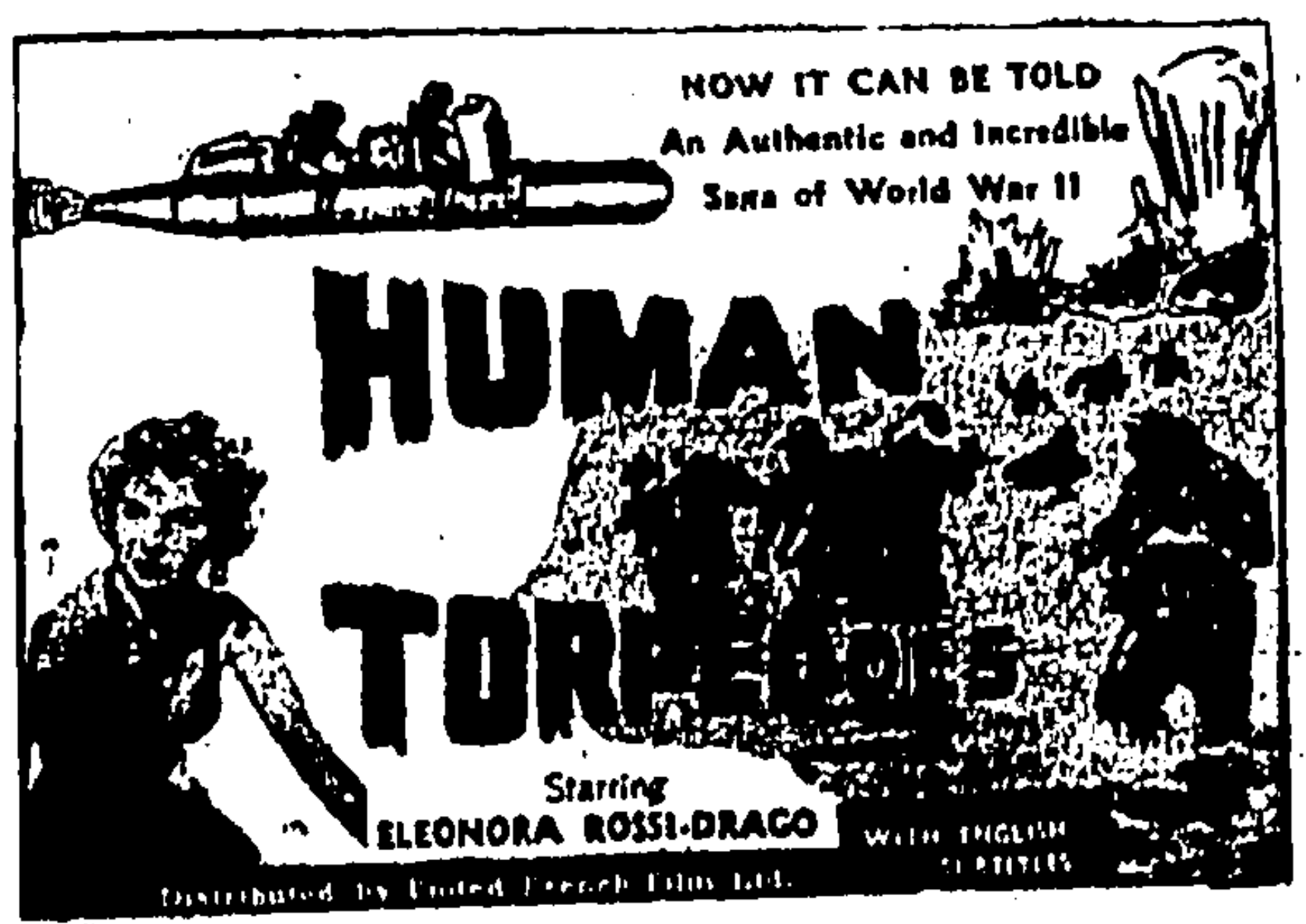
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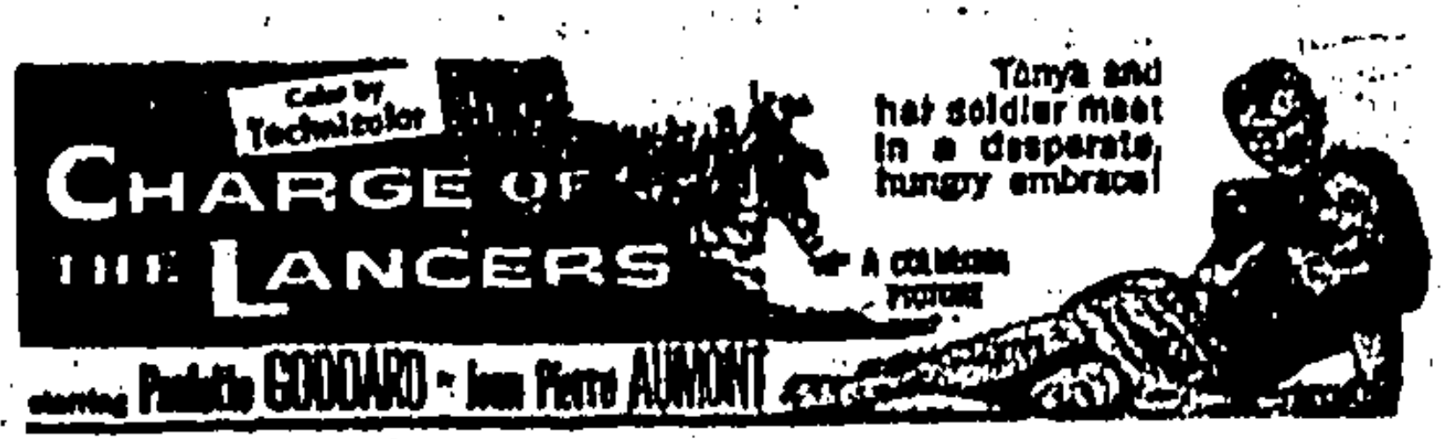
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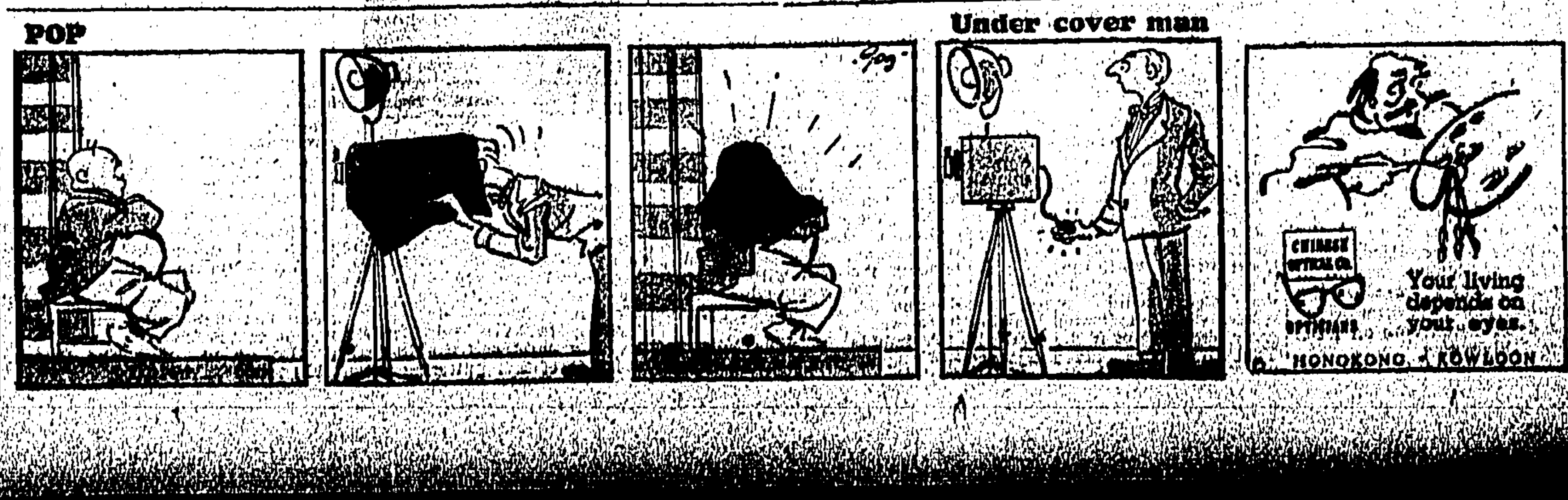


U.S. WITHDRAWS A-BOMBERS

Washington, July 19.

U.S. heavy planes capable of delivering the atomic bomb has been withdrawn from Japan because of purely technical reasons, American military sources said here today.

They refused to comment on the reports that pressure from the Japanese Government had led to the U.S. decision. The bombers have been moved to the Pacific islands of Guam and Okinawa.

The bombers of the B-29 and B-50 type will soon be replaced by ultra-modern B-47 Stratojets, these sources said.

Military men said the bombing capacity of the planes would not be reduced by the change of bases because of the great range of the bombers. However, it is pointed out that Guam and Okinawa are less vulnerable than Japan to enemy attack.

The same sources also argue that the Guam and Okinawa bases are more completely under American control than those in Japan. U.S. planes could be returned to Japanese bases in case of need, the same sources said.—France-Presse.

RUSSIAN TANKER

Another Protest To America

London, July 20.

The Soviet Government has again protested to the United States against the seizure of the Russian ship Tuapse off the coast of Formosa, the Soviet news agency, Tass, announced last night.

The Tuapse was seized by the Chinese Nationalists on June 23 and the Soviet Union claimed the United States was responsible.

The Soviet Union has protested twice to the Americans. The last protest was rejected by Washington on July 8.

The Tass message referred to the original protest made by the Soviet Government to the United States on June 24 and the American reply in which it was denied that American naval forces had taken part in the seizure.

On July 2 the Soviet Government had pointed out that the Tuapse had been seized in waters controlled by the United States Navy and patrolled by American aircraft and could therefore have only been seized by American naval forces whatever flag they were flying at the time.

The Soviet Government had therefore reiterated its protests against the continued detention of the ship, Tass said.—Reuter.

Jap War Criminals

PAROLE AFTER TEN YEARS OF THEIR TERM

Washington, July 19.

An easing of United States regulations, which enabled Japanese war criminals serving terms of more than 30 years to become eligible for parole after ten years of their term — five years sooner than heretofore — became effective on July 12 with the approval of President Eisenhower, it was disclosed today.

The new regulation came to light today as the result of a visit by Mr Sadao Iguchi, Japanese Ambassador, on the Deputy Under-Secretary of State, Mr Robert Murphy.

A Japanese Embassy spokesman said the Ambassador called to express the appreciation of the Japanese Government for easing the parole regulation.

The new regulation recommended by the Clemency and Parole Board for Japanese war criminals does not order the release of any prisoners but it creates a lesser term for parole eligibility.

The regulation does apply to lesser (Class B) war criminals convicted of conventional war crimes forbidden by the Geneva Convention. It also applies to Class C prisoners, convicted of such things as mass torture and other crimes not covered in the old Geneva convention.

Mr Conrad Snow, chairman of the War Criminals and Parole Board made up of representatives of the U.S. State, Justice and Defence Departments, said the Board made the recommendation to Mr Eisenhower and he accepted its findings. The Board was created on September 4, 1952.

OLD TERMS

Under the old terms a war criminal sentenced by a United States War Crimes Commission had to serve one-third of his sentence, or 15 years if sentenced to 45 years to life, before he could apply for parole. Now he becomes eligible in ten years—an easing of five years for the longer run terms.

The ruling does not apply to Class A war criminals — those convicted by the International War Crimes Tribunal of conspiring to wage war or planning aggression. A majority of the Governments represented on the Tribunal still must recommend the parole of prisoners in this classification and the Japanese Government also must agree to their release.

Mr Snow said the Board had approved the release of 141 "B" and "C" class war criminals since it began examining cases. There are 277 still imprisoned, mainly in Sugamo prison in Japan.

Of the 141, 16 were recommended for release on July 13 on the basis of the old regulations and were presumed to have been paroled by last weekend.—Reuter.

BALKANS TREATY

Athens, July 20.

Greece is having talks with Turkey and Yugoslavia to fix a new date for a conference of the Foreign Ministers of the three countries, according to diplomatic quarters here.

The date originally proposed was July 17, but Mr Fuat Koprulu, the Turkish Foreign Minister, was reported to have been unable to leave his country on that date.

Mr Stefan Stefanopoulos, the Greek Foreign Minister, said last night the conference had not been postponed because Turkey had never accepted the date of July 17.

It is believed here the conference will probably now be held about the middle of August. —Reuter.

◆

E. German Harvest Appeal

Berlin, July 19.

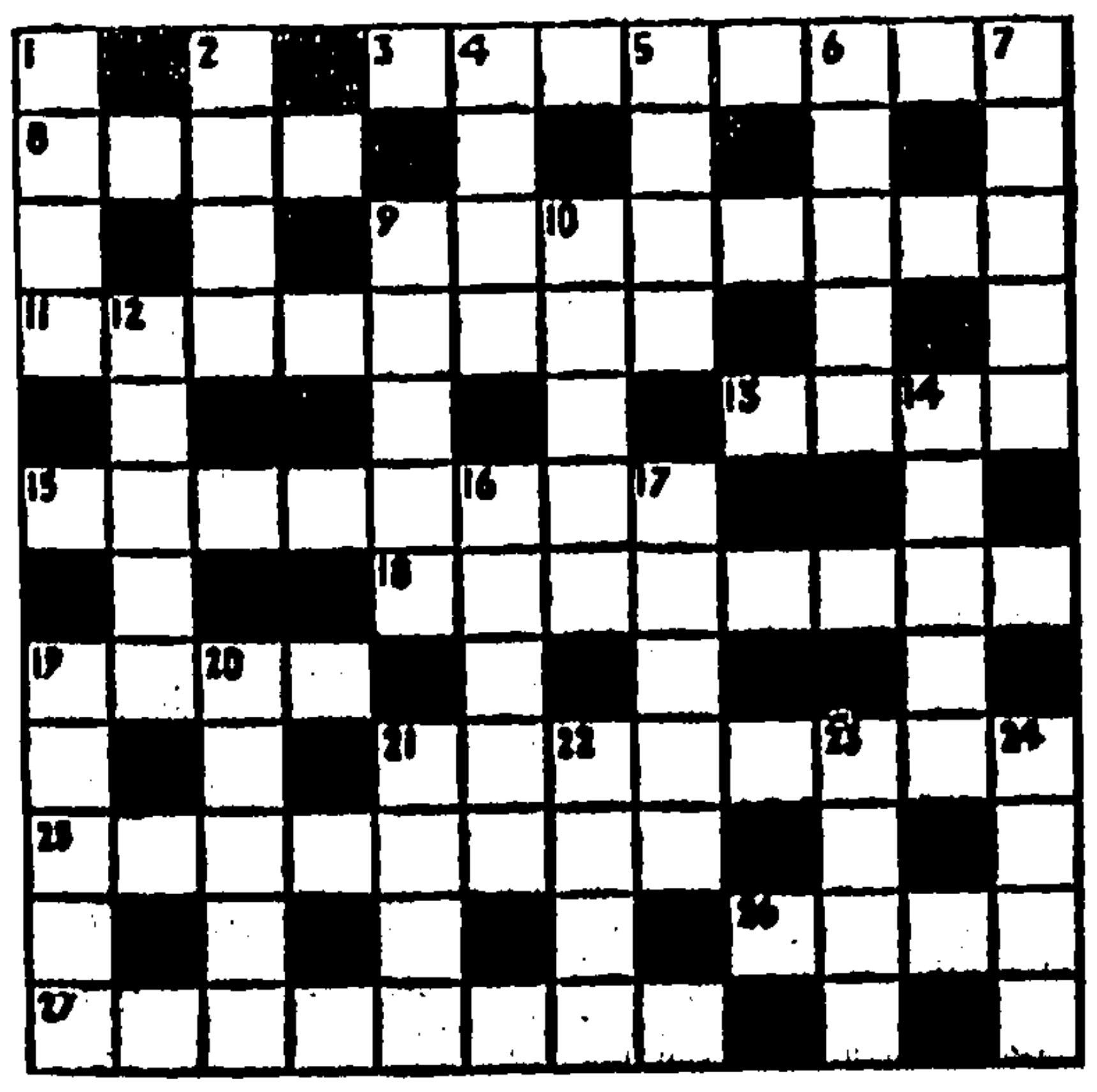
The East German Communist Government, in an urgent appeal, today called on all East Zone residents to get to farms and cooperatives and help harvest the crops.

At the same time, the Communists called for a speedy delivery of crops as a means to "strengthen the power of our state of workers and farmers and to secure peace."

The Communist appeal, broadcast by the East Zone Radio, came after last week's flood disaster and incessant rain falls are believed to have badly damaged parts of the East German grain, corn and potato crops.

"In spite of the difficulties caused by incessant rains we appeal to the entire working population in cities and on land to attend to the speedy collection of the harvest without losses," the Soviet Zone Government said. "The stepped-up harvesting of crops and the speedy delivery of the harvest to the State represents a patriotic action designed to strengthen the power of our state of workers and farmers and designed to secure peace."—United Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

3 Report (8).
8 Snare (4).
9 Subtracted (8).
11 Supplied (8).
13 Merriment (4).
15 Flower (8).
18 Gifted (8).
19 Cow-shed (4).
21 Blood feud (8).
25 Turns into cash (8).
26 Replete (4).
27 Storms (8).

DOWN

1 Cease (4).
2 Decoration on lower part of room-wall (4).
4 Accustomed (4).
5 Raucous (4).
6 Sum (5).
7 Jog with the elbow (5).
9 Small piece of turf (5).
10 Evil spirit (5).
12 Prepared (5).
14 Happening (5).
16 Ventures (5).
17 Goes in front (5).
19 Exploded (5).
20 Territory (5).
21 Wickedness (4).
22 Clover (4).
23 Accurate (4).
24 Confederate (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1 Critic: 4 Cured, 7 Separate, 8 Drive, 9 Export, 11 Esteems, 13 Prepare, 15 Tasted, 18 Scent, 19 Enlarged, 20 Sheen, 21 Denude. Down: 1 Caste, 2 Space, 3 Shutter, 4 Credit, 5 Rodent, 6 Deter, 10 Preserve, 12 Settled, 13 Poses, 14 Astern, 16 Siren, 17 Dodge.

The Withdrawals In Indo-China

A huge explosion on the road from Nam Dinh during demolitions halts a column during the evacuation of the town following the French High Command's decision to withdraw from the whole of the Southern Zone of the Red River delta in Indo-China.—Central Press Photo.

UNITED STATES NAVY WILL ASSIST VIETNAM EVACUATION

Washington, July 19.

The United States navy would be ready to help the French evacuate troops, civilians and equipment from northern Vietnam when an Indo-China armistice was reached at the Geneva conference, naval authorities said today.

It was learned that the Defence Department had already drawn up plans involving the use of a fleet of cargo ships in anticipation of a French request for assistance in an evacuation.

Naval authorities began working the plans when it became known that France was negotiating a settlement with the Communists which would partition Vietnam and leave the northern part under Communist control.

Under the reported French terms for a ceasefire, Hanoi would be held by the French Union forces for several months while military equipment and evacuees, both French and anti-Communist Vietnamese would be transferred to Halphong, on the eastern coast.

It has been estimated that about 1,000,000 tons of shipping would be required for the evacuation and that the process might take about a year under present conditions.

The French do not have such an amount of shipping available, and it is expected that once there is agreement on armistice terms, a formal request for United States aid would be made.

OF MAJOR IMPORTANCE

Military authorities here are particularly anxious to see that sufficient ships are available to remove the mass of weapons and supplies which have been given to the French Union forces in northern Vietnam and thus keep it out of Communist hands.

These supplies would be of major importance in building up the anti-Communist forces in the south.

In addition to the military equipment, the whole of the French expeditionary force in northern territory, thousand of French civilians and a great number of openly anti-Communist Vietnamese including native troops, would have to be brought out through the port of Haiphong.

CURRENT PLANNING

Current planning in Washington is naturally based on the prospect of agreement on a peaceful evacuation being reached at Geneva.

Over the past week, developments or lack of them have alternately created moods of optimism and pessimism over the peace prospects among officials here.

Reports from Geneva that the French and the Communist negotiators were now moving towards settlement of differences over the location of truce line in armistice control system and the timing of general elections in Vietnam after the armistice have served to lighten some of the pessimism although it is recognised that other hurdles need to be overcome before the Tuesday midnight deadline set by the French Premier, M. Pierre Mendes-France, for a ceasefire agreement.

PLEDGE GIVEN

Diplomatic quarters believed the pledge given yesterday at Geneva by the Under-Secretary of State, Mr Walter Bedell Smith, that the United States would not upset any Indo-China settlement by the threat or use of force had done much to improve the atmosphere.

The Communists had been demanding that the United States "guarantee" any settlement reached in the negotiations, but Mr Bedell Smith, with the backing of President Eisenhower and the Secretary of State, Mr Foster Dulles, had refused to sign any guarantee which would imply any recognition of the Communist conquest of northern Vietnam.—Reuter.

◆

Nine 'Love Slaves' Found In Monastery

Cuttack, Orissa State, July 20.

Dusky-skinned "love slaves" prostrated themselves before near naked Sadhus (holy men) for barbaric love rites in a monastery near here, it was disclosed last night.

Police interviewed nine girls found in the labyrinths of the monastery following a raid for four wanted criminals on Sunday when one policeman was killed and six seriously injured by enraged Sadhus armed with swords.

Police have so far refused to release details of lives of the "slaves" but reports told of primitive orgies performed in the belief that the only way to be cleansed of human desires and to attain piety was to achieve satiation in all things considered "evil."

Eerie notes on a curved trumpet set off the ceremony at sunset.

WINE FROM SKULLS

Behind the walls of the crumbling monastery on the outskirts of the capital city of Orissa State the Sadhus drank wine from human skulls as they prepared for the satiation ceremonies.

As the sun sank the Sadhus assembled round the courtyard throne of the 70-year-old high priest named Paglababa (madman in English).

They wore leopard and tiger skin loincloths and carried sharp pointed spears, broadswords, bows and arrows.

Then the "love slaves" appeared bowing low in front of Paglababa, who proclaimed himself their god and demanded full obedience.

Paglababa initiated the principal ceremonies in which all his "disciples" participated.

Police said the youngest "disciple" was a seven-year-old boy who shot at them with bows and arrows while the "Battle of the Monastery" was at its fiercest yesterday.—Reuter.

The Wrong Corpse

Capetown, July 19.

All arrangements were made for a funeral in Capetown and everything was ready except the corpse.

One of two elderly patients at a Capetown institution died. Both were named Prinsloo. The man who died was Mr P. Prinsloo. The other, Mr J. Prinsloo, was in excellent health.

The authorities informed the correct relatives of the death, but a well-meaning visitor, hearing of the death of a Mr Prinsloo, told the relatives of the other man.

The whole family mourned him. One relative flew down from Johannesburg for the funeral.

A firm of undertakers was asked to undertake the arrangements, and flowers from friends had begun to arrive before the mistake was discovered.—China Mail Special.

BOYS SNEER AT CHURCHILL

Vicar Attacks Socialists

Smethwick, Birmingham, July 19.

The 64-year-old Vicar of this parish attacks today in his parish magazine Socialists "who poison their children's minds" against Sir Winston Churchill.

The Vicar, the Reverend John Chamberlain, whose parish of 11,000 in this industrial area is dominantly Socialist, says boys on visits to his study have snorted with contempt at a picture of the Prime Minister.

Boys aged 13, 11 and 10 have looked as "they would like to spit on it," he says.

The Vicar says not one of the boys knows anything about Sir Winston except what he has heard from or been told by his elders.

"Did these people want to spit on "Winnie" when the bombs were falling when Dunkirk was being evacuated when they listened to his courageous messages over the wireless in our darkest period from 1940 to 1945?" he asked.

GOD-GIVEN LOVE

The Vicar said it is a sin to destroy the natural God-given love there is in every child's heart for what is unselfish and leave in its place suspicion and class hatred.

Yesterday, he said,: "When the boys snorted at that picture, I went hot under the collar.

"I have seen the effect on children of a Socialist environment. Almost the first word a child says is not 'mum' or 'dad' but 'labour'.

"Growing boys should be brought up with an English spirit and should look upon Sir Winston as John Bull or as the British bulldog—quite apart from politics."—China Mail Special.

Against skin disease and itching
Mitigal

More Responsibility For South Africa In Middle East

Washington, July 19.

United States officials said today that the responsibilities of South Africa as regards Middle East defence are likely to be greater when an Anglo-Egyptian agreement is reached on the Suez Canal Zone.

They pointed out that the Defence Department is resigned to the fact that part of Britain's garrison in the Suez Canal Zone will be sent back to Britain to form a strategic reserve and it is not possible to increase to any great extent the British forces on Cyprus and at Libyan bases.

The officials also said that it will probably prove sound military strategy for future warfare if large concentrations of troops are not garrisoned any more in the Suez Canal Zone, as atomic weapons could create havoc there.

However, they said, the dispersion of the large British garrison in the Suez Canal Zone to other areas means that extra efforts must be made to insure that Allied forces can be rushed at once to the Middle East in the event of aggression.

RUSH TROOPS

They said it is in the event of such an emergency that South Africa would be expected to fill a vital role by rushing air and ground forces to the danger area in record time.

They pointed out that Australia and New Zealand are increasingly committed in the Far East as the result of Communist aggression in Indo-China and it is doubtful what contribution they could send to the Middle East in the event of aggression.

They said this is another reason why South African reinforcements in the event of aggression would be of such vital value in the Middle East and, consequently, their preparedness at a high level would seem increasingly essential.

MINISTER'S VISITS

They remarked that the South African Defence Minister has made two visits here since World War II, but he has not been here recently.

They recalled the excellent impression he made on previous visits and pointed out that South African awareness of the new strategic situation in the Middle East that would be created by a Suez Canal agreement would be welcomed here.—United Press.

◆

Athens, July 20.

Foreign Minister Stephen Stephanopoulos said last night a Greek delegation negotiating in Paris for $45 million reparations claimed from Communist Bulgaria, had been instructed to return home shortly.

The Bulgarians had refused to recognise the reparations due, he said.—Reuter.

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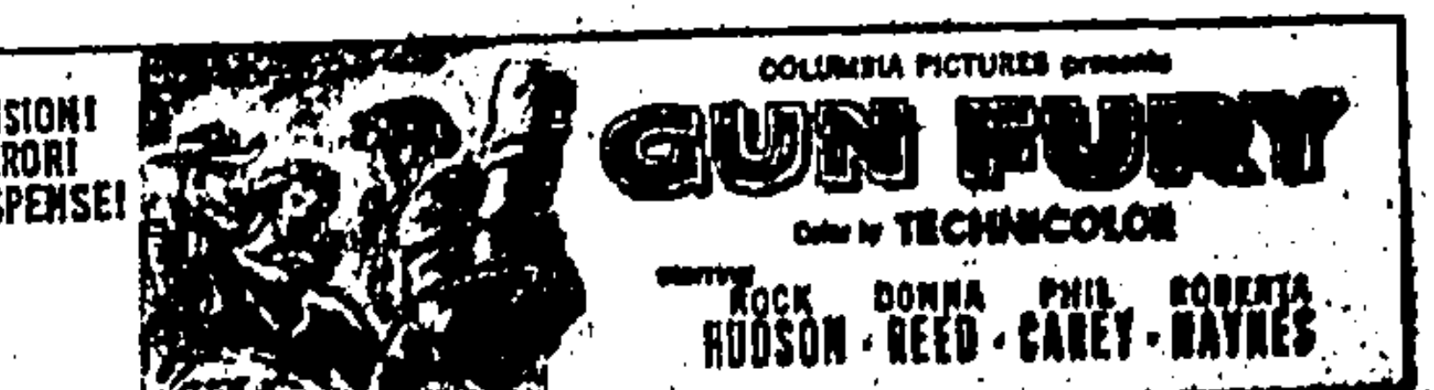
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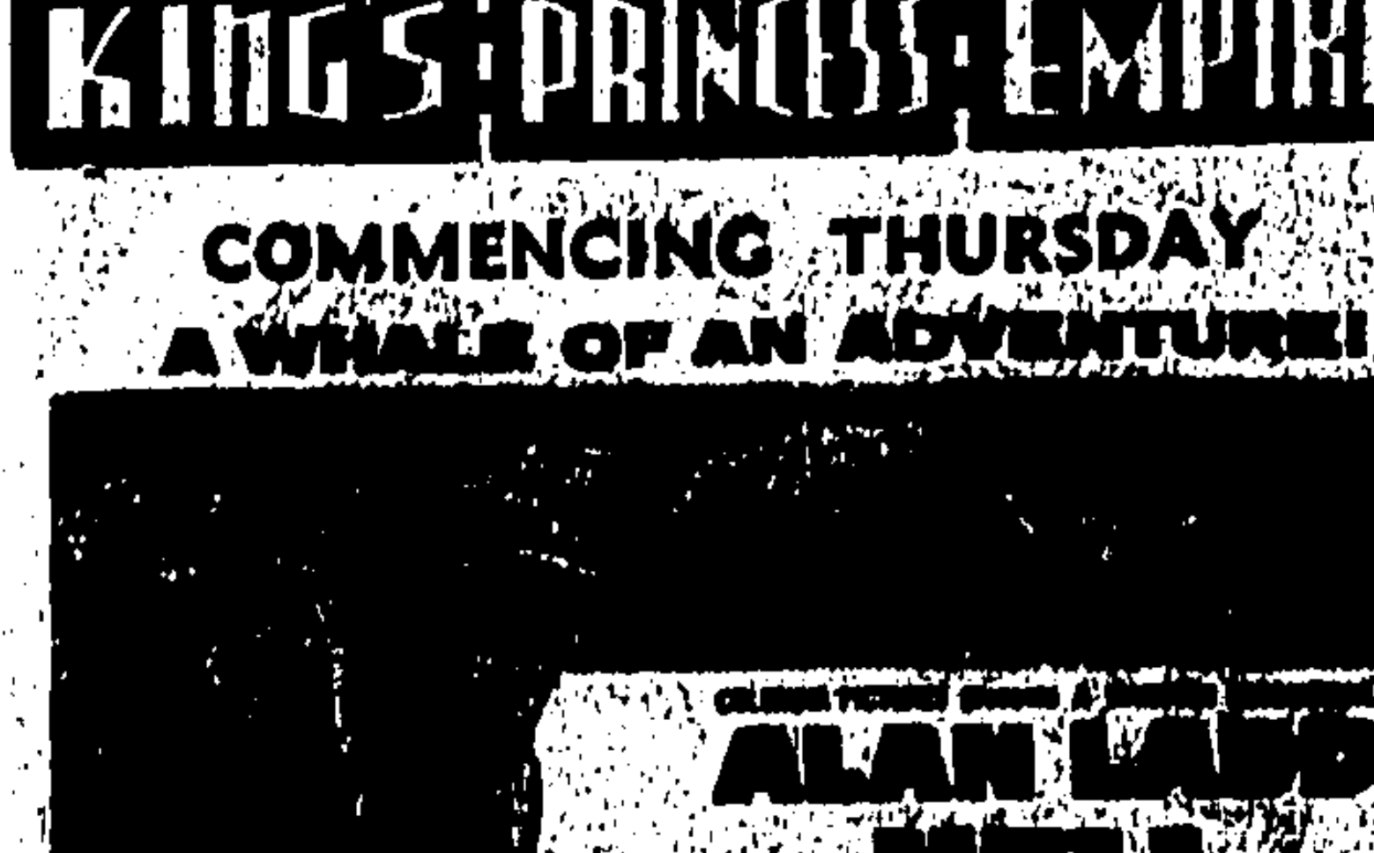
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FLYING into DANGER . . . Third day of BILL WATERTON's story of the life of a test pilot in search of SPEED

WE HAD TO FLY FASTER!

HOW do you become a test pilot? In my case someone must have had his eye upon me—as the owner of a potential Derby winner looks around for the experienced jockey who can ride his horse to victory.

For Britain, in 1946, had a race on her hands in the air and the stake was vital.

We held the world air speed record at 606 miles an hour. This was 125 miles an hour ahead of the previous German record (made by a Messerschmitt).

It looked like a large lead—but not if you knew what was happening in the American aircraft industry.

They were after the world air speed record too. They knew its value (as, indeed, we did) for national prestige and foreign sales.

Until now they had lagged behind the British in high-speed jet aircraft. But they were coming up fast.

We heard that they were pouring money into the development of new planes and skimming the cream off the American Air Force to get the talented pilots they needed.

First!

FOR this was a new kind of flying—and the men who could handle the complicated planes of the postwar flying era were not then to be found in every cockpit.

So the word went through the R.A.F. and every aircraft boardroom in the kingdom: "Don't let the Americans take it away from us."

We knew that the Americans could fly faster than 606 miles an hour. But how much faster?

Our information was that they could put it up to about 615 miles an hour and, since the international regulations decreed that a new record must be at least one percent better than the old, this was enough to give them the trophy, with the sales prestige that went with it.

We knew we could fly faster than that. We had a magnificent new plane with wonderful engines. We knew we could fly at something like 621 miles an hour. It would be the world record if we did it right away. But if the Americans flew at 615 miles an hour meanwhile, we would not have enough margin to establish an official record, and the trophy would be theirs.

So it was a question of getting the right plane ready and finding the right pilots to take it into the air, before the Americans made their bid.

Our job

THE R.A.F. formed its famous High Speed Flight with Group Captain E. M. Donaldson as commanding officer and Neville Duke and myself pilots.

Our job was to set a new record the Americans could not beat.

Donaldson was a well-known fighter pilot with a fine record. Neville Duke had a magnificent war record—and came from the R.A.F.'s Test Pilot School.

As for me, I had previously been with the R.A.F.'s Central Fighter Establishment. I was officer in charge of flying at the Air Fighting Development Squadron—where we flew other nations' aircraft besides our own, trying them out against our own planes.

We did the job for which we had been recruited. Donaldson, Duke, and I were each given a Meteor IV.

Towards the end of 1946 we pushed the record beyond the reach of the Americans. Donaldson flew at 616 miles an hour. I did 614. Duke reached 613 miles an hour.

In Paris

WHEN the High Speed Flight was disbanded, I returned to my unit in the R.A.F. Since I was a prewar short-service officer (and the R.A.F. had not yet offered me a permanent commission—they did later when it was too late) I started to consider the offers I was getting from private aircraft firms.

One of them came from the Gloster Aircraft Company, makers of the Meteor.

I did not want to leave the R.A.F., but you have to eat. And of course I knew the Meteor—and knew the potentialities of this plane.

Since I came directly from Fighter Command I realised what the fighter pilots wanted. I might well be able to help Glosters in providing it.

One of my first jobs as a test pilot with Glosters was to take the Meteor with which Donaldson broke the world speed record (EE549) to the first postwar international air exhibition in Paris.

The British had a big success there. The French wanted to see what the Meteor could do. So when the exhibition was over, one of their officials asked me to "beat up" the city. I looked at him with astonishment—but it was official.

Exhilarating

I TOOK the Meteor up and gave them what they had asked for. I went up and down the Champs-Elysees at lower-than-rooftop level.

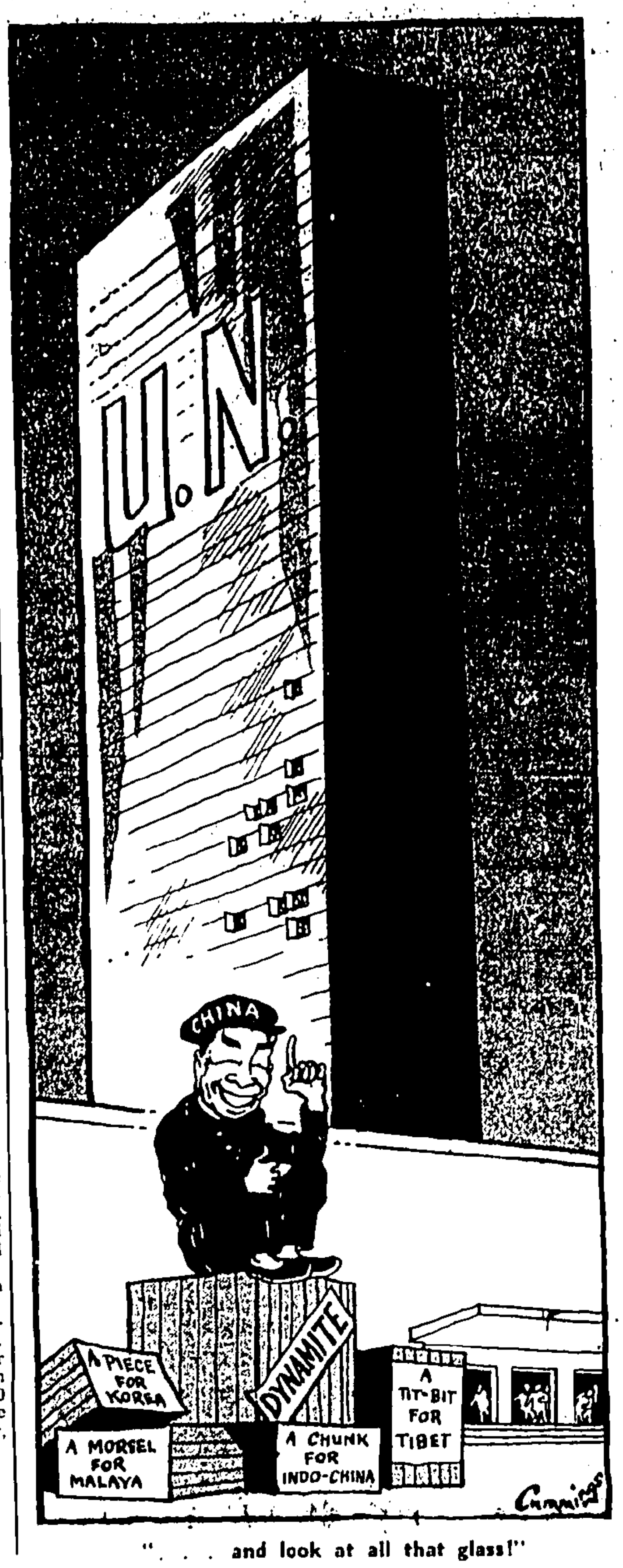
I flew right side up and upside down. I had to pull the stick back to get over the Arc de Triomphe.

I gyrated so tightly round the lower spars of the Eiffel Tower—looking up at the people watching me from the observation platforms—that they might well have imagined that I did not see the guy-wires attached to it. I saw them all right.

If I had done it over London I would have gone to gaol.

There was an even more exhilarating experience to come. I took off a few days later for home. I did the journey from Le Bourget to Croydon in 20 minutes, bringing back with me another record for the Meteor, and for Britain.

TOMORROW: I 'beat up' a Flying Fortress



". . . and look at all that glass!"

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THE 'Y' PALACE GOES UP

It's for UNO bureaucrats

PARIS newsletter

by

WILLIAM ROLAND

WITH but one squeak of protest the grandiose scheme for the new Paris headquarters of UNESCO rumbles onwards to its fulfilment. Pickaxes are hacking at an old barracks near the historic Ecole Militaire, southwest of Paris, and on that site next September yet another sumptuous palace of bureaucracy will begin to rise.

It will be built in the shape of the letter "Y."

A model of the £2,000,000 building

In two years, all being well, a staff of 800, earning from £25 to £800 a month, will gather up their files and rubber stamps in the Hotel Majestic, near the Etoile, and settle down cosily in their new home. UNESCO's new palace is to cost £2,000,000.

RENT £50 A DAY

THE French Government have lent the whole of the money repayable without interest for 30 years and they are charging only £1 a year ground rent.

This is not complete altruism because the Government expects the country to benefit in the long run from the influx of foreign officials with money to spend.

The Majestic, once one of the luxury caravanserais of Paris, was requisitioned in 1939 and later became German military headquarters. Stulpnagel, the German military governor, was arrested there by the Free French. It now belongs to the City of Paris and one day perhaps it may become a hotel again.

UNESCO now pay £1,500 a month in rent.

There were no objections to the new building on the ground either of cost or expediency. But an advisory body called the Sites Committee think the design is not in harmony with the architectural surroundings of the district and that the wrong site was chosen.

Note.—Britain's share of the UNESCO budget in 1954 was 11 percent—about £370,000.

REST IN THE ALPS

TWENTY-FIVE - YEAR - OLD James Ortiz-Patino, member of the wealthy Bolivian tin family, is petitioning for a divorce from his 23-year-old wife, Joanne. They were married on April 22 this year and after only 49 days of married life Mrs Ortiz-Patino disappeared from a nursing home in Rome where she was under treatment for excessive use of sleeping tablets. The other day she arrived in Frankfort by air from London.

Fair - haired, brown - eyed Joanne was the former wife of ex-British amateur golf champion Robert Sweeny.

Ortiz-Patino has taken the first step in the divorce—a petition to the president of the Paris civil court who has signed an order to proceed. The grounds include desertion.

Next the judge will consider a possible reconciliation, and make a further order if this is not achieved.

If Mrs Ortiz-Patino does not contest the petition, the last stage will be a judgment by default some time in November. This would be binding throughout the world. Mr [illegible] Gordon, Mr Ortiz-Patino's British solicitor, flew back from Paris after consultations with Comte Rene de Chambrun who acts for him in France. The other night all three dined together at Maxims.

Mr Ortiz-Patino told friends in Paris: "I am off for a long rest, probably in the Alps." He wears a black tie.

NO RAVES

SUGAR RAY ROBINSON'S huge crushed-strawberry coloured Cadillac causes a sensation among Paris street crowds, but so far there is no rush by cash customers to see the former boxer's dancing at the Alhambra music hall. It is not exactly a flop, but there has been no rave notice.

During rehearsals for the act scouts were out looking for a flat and the Robinson menage moved into one near the Trocadero.

There will live Robinson and his wife, their four-year-old son, Mrs Robinson's mother, a valet and a secretary. The non-resident population will consist of George Gainford, Robinson's manager, a musical director and Ray's comedy foil.

The entourage has indeed shrunk from the boxing days, when they numbered perhaps 30. The valet now has to do the barbering. Ray sometimes even combs his hair himself.

His wife Edna May, who does all his cooking, says: "Everything has been pruned down, including the takings. But I like it better this way. There were too many to feed day and night before."

These may be the GREAT FINANCIERS OF TOMORROW

By
ALEXANDER THOMSON

London.

SHY is the word for most of our financiers and business men. Unlike MPs, film stars, TV personalities and other public performers, they get on with their jobs and don't make much fuss.

So when you start looking around for the Young Men of today who may become the Big Men of tomorrow you are about as sure of picking winners as are punters in the Grand National.

After all, when a young Harold Drayton, who first came to the City as a 19s. 8d.-a-week office boy, began to get on a bit he didn't make a song and dance about it.

Yet he is now one of its most powerful figures. He controls an investment network reckoned to be worth more than £100 million.

When an eager Leonard Lord was made Lord Nuffield's right-hand man at 36 he sought no public attention either. And certainly he received none.

Today he is the biggest man in the motor industry. He bosses both the Morris and Austin organisations. He is "king" of a £76 million "castle" in cars.

Stepping out

TUCKED away in factories and offices there must be other Harold Draytons and Sir Leonard Lords of the future.

They will be keeping their hopes and ambitions to themselves as they strive to get to the top.

But there are young men of 40, or under, who are already stepping well out in front. You can spot them now as you look around and wonder.

In the motor industry there's **ALICK DICK.** At 38 he is Britain's youngest car chief. He is managing director of Standard Motors, turning out 630 cars and tractors a day.

I first met Dick, tall, dark and handsome, on a Motor Show stand seven years ago. I noted his restless energy, his keen sense of fun.

The same restlessness is still there. But his voice has a more serious note in it now. For when Sir John Black, architect of the Standard business, had to quit after his car crash last year, a sudden load was thrown on Alick Dick.

Sir John was managing director of the company. Dick has taken over.

He is married and has three sons. He farms 50 acres at Hill Wootton, near Leamington; is keen on all sports.

This is undoubtedly his big opportunity. Now Standard and Rover are planning a £25 million link-up. So the horizon widens for Alick Dick.

In 10 years he could be the Big Name in the motor industry.

Famous name

IN finance I nominate 37-year-old **KENNETH KEITH.** He works for a £5,000,000 City banking and investment group.

It carries a famous name—of Philip Hill, the financier of between the wars. And Keith is the day-to-day boss now.

He is a tall and immaculate man, bubbling with humour. Meet him casually at a party, and you would never imagine high finance was his line. But Kenneth Keith has a part in many of the deals that go through in the City. He plans quite a few of them.

One of his biggest was buying the Fifty Shilling tailoring business for £4,500,000 last year.

Now it belongs to a stores combine that takes in the Richards dress shops and Arding and Hobbs of Clapham.

In 10 years you may be hearing as much of Kenneth Keith as you hear about men like Harold Drayton now.

A chubby young man of 31, whose name is **EDWARD RAYNE,** also deserves a place in the Forty Club. He runs the H. and M. Rayne shoe business. His jobs include making shoes for the Queen and Princess Margaret. And on my reckoning he is Britain's youngest company chief.

Elegance is young Rayne's stock in trade—and background. With his wife and nine-month-old son, he lives in Park Lane. The family car is a black Bentley.

But he is a craftsman, too. There are 200 processes in putting line and glamour into women's shoes. He can do them all.

Since taking over the family firm, Rayne has expanded it eagerly. Eighteen months ago it had a capital of £150,000. Then he bought the Randall chain of shoe shops in a "take-over" deal. He paid £670,000 for them.

Now he is busy on a plan to merge with the Lotus and Delta business. It will be a £4,800,000 tie-up. I believe we shall hear more of the chubby Mr Rayne.

In ten years—who knows?—his could be the top name in selling shoes.

Hobby horse

I EXPECT to hear a lot more, too, of **STANLEY FIELD,** a lively 40-year-old, who was a successful stockbroker until a few months ago. He has quit stockbroking to be managing director of a £2,700,000 firm making "Prestige" pressure cookers and other bits of kitchen equipment.

In his new job he runs four factories with a pay roll of 1,800. Already he is planning a big expansion which will mean 600 more jobs to fill.

He has quickly developed a hobby horse: To get people to talk of "houseware" instead of hardware. "That's such an ugly word," he says, "and it suggests drudgery in the kitchen."

Field is a powerfully-built man who speaks in a gentle, unhurried voice. To him business is "much more worthwhile" than being a stockbroker.

With his wife, Doreen, he lives in Chislehurst. "She is my most critical 'guinea-pig'," he will tell you.

In ten years Stanley Field could have a footing in every woman's kitchen.

In the garage . . .

KITCHENS and what goes in them are the inspiration for another of industry's successful youngsters, **KENNETH WOOD,** who is 37. With £800 and a head full of ideas, he began making electric mixers in a rented premises next to a Woking fish shop.

That was only seven years ago. Today he has 400 working for him. This year he hopes his turnover will top £1,000,000 for the first time.

Kenneth Wood lives modestly in a modern villa at Chobham, Surrey. But in the garage there is a sleek Bentley now.

He has a passion for taking things to bits to see how they work. At week-ends he still likes to do so in his own kitchen while the children—two boys and a girl—look on.

His latest machines do many jobs. They peel potatoes and shred vegetables, as well as doing the kitchen mixing. They sell in many lands, including America and Canada.

And now this young man prepares to add to his success story. He is going in for electric irons that will damp clothes as you iron them.

Is he just having beginner's luck? His biggest rivals admit they are watching closely all he does. Which is praise, indeed.

In 10 years he could be the man ambitious young men will think about at the start of their business careers.

These are among the young men whom the future beckons. They may not be the lions of tomorrow. But they win the high hopes of today.

The robot learns to 'parlez-vous' for all

LA PLUME DE MA TANTE...

The
CHAPMAN PINCHER
COLUMN

WORK on a robot brain which will "understand" several foreign languages when it hears them spoken, and will immediately translate them into English, has begun at a London University laboratory.

The foreign language will be spoken into a microphone at one end of the machine and the translation will be tapped out by an automatic typewriter at the other.

Dr Andrew Booth, of Birkbeck College, Bloomsbury, who first thought up the idea of robot translators, plans to pack the brain's memory with mathematical codes representing the contents of several foreign dictionaries.

He has already built a brain which can remember 6,000 words—far more than are used by the average Englishman.

[According to Dr Booth the total vocabulary of the average Englishman is 2,000 words.

In an ordinary day most of us get by, he says, with about 500 words.]

The robot will have to rack its memory for the counterpart of every word it hears, but the process will be so rapid that it will seem no more hesitant than a fluent human linguist.

Dr Booth does not expect that the brain will be strong on grammar at first, but he believes that within 10 years it may be possible for a robot to translate the German of Goethe into the English of Wordsworth.

TIME TO STIR

★ IT IS falling temperature, not damp or falling light, which brings slugs out to feed on your flower-beds in the evening, a woman scientist has discovered.

A slug sleeping under a damp stone is already so wet that it cannot detect any change in the air's humidity, but it is extremely sensitive to changes in temperature.

After months of patient slug-watching at Cambridge University, Barbara [illegible] found that when the air temperature is below 70 degrees Fahrenheit any further fall wakes up the slugs and brings them out on the prowl.

PEPPERY LOOK

★ **THE TRADITIONAL** red face of the peppery ex-Indian Army colonel was probably more often due to eating curry than to drinking Scotch.

Tests have shown that chillies, the dried red fruits included in good curry powders, redden the face and engorge the veins of the temples.

The body reacts so strongly to a mouthful of chillies that even the whites of the eyes go red, **Dr T. S. Lee** reports.

ON THE GO

★ **THE SWIFTS** screaming round Britain's steeples are probably the world's most energetic creatures, according to **Dr David Lack** and his wife **Elisabeth,** who have been doing a dawn-to-dusk watch on the swift's behaviour.

On a fine day a pair of swifts may collect more than 20,000 insects—all snapped up separately on the wing—to feed their greedy youngsters.

LOBSTERS CHEAP-O!

★ **AN "IRON LUNG"** for lobsters has been built by Aberdeen scientists to measure the exact oxygen needs of lobsters in captivity.

Lobsters caught in summer fetch poor prices. So the thrifty Scots are devising ways of storing summer-caught lobsters alive until they can sell on the more profitable winter markets.

POCKET CARTOON
by OSBERT LANCASTER

"Don't worry, Sir Alistair, I'm sure the standard'll improve a lot after the Russians have [illegible]

EDITORS PRESS SERVICE INC.—NUEVA YORK
MARTE 1086

"Will you people kindly send me a paper hanger who's sober?"

• BY • THE • WAY •

by Beachcomber

FOULENOUGH'S game of calling people by the wrong names has made life rather complicated and trebled the aliases.

"I begin to wonder who I really am," he said to himself. "I go to a party as General Sir George Prapp, am called Admiral Crow, Scoutmaster Tarrant, the Rev. B.S. Corkscrew, and so on, and I leave the party as Viscount Thump. Yet I'm Colonel Stephen Huff in the hotel register, and Gilbert Knowles-Carew on my passport. Only to Vita Brevis am I myself."

Musing thus, the bottle-scarred veteran, dressed as a workman, made his escape by the staff entrance of the Hotel Majestic Palace, and nonchalantly lit a cigarette with an unpaid bill for 14,000 francs. "Life has its up and downs," he muttered as he stole into a bathing cabin, carrying a suitcase. Presently he emerged in flannels and an M.C.C. tie, and dived like a guillemot into the nearest bar.

Solo for fifty

THE report of a musical version of a Shakespeare play says that one of the characters "by the sorcery of modern electronics, sang a duet with himself." A slight development of this kind of sorcery ought to enable the singer to do the entire chorus of fifty. What is gained musically might be lost visually, but progress must not be sneered at. An oratorio sung by one performer would cut down the overheads, as they say, and release a heap of singers for export.

Whispered colloquy

She gives an impression of thistledown, so light and effortless is her dancing.

(Critic of ballet.)

SO thinks the audience. But her partner, as he catches her, gives a grunt. "Steady!" he whispers. "Steady yourself," says she. "Get your elbow out of my eye." "Get it out yourself." "It's like lugging about a sack of potatoes." "Mind how you put me down." "For two pins I'd fling you into the orchestra pit." "Just try it. I'd drag you with me." And so on through many a *volte-face, pas-de-calais, saut-de-loup*, and so on.

Bouncing to safety

DR STRABISMUS (Whom God Preserve) of Utrecht has been experimenting with all-rubber suits for pedestrians. A man wearing one of these, on coming into collision with a car, bounced on to the roof of a neighbouring factory and had to be rescued by firemen. An all-rubber car and an all-rubber pedestrian, meeting head-on, came to rest after mutual bouncing, the one in a refuse-pit, the other on the telegraph wires. A lorry bounced so high after knocking into an archway that the driver had to be shot down to prevent him from starving to death.

YOUR BIRTHDAY ... By STELLA

TUESDAY, JULY 20

BORN today, you have a fine mind. It is up to you to make good use of it! Just as muscles get out of tone when not used so the mind becomes dull if you do not keep it sharp.

There is, perhaps, a touch of ennui in your nature—your enemies may call it laziness—but it is actually a state caused by too much activity and the reaction which eventually sets in. A good lesson for you to learn is to equalise your efforts so that you work at a steady pace, rather than by fits and starts.

Your honour and integrity are above reproach and you can be entrusted with confidential matters. You have an artistic nature as well as the temperament which goes with it. Fond of books, you also have literary talent.

You probably have what amounts to inventive genius—when you use this gift. Even if some of your closest associates consider you a variant, pay no attention. It is this very trait which may ultimately bring you success and fame. In time, your innovations are apt to become the normal order of the day.

Among those born on this date were: Sir Clements Markham, noted geographer; Guglielmo Marconi, wireless inventor; Augustin Daly, theatrical producer; and Count Hermann Keyserling, philosopher-author.

To find what the stars have in store for you tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—New friends, made at this time, can bring considerable pleasure.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Spend the early evening hours outdoors—working in your garden if you have one.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Above all else, right now, avoid monotony. You need new interests to keep your ambitions soaring.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—Be conservative in your outdoor activities. Guard against overdoing things. Your health is very important.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—If you are among the fortunate ones who are having an annual vacation just now, enjoy yourself thoroughly.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—This is a fine time for bargains, so if you need to stock up on vacation clothes, do so now.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—Some really worthwhile activities in your neighbourhood can bring benefit to others, pleasure to yourself.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Even if something appears to be a wonderful new opportunity, examine all angles before accepting.

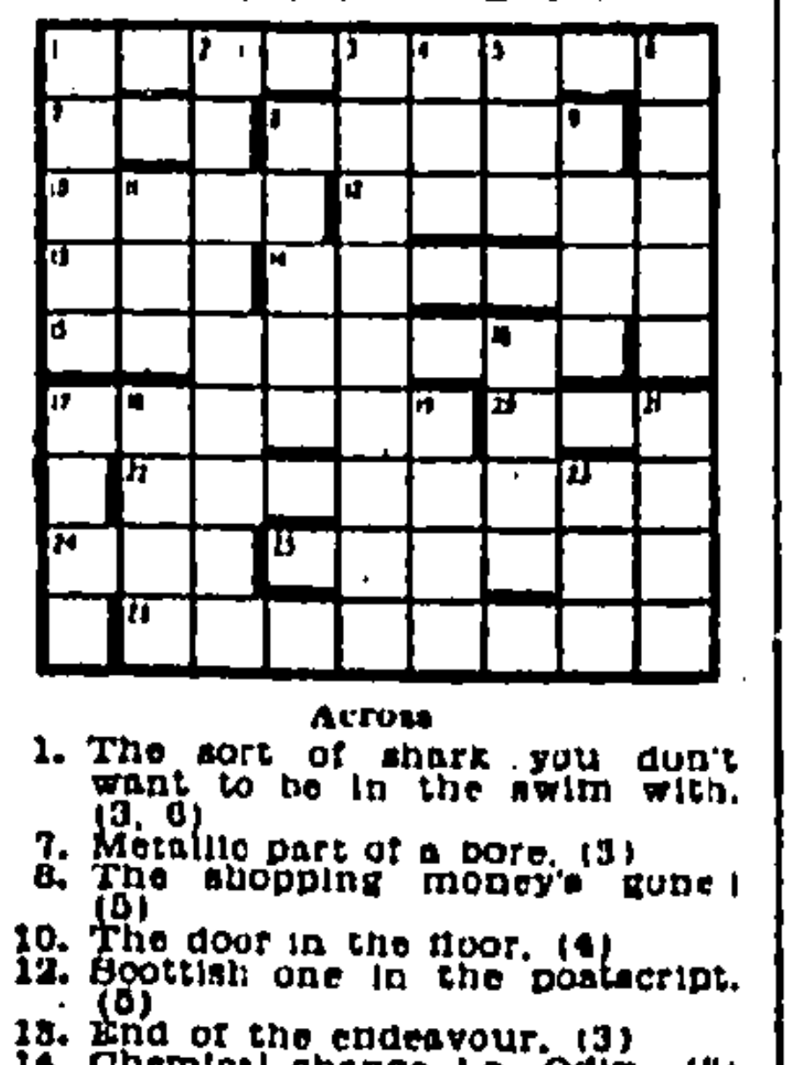
PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—Aspects display minor difficulties for you today but a positive and optimistic attitude will help.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Utilise your spare time after working hours with some constructive hobby around the house or yard.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Make every moment of the day count for something constructive. A lost minute may be a lost opportunity.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—Progressive action will pay the best dividends right now. You can increase your business potential.

CROSSWORD

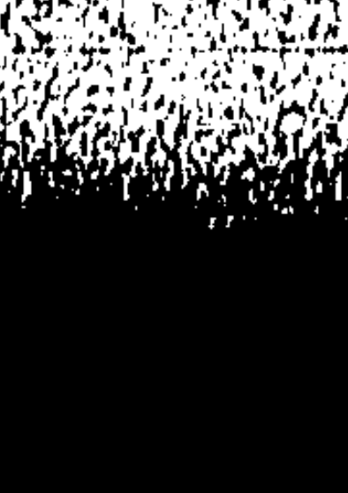


Across

1. The sort of shark you don't want to be in the swim with. (3, 6)
7. Metallic part of a bore. (3)
8. The shopping money's gone! (5)
10. The door in the floor. (4)
12. Scottish one in the postscript. (5)
13. End of the endeavour. (3)
14. Chemical change i.e. Odin. (8)
15. Rends the beginning of science inside. (8)
17. These units are foreign to you. (6)
20. Trouble, part of the dado. (3)
22. Thanks, Edward, after a G.I. (5)
24. Burned tree? (3)
25. He's the product of a London college. (6)
26. Put the street before the small advertisement, add most of an I.O.U. manuscript. (8)

Down

1. The medical officer reaches down to the hill. (5)
2. Myopia, e.g., in trash. (4, 6)
3. Abed round the working end of a pencil. (9)
4. Nice cuppa. (3)
5. Sign here, often. (3)
6. Age and the ship turn rather ephemeral. (5)
8. With sugar, the mixture for little girls. (5)
9. The nets are at sixes and sevens. (4)
11. Start back of Europe. (3)
16. Calculating machine fodder. (4)
17. Woe is me! (4)
18. She's not mentioned really, in 17 Down. (4)
19. Flowing robe. (4)
21. Linked with ends in unimportant details. (4)
23. Singular immemorial tree. (5)

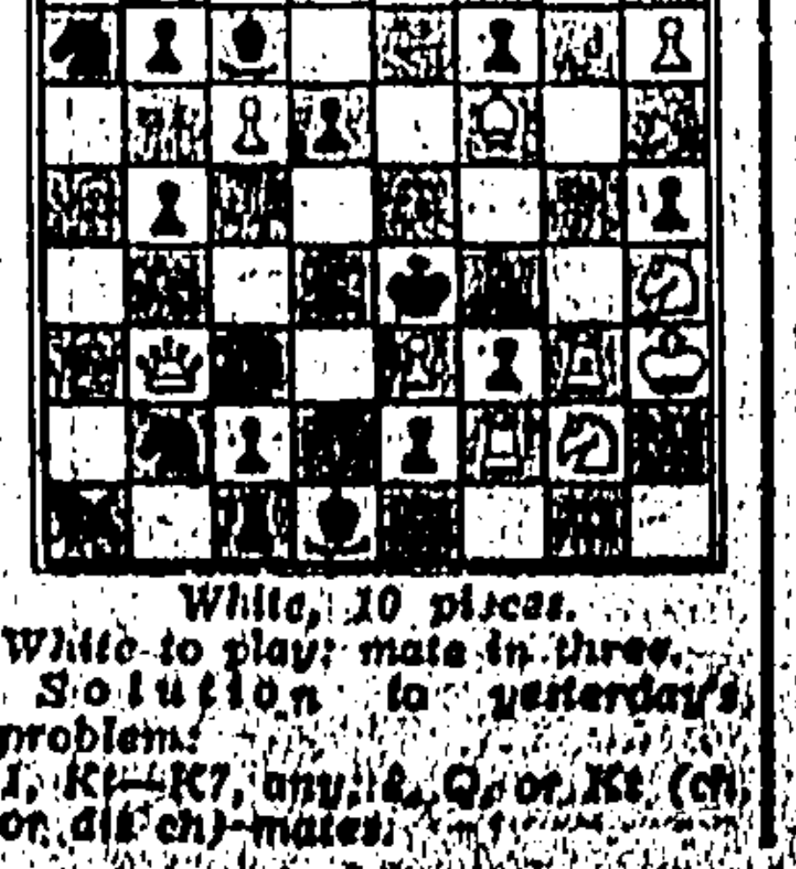


SOLUTION TO CHECK YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

CHESS PROBLEM

By J. J. RIETVELD
and J. P. SEILBERGER

Black, 15 pieces



White, 10 pieces.

White to play; mate in three.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. Kt—K7, any; 2. Q or Kt (ch or dis ch) mates.

• JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Guessing Is Part Of Bridge Game

By OSWALD JACOBY

EVERY bridge player must occasionally guess what to do next. The good player will guess right far more than half the time, but it is a cinch that he must occasionally guess wrong. For this reason, part of the art of defensive play consists in eliminating a guess when it is possible to do so.

When today's hand was played in the finals of the recent tournament for the Vanderbilt Cup, West had to guess where there was really no need for a guess, and the result was quite unfortunate for East and West.

East's opening bid of one club was the more or less standard "short club" often made with a balanced hand that is not strong enough for an opening bid of one no-trump.

South made a trap pass, hoping that the opponents would get too high. When West also passed, North reopened the bidding by showing his long spade suit. Probably South should not have jumped to three no-trump, since four spades would have been a far better contract.

The bidding indicated that South had no worries about clubs, so West opened the five of hearts, hoping to strike a better suit. East won the first trick with the ace of hearts and the second with the queen of hearts.

NORTH 16
♠ K Q J 7 3
♥ 7 6
♦ 9 8 7 5
♣ 9 2

WEST
♠ 9 5
♥ K 10 8 5
♦ 10 6 4 3
♣ 10 7 3

EAST (D)
♠ 10 6 2
♥ A Q J 9
♦ A J 2
♣ K 8 5

SOUTH
♠ A 8 4
♥ 4 3 2
♦ K Q
♣ A Q J 6 4

None vul.

East	South	West	North
1 ♣	Pass	Pass	1 ♠
Pass	3 N.T.	Pass	Pass
Pass			

Opening lead—♥ 5

East continued with the jack of hearts, and West overtook with the king of hearts in order to make sure of being able to cash the ten. There was a chance that South had the missing nine of hearts, in which case West's overtake was necessary to collect the fourth heart trick.

It was now necessary for West to guess the best switch. After much thought, West decided to lead a club. This gave declarer his contract. South could make the rest of the tricks with clubs and spades, and East never made the ace of diamonds.

East should have foreseen this possibility. After he had won the second trick with the queen of hearts, East should have decided that the contract could not be defeated unless his partner had the king of hearts.

It was necessary to win only four heart tricks and the ace of diamonds to defeat the contract. Hence East should have led the ace of diamonds at the third trick to make the situation clear beyond any possible error. Then he could return to hearts and two more heart tricks would assure the defeat of contract.

♥♣ CARD Sense ♦

Q—With both sides vulnerable, the bidding has been:

North	East	South	West
1 Dmd.	1 Spade	2 Clubs	2 Spades
Pass	Pass	?	

You, South, hold: Spades K-4, Hearts Q-5-3, Diamonds 9-5-2, Clubs A-K-Q-8-5. What do you do?

A—Bid two no-trump. You must certainly make a strong try for game, since you have 14 points in high cards opposite an opening bid. Your spade stopper and your strong club suit should furnish the backbone for a no-trump game.

TODAY'S QUESTION

The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spades K-4, Hearts Q-5-3, Diamonds Q-5-2, Clubs A-K-Q-J-5. What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

DUMB-BELLS

WHAT WE NEED IS A CRACKERJACK SALESMAN!
WELL, I NEVER SOLD POP CORN BUT I DID SELL PEANUTS

★ ★ WOMANSENSE ★ ★

ROSES AND SPICE, everything nice, make a fragrant cologne stick just right enough and light enough for little girls to use.

A TREAT FOR THE LITTLE GIRL

A LITTLE girl is usually fascinated by her mother's make-up and the other toiletries on the vanity table.

The wise mother can take advantage of this interest, using it as an excuse to teach her daughter good grooming.

Instead of an ordeal, a youngster's daily bath should be a delightful routine, one she looks forward to with pleasure. It will be, too, if she's given the privilege of using the same bath accessories her mother does.

It should be explained to the child that bath salts have a purpose other than providing a lovely fragrance. They also soften the bath water.

A little girl should be taught to dry off thoroughly after her bath. A good coarse towel, plenty of rubbing and friction, will keep her skin smooth and will stimulate circulation.

Dusting powder, applied with a queen-size puff, will prove a pleasant after-bath diversion. It will interest the little lady to note that, when she's nicely powdered, her clothes slip on easily.

The final big treat, after she's dressed, is using a cologne stick. The youngster should have one of her own. The fragrance is fresh, cooling and light, just right for small, glamorous girls.

Start daughter on the road to beauty, Mom, and she'll get interested in the subject. It's natural for women of all ages.

Drapes and Wall Designs

Lincoln, Neb.

TAKE a good, long look at a room before you make curtains, draperies, or slip-covers, advises Magdalene Pfister of the University of Nebraska extension service.

She says plain fabrics are best if walls have figured paper. With plain materials, there is no competition for attention between draperies or slipcovers and the walls.

With solid coloured walls, Miss Pfister said, the home-maker can choose either small, indistinct all-over designs or a bold prominent design in a patterned fabric. The small figured fabrics are best in a small room and the bolder designs for a larger room.

For modern furnishings, she said, choose a fabric with either geometric or abstract designs, or textured fabrics in plain colours. For that quaint, old-fashioned look select either geometric or conventional designs in small scale.

Match Make-up Shades With Your Own Colouring

MAKE-UP can do wonders to camouflage a complexion that isn't all it might be.

It's important to choose the right cosmetic colours. The wrong shade of powder and rouge will emphasise defects instead of concealing them.

Brunettes can be daring with make-up. This is especially true if skin is olive and eyes are dark. A deep powder, one that doesn't have a yellow cast, is fine for them.

Sometimes it is best for brunettes to skip rouge. There's nothing more attractive than white skin with dark hair. That's the combination that's made Hedy Lamarr a famous beauty.

Smart women experiment to find their best shades of make-up. A strong mirror, good light and a discerning eye will tell you in short order what your best powder, rouge and lipstick colours are.

FOR REDHEADS

Red-haired women usually have thin, delicate skin. A powder that combines pink and yellow tints, such as a tea rose shade, is a good bet for them.

Lipstick is a problem for redheads. Its shade cannot conflict with flaming hair. True reds, some blue-reds and reds with a golden tone are flattering.

The colour of clothes is, of course, a big factor in determining the correct make-up shades. A grey or beige frock needs bright make-up. With vivid shades, such as royal blue, lighter make-up is advisable.

Too much colour is just as unattractive as too little. Try to achieve a happy medium.

It's a good idea to keep several lipsticks handy. In this way, you'll be sure of having the right shade for every dress.

While you're about it, remember to match lipstick with nail polish. All too often, you see girls wearing orange-red nail polish with blue-pink lipstick. It's not being beauty wise.

Make-up is a subject that smart women study. They become experts and know, almost instinctively, what colours will make them look their prettiest.

—HELEN FOLLETT

Some common characteristics of

Mothers of Great Men

By GAY PAULEY

New York.

SO you want your son to grow up to be a great man? Or at least famous? Well, it's up to you.

One woman, who has made a study of mothers of famous men including President Eisenhower, says that what a child becomes depends on the mother even more than on his own efforts.

Mrs Elizabeth Logan Davis, the wife of a Rahway, N.J., Presbyterian minister, has analysed the character of 19 women in a book called "Mothers of America" (Fleming H. Revell Co.). Included are the mothers of the president Mark Twain, Orville and Wilbur Wright, the Mayo brothers, Dr Ralph Bunche, J.C. Penny of the department store family, Walter Reuther of the CIO, and James Whistler, the painter.

Mrs Davis said she found all had one outstanding trait.

Service Is Emphasised

"They emphasised servantship in the life, rather than working for the sake of money," she said in an interview.

"And all," she continued, "had courage, the ability to use moderate discipline, and the art of recognising and encouraging their children's creative abilities."

"Take Mrs Wright," said Mrs Davis, a grandmother. "She let Orville and Wilbur experiment ... why they nearly blew up her kitchen once."

She defined "moderate discipline" as "allowing a child to develop; not being too strict a parent; letting a child learn to discipline himself."

"Parents must provide the guidance," she said, "but let the children make mistakes. That's the way they learn."

Mrs Davis became interested in mothers of the famous through her work with the Golden Rule Foundation, which annually chooses the mother of the year.

Religion Another Factor

She found the mothers she studied all were deeply religious. All had respect for the personality of the individual. All taught their children to take on responsibility, by giving them definite household duties from the time they could walk.

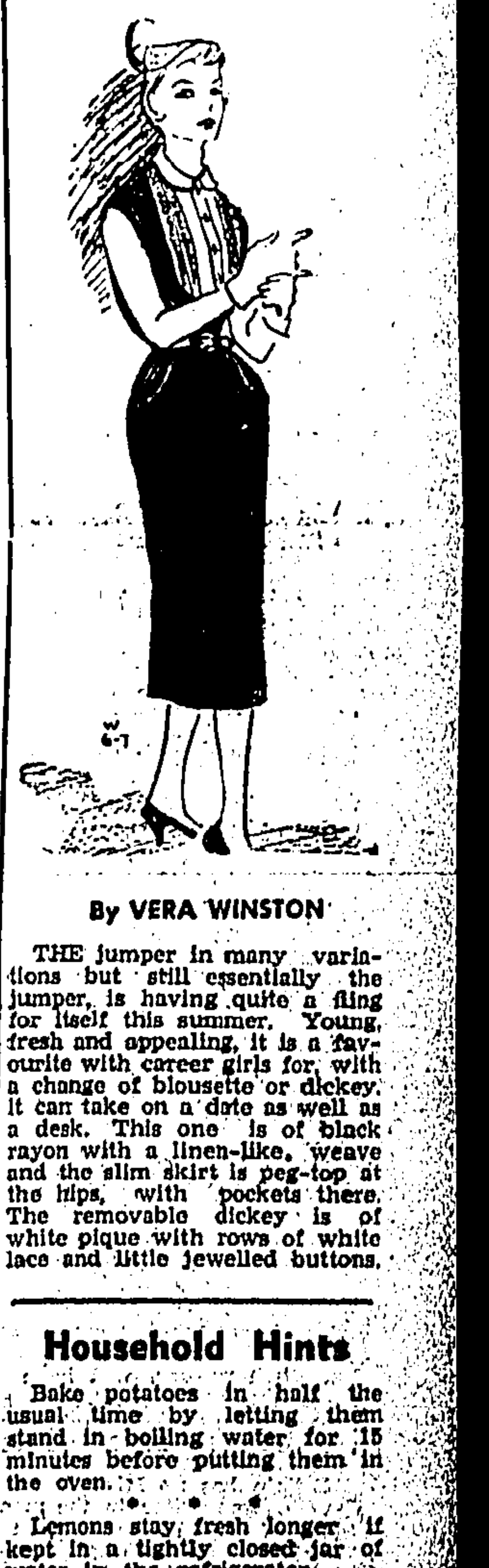
All were accessible when their children needed them.

"That accessibility," she said, "gives a child a sense of security ... and feeling secure, he has more freedom to grow."

All the mothers, she found, felt that parents alone were responsible for bringing up children.

"Today," she said, "parents will say, 'let the school or church do it. If the kids go wrong, it's not our fault. The community is to blame.'"—United Press.

JAUNTY JUMPER



By VERA WINSTON

THE jumper in many variations but still essentially the jumper, is having quite a fling for itself this summer. Young, fresh and appealing, it is a favourite with career girls for, with a change of blousette or dickey, it can take on a date as well as a desk. This one is of black rayon with a linen-like weave and the slim skirt is peg-top at the hips, with pockets there. The removable dickey is of white pique with rows of white lace and little jewelled buttons.

Household Hints

Bake potatoes in half the usual time by letting them stand in boiling water for 15 minutes before putting them in the oven.

• • •

Lemons stay fresh longer if kept in a tightly closed jar of water in the refrigerator.

• • •

Save wallpaper scraps left from papering a room. Use them for a dozen decorating uses—as a "jacket" for guest room match books, as cover for recipe folder, as cover for a wastepaper basket to match the room walls.

• • •

To remove iodine stains, use warm water and soap, alcohol or ammonia.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Why Two Legs are Best

—More Than That Would Be Very Inconvenient!—

By MAX TRELL

"NOW, what I'd like to know, Mr Punch," said Knarf, the shadow-boy with the turned-about name, "is why have we only got two legs."

Mr Punch, who had been quietly minding his own business (as a matter of fact, he was sitting at his desk, writing a letter), suddenly put down his pen, pushed the letter aside and looked at Knarf in astonishment.

Repeat the Question

"Kindly," he said to Knarf, "repeat what you just said, if you can still remember it."

Knarf said he could remember what he said very well. He repeated: "Why, Mr Punch, have we got only two legs?"

"You really want to know," said Mr Punch.

"Yes," said Knarf, "I really do."

"Why?" asked Mr Punch.

"Because," said Knarf, "people are the only people who have two legs. Everybody else has four legs, or eight legs, or a hundred legs, or a thousand legs."

Mr Punch thought about this for a while. Then he said: "People aren't the only people who have two legs, Knarf. Monkeys also have two legs."

"Well," said Knarf, "monkeys are kind of like people in a way, so I guess it isn't very strange for them to have two legs like people. But why have people and monkeys only got two legs?"

"Because they don't need any more," said Mr Punch.

"But Mr Punch," said Knarf, "if people had eight legs like bugs, they'd be able to walk up and down walls."

Unusual Walks

Mr Punch raised his eyebrows. [illegible] right," he said, "so they would. But who wants to walk up and down walls?"

"They could also walk across ceilings," said Knarf.

"Quite right, quite right," said Mr Punch. "But why should anyone want to walk across a ceiling?"

"I think it would be fun," said Knarf. "I wish I had a hundred legs like a centipede, or a thousand legs like a millepede."

"I'm sure you wouldn't be happy," said Mr Punch.

"I'm sure I would," said Knarf. "Why wouldn't I be happy?"

"Well, just let's see," said Mr Punch. "Suppose you had a hundred legs like a centipede. You'd be able to walk up and down walls, wouldn't you?"

"Yes," said Knarf.

"And you would be able to scramble across ceilings?"

"Yes," said Knarf.

"And you would be able to climb up and down trees, up and down telephone poles. You'd be able to walk on clothes-lines, and across wires, and along the edges of fences."

"Yes," said Knarf, "I'd be able to do all those things."

"But if you had a hundred feet," said Mr Punch, "you'd need a hundred shoes."

"Yes," said Knarf. "I'd need exactly a hundred shoes, fifty right ones and fifty left ones."

"Each morning," said Mr Punch, "you'd have a hundred shoe laces to tighten and tie into bows. You'd have to get up an hour earlier to do that."

"Yes," said Knarf. And he didn't sound as happy any more.

"And every other day," said Mr Punch, "you'd have to shine those hundred shoes."

"Yes," said Knarf.

Hours and Hours

"That would take hours and hours," said Mr Punch. "And when those shoes wore out, you'd have to take the whole hundred of them to the shoemaker. They would fill up his whole store. And you'd have to wear a hundred socks. And how many toes do you think you'd have, if you had a hundred feet?"

"Five hundred toes," said Knarf.

"Why have we only got two legs?" Knarf asked Mr Punch.

"Now wouldn't that be silly!" said Mr Punch. "Whatever would anybody need with five hundred toes?"

All in all, Knarf was sorry that he had brought up the matter of the legs. It might be fun walking up and down walls and across ceilings, but there were other disadvantages. Two legs for people were really enough for people.

Rupert and the Spring Chicken—3

Getting up and feeling rather shaken, Rupert tries to move again towards the wide bush, but now stranger things than ever begin to happen. Nearly everything around him starts to grow. What a [illegible] grass is now a thick jungle of grasses, weeds and flowers. They bar his way, and new ones thrust upwards under his feet until he topples over again, while the grass stalks seem to [illegible] little trees. "Help, help!" he shouts.

A new story

Rupert and the Wild Goose Chase

Cultured Pearls
FALCONERS

Triumphal Return For German Soccer Team

The streets of Munich are packed with people, everybody is exited to cheer the German national soccer team at their return home after winning the World Soccer Cup in Switzerland. — Express Photo.

Cleveland Indians Maintain Their Half-Game Lead In The American League

New York, July 19.

The Cleveland Indians maintained their half-game lead in the American League Pennant race when they edged out the Washington Senators, 4-3, today while the second place New York Yankees rolled to their 14th victory in 15 games with an 8-0 decision over the Detroit Tigers.

Early Wynn was credited with his 12th win although he left the game after eight innings because of the intense Washington heat. Art Houtteman replaced Wynn but needed help from Don Mossie and Narleski.

Al Rosen drove in three runs with a double and a single, but it was a pinch single by Dale Mitchell which drove in the winning run in the seventh. Mitchell's hit followed a single by Larry Doby and a walk.

Allie Reynolds pitched a three-hitter for his 10th victory since an opening-day loss to the Senators enabling the Yankees to keep pace with Cleveland. It was the fifth shutout of the season for Reynolds, who struck out two and walked the same number of batters.

The Yankees backed Reynolds with a 10-hit attack which included home runs by Mickey Mantle and Willie Miranda and three hits by Hank Bauer.

The Boston Red Sox slugged out seven home runs, including a game-winning grandslam in the opener by Mickey Owen to sweep a doubleheader from the Baltimore Orioles, 9-7 and 8-5. The Red Sox now have won nine of their last 11 games while the Orioles have lost 13 of their last 15.

Owen's two-out grandslam off Mike Blyzka capped a six-run rally by the Red Sox in the ninth inning of the opener and gave Truman Clevenger his second win of the season. Jackie Jensen hit two homers and Ted Williams, Milt Bolling and Jim Piersall each hit one for the Red Sox in the nightcap.

Five Brooklyn errors presented the Chicago Cubs with six unearned runs and a 9-4 triumph over the Dodgers. Warren Hacker, who won his fifth game, had three hits, including a triple for the Cubs, while Duke Snider and Roy Campanella homered for Brooklyn.

THE SCORES
American League

	R	H	E
Baltimore	7	15	0
Boston	9	8	1
Baltimore (2nd)	5	8	0
Boston	8	11	4
Detroit	0	3	1
New York	8	10	0
Cleveland	4	12	0
Washington	3	5	2

National League

	R	H	E
Brooklyn	4	5	5
Chicago	9	7	2

—United. Press.

Strong British Team For Berne

London, July 19.

Gordon Pirie, suffering from a foot injury, is the only notable absentee in a strong team to represent Britain in the European Athletic Championships at Berne, Switzerland, from August 25 to 29.

The task of tackling Emil Zatopek, the Czechoslovak "wonder" runner in the 5,000 Metres has been given to the joint holders of the world Three Miles record—Fred Green and Chris Chataway. The new British Six Miles Champion, Peter Driver, and Frank Sando will run against Zatopek in the 10,000 Metres event.

Roger Bannister, the first man to break the four-minute Mile, will run in the 1,500 Metres with an outstanding chance and Jim Peters, the world's fastest Marathon runner, will have E. L. Smith of Yorkshire as his second string. Brian Shenton will defend his 200 Metres title.

Britain has no High Jump or Javelin competitor in the men's team of 35 Englishmen, two Welshmen and one Scot. The High Jump, held by Alan Paterson, was one of four titles won by Britain in the last Championships.

In the women's events, Miss Diane Leather, Ann Oliver and Mrs Valerie Winn will take on the Russians in the 800 Metres. Miss Leather and the Russian girl, Nina Otalenko, who yesterday broke the former's world Half Mile record by three fifth of a second, with 2 minutes 8.4 second, are expected to be two main challengers.—Reuter.

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HK Motor Sports Club Film Show

The Motor Sports Club of Hongkong will hold a film show at 8.30 p.m. on Thursday, July 22, in the Library of the United Services Recreation Club, King's Park, featuring a repeat screening of the Shell Film Unit's "Mille Miglia, 1953," supported by a selection of new films.

This is the last event in the Club's 1953/54 calendar before the Annual General Meeting, which will be held in the Library of the USRC on August [illegible] It is therefore hoped that [illegible] will [illegible] a good attendance of members and their guests to make the evening an informal [illegible] social occasion [illegible]

LEN HUTTON TO CAPTAIN ENGLAND ON THE TOUR OF AUSTRALIA

London, July 19.

Len Hutton, Yorkshire opening bat, will captain the Marylebone Cricket Club (MCC) touring side in Australia and New Zealand this year.

In announcing Hutton's appointment, the MCC said that a "reassuring medical report" on Hutton had been received. It was added, in common with all other players chosen, he would be subject to a final medical examination before sailing on September 15.

The appointment settled a great deal of controversy and speculation. The original appointment of the 38-year-old Hutton as England professional captain in 1952 broke all traditions. He led England in 15 consecutive Tests until ill-health caused him to withdraw from the second Test against Pakistan at Nottingham last month.

Neuritis and physical strain, a legacy of the strenuous West Indies tour last winter, induced him to rest from the game for nearly a month and David Sheppard, Sussex amateur captain, led England in his place.

Hutton returned to the Yorkshire side only last Saturday and in the circumstances informed the selectors that he did not wish to be considered for the third Test, beginning at Manchester on Thursday.

He will be captaining Yorkshire against the Combined Services while Sheppard leads the England side.

COUNTY CRICKET

London, July 19.

Yorkshire, the Country Cricket Championship leaders, were in danger of being forced to follow-on against Nottinghamshire in their match at Trent Bridge, Nottingham, today.

A fine undefeated innings of 100 by young Eric Martin, who hit two sixes and 12 fours in his stay of three and a half hours, helped Notts to declare at 278 for six at lunch today.

Yorkshire, for whom Len Hutton, the England captain, returned to make 32 after a long lay-off, struggled against the spin bowling of Goonesena and Dooland, and at the close required 76 with two wickets standing to avoid the follow-on.

Hutton, whose appointment to captain the MCC team in Australia this year was announced later this evening, received a fine welcome from the 10,000 crowd when he opened Yorkshire's innings.

He looked in good form, timing his strokes well, and playing them effortlessly. He was fourth out, caught off Goonesena.

Australian left-hander Jock Livingston played a leading part in Northamptonshire's highest score of the season, 409 against Middlesex at Lord's.

Livingston made 133 which included 13 fours, in a stay of four and a quarter hours. Some big hitting came from fast bowler Frank Tyson, whose tremendous driving brought him ten fours in his undefeated innings of 60, which occupied 100 minutes.

Tyson figured in two unfortunate incidents. He cut a ball hard which hit Jack Young on the shin, resulting in the Middlesex player having to leave the field, and then near the end, when Middlesex was batting, Bill Edrich, the captain, received a severe blow in the mouth when trying to hook Tyson. He fell to the ground with his mouth bleeding. He was helped off the field and taken to hospital for X-Ray.

Desmond Eagar the Hampshire captain, had good reason to be satisfied with his day's work against Warwickshire. He sent them in to bat and then held four good chances in helping to dismiss them for 179.

A similar decision by Essex captain Doug Insole failed to pay dividends against Leicestershire. The second wicket pair, Michael Smith and Maurice Tompkin, put on 158 before being separated and Leicestershire totalled 283. They then struck back by taking five Essex wickets for 53.

CLOSE OF PLAY SCORES

At Lord's: Northamptonshire 409 (Livingston 133, Wakeman 60, Tyson not out 60); Middlesex 22 for one.

At Bournemouth: Warwickshire 179 (Cannings, right-arm fast-medium, four for 44); Hampshire 53 for two.

At Priesley: Ireland 330 (Allan five for 94); Scotland 288 for seven.

At Cardiff: Glamorgan 354 for nine declared; Gloucestershire 20 for one.

At Maidstone: Somerset 312 for nine declared; Kent 114 for two.

At Ashby-de-la-Zouch: Leicestershire 85; Essex 53 for four.

At Worcester: Derbyshire 209; Worcestershire 155 for six.

At Nottingham: Nottinghamshire 378 for six declared, Yorkshire 153 for eight.—Reuter.

PAKISTAN TOUR

London, July 19.

A fifth wicket stand of 192 by Waqar Hassan and Wazir Mohammad, each of whom hit his highest score of the tour, enabled the Pakistan cricketers to recover from a disappointing start against Surrey, the County leaders, at the Oval here today.

Waqar Hassan made 123 and Wazir Mohammad 87 in helping the Pakistanis to compile 365 for six wickets by the close of play on the second day.

They came together at the fall of the fourth wicket at 87, ten minutes after play started, and were not separated until after tea when Waqar was stumped by McIntyre off Laker.

For most of the time both batsmen concentrated almost entirely on careful defence, but the caution was justified in view of their position against the strong Surrey attack.

Waqar's initial first class century in England took four hours and 50 minutes. He occasionally brought off splendid straight and cover drives and his defence, particularly against the spinners, was faultless.

The pitch, having dried, was nothing like so difficult as on Saturday, when three wickets fell for 81 in the 95 minutes of play which was possible.

Lock and Laker made the ball turn, but never quickly enough to cause concern and the conditions did not suit pace.—Reuter.

DENIS COMPTON Says

Soon We Shall Know Who Is Going On The Australian Tour

During the last few days most leading English cricketers have received a formal letter from the MCC asking them if they are available for selection for the tour of Australia and New Zealand beginning in September.

Conforming with custom, the MCC requested answers within 10 days. Tour invitations will be issued soon afterwards.

One or two players, for instance, are delaying their replies to offers of coaching appointments abroad in the winter until they know whether they will be required for Australia.

Others, who know they stand at least a reasonable prospect of selection, have not accepted offers of winter employment at home.

In any case, seeing that the first-class season does not finish until the end of August and the team for Australia sails a fortnight later, many of the players picked, especially those with families, will have to make hasty home and holiday arrangements.

EARLIER THE BETTER

For the sake of all the players the earlier the decisions are made the better.

I understand the selectors are likely to name the team soon after the Manchester Test beginning on July 22.

Naturally all the younger players invited will be keen to go and I expect most of them have already said they will be available.

Some of the older men have done so also, but others are less certain of themselves and they are taking advantage of the 10 days' grace to discuss the position with their wives.

It was announced on Saturday (UP) George Duckworth, former England and Lancashire wicketkeeper, has been appointed to be scorer and baggage master during the Tour. Since the war George has managed three Commonwealth teams in India and Pakistan.

His choice means that another familiar figure, that of W. Ferguson, breaks a link with cricket.

Since he came to England with Joe Darling's Australian side of 1905, Ferguson has been scorer and baggage master to English, Australian, South African, New Zealand, Indian and West Indies touring teams in many parts of the world.

A knowledgeable friend of mine in Australia has just written to me with the latest cricket news from there. He is in no doubt that England will need to be in top form to retain the Ashes.

TRICKY POSER

Yet Australia face a tricky captaincy poser. Many advocate that the leadership should be given to Ian Johnson, the off-spin bowler who captained Victoria extremely well last season and was the top Australian bowler.

Ian, however, was not in the 1953 team which came to England, and Australians, as a rule, do not appoint a captain who has not played in the Test team for some considerable time.

Strong support is also given to Keith Miller, who captained the New South Wales side to their Sheffield Shield competition victory, but those in close touch with Australian cricket say that Keith is not likely to be the Board's choice.

Instead they favour the chances of Arthur Morris, who was second in command in all the Tests in which Lindsay Hassett skippered Australia and who led the 1953 team to outright wins in 10 of the 12 matches in which he was captain.

My correspondent will lay pounds to peanuts that Morris will be the man.

—*(London Express Service)*

Local Golf

The following are the results of matches played in the first round of the Deep Water Bay Mixed Foursomes:

Mr and Mrs L. C. Hawkins lost to F. N. Kent and Miss H. F. Cotter, 1 down; Mr and Mrs R. E. Harper lost to Maj and Mrs F. C. M. Reeves 2-1; J. R. Collis and Mrs F. D. Hunter beat Mr and Mrs H. W. E. Heath, 3-1; Mr and Mrs W. A. Johnson beat Mr and Mrs H. D. Bidwell on 19th hole; Mr and Mrs D. Black beat Austin Ho and Mrs Hayes (Holders) on 19th hole; Mr and Mrs R. Willoquet lost to Mr and Mrs J. G. Byington, 1 down; J. J. Robson and Mrs Littlejohn lost to Mr and Mrs J. C. van der Touw, 2-1; Mr and Mrs R. Blacklock beat Mr and Mrs A. S. Mitchell, 3-2; Mr and Mrs L. Goldman beat Mr and Mrs W. N. Gray, 3-2; Mr and Mrs A. H. Penn beat Mr and Mrs J. L. Macintyre, 2 up; Mr and Mrs R. K. Collings beat Capt and Mrs J. Fortune, 5-3; G. E. Willerton and Miss E. Wilson beat Mr and Mrs L. C. Saville, 3-1; Mr and Mrs L. D. Kilbee lost to Mr and Mr R. M. Campbell, 3-1.

Second-round matches to be completed by August 1.

SUMMER ECLECTIC

The first Summer Running Eclectic competition finished on July 15. This was played over the New Course, a maximum of 12 cards being allowed during the six weeks the competition has been taking place. Dr J. B. Mackie won the prize for the best gross and J. E. Huston returned the best nett score. The best scores returned were as follows:

Dr J. B. Mackie, 66—9=57; Capt J. Fortune, 67—15=52; Capt H. Burt, 69—13=56; F. N. Kent, 70—15=55; T. A. Pearce, 71—8=63; J. E. Huston, 73—24=49; J. C. van der Touw, 74—24=50.

The second Summer Eclectic is being played over the Old Course at Fanling; this competition will remain open until August 31.

WEEK-END MEDAL

A Medal competition played over the New Course during the week-end was won by J. C. van der Touw with a return of 87—18=nett 69. S. Allen was second with 86—15=71 and R. Main, Captain A. G. M. Napier, and Dr J. B. Mackie, in third place with nett 73.

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LAWN BOWLS TEAMS

The following have been selected to represent the KBGC in League Matches to be played tomorrow, Wednesday at 5.15 p.m.

1st Div. v KCC at KBGC:—L. C. Parker, A. L. G. Eastman, P. Hughes, W. C. Simpson; J. Tindall, R. H. Browne, G. C. Norman, J. McKelvie; F. Francis, F. Howarth, M. E. Purvis, A. Harvey.

2nd Div. v KCC at KBGC:—G. Leslie, A. Bailey, R. C. Pearse, C. J. Askew; J. Bellamy, G. A. Gordon, A. M. Buchanan, H. F. Shields; V. Bond, S. Bicheno, E. F. S. Baker, J. G. Meyer.

Reserves:—Taylor, Greaves, Harris.

KCC

The following have been selected to represent KCC in the postponed lawn bowls league matches tomorrow at 5.15 p.m.

1st Division v HBGC at KBGC:—A. V. Lopes, C. I. Stapleton, F. R. Kormimi, J. N. Wong; E. R. Rosselet, F. O. Madar, J. Chubb, T. E. Baker; D. C. Symons, D. Phillips, T. Lock, W. Hong Sling.

2nd Division v KBGC at KBGC:—E. Gifford, E. P. White, C. W. Lam, W. J. Howard, A. W. Branson, W. Baker, W. Gaffney, M. J. Divecha; T. W. H. Wilson, D. B. Sequeira, J. Tang, G. Lee.

HKCC

2nd Division:—HKCC v IRC at Sookunpoo on Thursday at 5.15 p.m.:—H. G. Banham, J. Wyper, C. Rounsefell, F. Marshall; J. Mount, L. M. S. Lloyd, E. E. Wallwork, D. Trail; K. Alliac, A. S. Mitchell, F. C. H. Black, F. D. Angus.

?
RUGBY LEAGUE GT. BRITAIN v. N.S.W. MATCH ABANDONED AFTER BRAWL
PORTRAIT OF SOUTH AMERICAN GENT WONDERING WHY THE SO SPORTING BRITISH CONSIDERED BRAZIL'S WORLD CUP BRAWL - WITH HUNGARY WAS A "BAD SHOW"
ULLYETT

A LESSON FROM AUSTRALIA IN THE "OPEN"

By EDDIE HAMILTON

Discard those old-fashioned schoolroom globes. No matter what they may indicate, Australia is no longer "down under." In the world of tennis, golf and athletics at least, we in Britain are now a "long way" beneath the Diggers.

It used to be the Americans who cornered Wimbledon. In recent years they have been edged out by the Aussies. In athletics, too, no sooner does Roger Bannister do the "impossible" four-minute Mile than Australian John Landy clips it.

And in golf, think how the Yanks used to capture the two big prizes—the "Open" and the "Amateur." Hagen, Jones, Sarazen, Shute, Snead and Hogan all made their trips for the Open title a formality.

In the "Amateur" there were Jones, Little, Turnesa, Stranahan, Chapman and Ward.

Now look what has happened. Doug Bachli takes the "Amateur" crown at Muirfield. Peter Thomson wins the "Open."

What, then, is the answer? Why is it that Australia is now in the forefront of world sport?

I can't speak for tennis and the rest but I can tell you why their golfers have been able to climb above our home stars.

In Australia, golf is comparatively a new game.

"We spend a lot of money building courses that include the features of British and American courses," Doug Bachli told me.

"At our seaside, the courses are similar to your coast-line links. And our inland courses are typically American in design with built-in greens that are regularly watered. We start with modern equipment and have nothing obsolete.

ADVANCED APPROACH

"We observe the traditions of the game, but have an advanced approach to golf. As soon as youngsters of about 15 show natural ability they are encouraged to take the game seriously. Peter Thomson has been playing golf since he was 12."

Since Thomson turned professional in 1949, the game in Australia has had a tremendous boost. Norman Von Nida, Australia's globe-trotting star, has provided the incentive for more people to take up golf.

He is a glutton for practice, thinking nothing of hitting hundreds of shots at six in the morning. And what happens? The Australian golfing community follows Norman's example. The ordinary golfer puts in two hours' hard ground, or at a driving range, before jumping into his car to go to his work.

How many golfers would think of going without breakfast to play 100 golf shots before making for their jobs? Even our professional and amateur top-notchers think twice about practising on a summer evening, preferring to play with their friends for the odd half-crown.

NATIONAL ATTACK

When golfers made a national attack on the game with the object of working hard at it until the nation's standard improves, it is certain to produce stars. Thomson and Bachli have proved that.

The lesson for Britain, is to find another Jack McLean in the amateur ranks. A leader who is so good that you have to beat him to win a national title.

Among the professionals a new personality is needed. Where can we find another George Duncan—a man who is afraid to speak his mind, has the flair for the big occasion and has the golf to beat the world's best? That's the lesson Australia has taught us this season.

—*(London Express Service)*

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Peters Interested In Japanese Marathon Race

London, July 19.

World Marathon record holder Jim Peters said today he was "definitely interested" in reports that he is to be invited to Japan to compete in a Marathon race against Czech star Emil Zatopek at Kamakura in December.

Peters said that Japanese competitors at the Boston Marathon last April spoke to him about the possibility of his appearing at Kamakura but said that he had not yet received an official invitation.—United Press.

THE GAMBOLS
By Barry Appleby
IT'S AMAZING HOW DIRTY A HOUSE GETS EVEN WHEN YOU'RE AWAY — I'M GOING TO BE BUSY TODAY.
I HAVEN'T DONE THIS ROOM YET!

JOINT WORLD RECORD HOLDERS

Freddie Green and Chris Chataway hold the AAA Challenge Cup between them after running the Three Miles in world record time. Both of them finished in 13 mins. 32.2 seconds, a new world record. They were so close, Green winning, that they were given the same time.

THE SPORTS ROUNDABOUT

Three Vital Issues From World Cup Lessons For British Football

By W. CAPEL KIRBY & DAVID JACK

Three vital issues may emerge from World Cup lessons for the betterment of British football—abolition of charging the goalkeeper, cessation of football during the months of December and January, and removal of injured players for treatment off the field.

Home observers feel that the high standard of overseas goalkeepers is due to their 100 per cent concentration on the ball and not the man, and that Hungarian-like footwork and ball control will never be attained in ankle-deep muddy conditions.

As for removing injured players from the field, it would put paid to old-soldier time wasting tricks.

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Vic Buckingham consumed several coffees in Berne trying to dissuade England and Pegasus goalkeeper Ben Brown from retiring.

"Have another couple of seasons at West Bromwich" pleaded Vic. Brown says he will keep in training for emergency purposes, but adds, "I was never over-fond of goalkeeper. If they would play me at inside-left, it would be a different matter."

MALADY LINGERS ON

Wimbledon is over—but the malady lingers on. Not for many years have so many criticisms been hurled at the organisers and this time it is players, not the paying public raising a rumpus.

Several of them were unable to watch the top men's singles matches, because the competitors' stand was full—and not full of competitors.

Shauna Trabert couldn't watch her husband Tony play his semi-final against Ken Rosewall; Maureen Connolly, most important girl in the tournament, was refused a seat; Philippe Washer, Belgium's No. 1, had a brush with stewards; while one British competitor was evicted for watching a match while hanging precariously from an iron railing. Yet every one had a ticket for a seat.

• • •

Winner of the Northumberland and Durham long-distance swimming championship in the River Wear was Jack Hatfield. Recognise the name? It's a famous one in swimming—the winner being son of Olympic swimmer Jack Hatfield senior, now a Middlesborough director.

• • •

Open Championship golfer and caddie left the 18th green at Royal Birkdale. Autograph-hunting youngsters rushed forward — and besieged the caddie. Golfer was Ron Moses (Sandwell Park). His caddie? Ronnie Allen (West Bromwich Albion).

• • •

In England anybody associated with pools or betting is automatically barred from playing or taking part in football management, but this rule evidently doesn't apply elsewhere. One of the World Cup referees, in fact, is boss of a flourishing Central European independent pools combine.

• • •

Are British Soccer fans content with what they get for football? If an Arsenal Supporters' Club member's view is accurate, they are.

Referring to the Hungary-Uruguay World Cup semi-final which provided the finest exhibition of football of all time, he said: "Arsenal could have licked either of 'em, and Scotland would have tanned the hide off Uruguay if Alex Forbes had been playing."

Little hope, either, for football north of the Border when the day following their seven-goal defeat by Uruguay, the humiliated Scots voted for "paddling the wee boats on the lake," instead of watching Hungary in action. There was one exception — 38-year-old George Hamilton.

• • •

Syd Brookman, of Bristol Schoolmasters' Club, still plays cricket—at the age of 80. Younger players might see the moral in Syd's frequent visits to the nets in the evenings—"For a little practice," he says.

TELE-TALK

Issues vital to televiewers will be thrashed out at Turnberry at the end of the month when representatives of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales decide which football matches can be televised without affecting attendances.

You can be sure permission will be granted the BBC to televise all floodlit matches.

• • •

Apart from a slight rise in gate receipts, promotion has paid off in other ways for Bristol Rovers.

Manager Bert Tann says: "In the old days Bristol City automatically had the pick of local talent, but now I even have fathers bringing their boys to Eastville asking for a chance with Rovers. That was unheard of before—so it looks as if Second Division status means something."

• • •

Peter Head (Ilford) goes to the Empire Games in Vancouver as England's leading 440 yards swimmer—but not to swim the 440 yards.

Illness at the trials at Blackpool meant Head was selected only for the relay team, but the ASA should ignore trial form and pick Peter for the individual events. They're not confined to one competitor in the 440 yards.

• • •

Re-visiting his old home at Smedley Lane, Cheetham Hill, Manchester, is David Thursby, retired film actor who travelled 8,000 miles to attend the World Cup series and is now impatiently awaiting Manchester United's opening League games before returning to Los Angeles.

"There wasn't a team in Switzerland to compare to the United eleven in my early days—Moger; Stacey, Hayes; Duckworth, Roberts, Bell; Meredith, Halse, West, Turnbull and Wall," says David.

• • •

One of the most successful managers in football says he's sick of the game and will be retiring "as soon as possible."

• • •

Manchester City did a good stroke of business when they discovered Bert Trautmann, a German prisoner-of-war.

But other Lancashire clubs must have been sleeping not to spot Karl Mai in their midst. Mai, wing half back in Germany's World Cup winning team, used to be in the Warrington district, where his old POW friends held a TV party to watch his Final performances.

• • •

Aston Villa wing half Larry Canning has left League Soccer of his own choice. Larry could have signed for one of several League clubs, but he perferred to join Kettering Town as a part-timer.

• • •

Barney Ramsden, former Anfield favourite who met and married an American lass when Liverpool toured the States, is now refereeing in Californian football. Apart from truck driving he earns a bit on the side in the entertaining business.

• • •

Surrey wicketkeeper Arthur McIntyre, in big hitting mood recently, had plenty of encouragement from a white-capped Oval character.

McIntyre's "fan" took time off from shouting "Good Old Arfur" to inform all present, "that miserable bunch in the pavilion have forgotten how to clap—but they'd think it was wonderful if the openers took three hours to make 10 runs." He has a point, too.

VERSATILE JIM

Jim Burke, Australia's opening batsman, is having a great season with Todmorden—as a bowler. Jim catches the first available boat for home at the end of the season to try and regain Test status in time for the MCC tour.

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Sweden Beats Belgium In Davis Cup Tie

Banstad, Sweden, July 19.

Sweden qualified for the Davis Cup European Zone final today by defeating Belgium, 3-2.

Sven Davidsson, in the last and deciding singles match today, defeated Philippe Washer, 7-5, 5-7, 3-6, 6-2.

Earlier today, Belgium had levelled the standing, Jackie Brichant defeating Lennart Bergelin, 5-7, 6-8, 7-5, 6-2, 10-8. Sweden now meets France in the European Zone semi-final. The date and venue have not yet been announced.

The finals will take place in Paris on July 24-26 according to an agreement announced later in Paris between French team captain Bernard Destremau and the Technical Committee of the French Lawn Tennis Federation.—United Press.

BEST PERFORMANCES BY BRITISH COMMONWEALTH AND EMPIRE ATHLETES

The athletes of the British Commonwealth and Empire are now assembling at Vancouver in Canada for the Commonwealth and Empire Games. The recent AAA Championships in London were a warm-up for these Games not only for the athletes of the Home countries but also for those of Nigeria, Kenya and Uganda and many outstanding performances were achieved.

Here is the up-to-date list of best performances this year by British Commonwealth athletes, including many marks achieved at the AAA Championships and several in meetings in the United States by Canadian, Australian and West Indian athletes:

100 YARDS DASH

9.3	Hector Hogan (Australia)
9.6	Edmund Mendelsohn (S. Africa)
9.6	Michael Agostini (Trinidad)
9.7	Ted McGlynn (Australia)
9.7	Roy Schuler (Australia)
9.7	Bill de Gruchy (Australia)
9.7	Josefa Levula (Fiji)
9.8	Brian Butterfield (Australia)
9.8	Alistair Gordon (Australia)
9.8	Ezengu (Nigeria)
9.8	Graham Gipson (Australia)
9.8	Leslie Laing (Jamaica)
9.9	G. S. Ward (Australia)
9.9	John Bartram (Australia)
9.9	Herb Kimpton (Australia)
9.9	Stephen Xavier (Hongkong)
9.9	F. R. Sandstrom (England)
9.9	Kenneth Box (England)
9.9	G. S. Ellis (England)
9.9	A. W. Lillington (England)
9.9	J. A. N. Railton (England)
9.9	Karim Olowu (Nigeria)

100 METRES DASH

10.3	Hector Hogan (Australia)
10.5	Abdul Khaliq (Pakistan)
10.5	Balwant Singh (India)
10.5	M. Sharif Butt (Pakistan)
10.5	Leslie Laing (Jamaica)
10.6	Ted McGlynn (Australia)
10.6	Karnail Singh (India)
10.6	Byron LaBeach (Jamaica)
10.7	Bruce Baillie (Australia)
10.7	Bill Job (Australia)

220 YARDS DASH

21.3	Leslie Laing (Jamaica)*
21.3	Hector Hogan (Australia)
21.4	Gideon van Heerden (S. Africa)
21.5	Ted McGlynn (Australia)
21.5	Bill Job (Australia)
21.5	Edmund Mendelsohn (S. Africa)
21.5	Brian Shenton (England)
21.5	Kevan Gosper (Australia) **
21.5	G. S. Ellis (England)
21.6	Muhammad Aslam (Pakistan)*
21.6	Michael Ruddy (England)
21.6	Michael Agostini (Trinidad)
21.6	Clay Gibbs (Trinidad)
21.7	D. W. Jowett (N. Zealand)
21.7	M. Sharif Butt (Pakistan)*
21.8	Josefa Levula (Fiji)
21.8	Graham Gipson (Australia)
21.9	Hugh Thaggard (Australia)
21.9	Bill de Gruchy (Australia)
22.0	Roy Schuler (Australia)
22.0	John Bartram (Australia)
22.0	Kevin Reede (Australia)
22.0	Stephen Xavier (Hongkong)*

*0.1 second added to performance over 200 Metres.
** 0.3 seconds added to 220 Yards straight course performance.

440 YARDS RUN

47.4	George Rhoden (Jamaica)
47.6	Kevan Gosper (Australia)
47.9	Gerald Evans (S. Africa)
47.9	Zach Joubert (S. Africa)
48.0	Graham Gipson (Australia)
48.0	Derek Johnson (England)
48.1	Bill Butchart (Australia)
48.2	Graham Wright (S. Africa)
48.4	Bob Solomon (Australia)
48.4	Peter Fryer (England)
48.5	Jan Vogelsang (S. Africa)
48.5	Alan Dick (England)
48.6	Louis Gooden (Jamaica)*
48.7	M. K. V. Wheeler (England)
48.7	F. P. Higgins (England)
48.8	Leon Gregory (Australia)
48.8	Bill Job (Australia)
48.9	Joginder Singh (India)*
48.9	R. L. Baker (England)
49.1	Schalk Booysen (S. Africa)
49.1	Terrance Higgins (England)

*0.3 seconds added to performance over 400 Metres

880 YARDS RUN

1:50.2	Derek Johnson (England)
1:51.0	Don Macmillan (Australia)*
1:51.3	Roger Bannister (England)
1:52.0	Brian Hewson (England)
1:52.1	Len McRae (Australia)
1:52.1	Frank O'Connell (Australia)
1:52.2	R. D. Henderson (England)
1:52.3	John Ross (Canada)
1:52.4	Jim Bailey (Australia)
1:52.7	Ron Day (England)
1:52.9	John Landy (Australia)
1:53.0	Gordon Pirie (England)
1:53.2	John Moule (Canada)
1:53.4	Bill Aylett (England)
1:53.5	Albert Webster (England)
1:53.6	Angus Scott (England)
1:53.7	R. T. Taylor (England)
1:53.7	Doug Clement (Canada)
1:53.9	Gerald Evans (S. Africa)
1:54.0	E. Kleynhans (S. Africa)
1:54.0	Charley Campbell (Australia)
1:54.0	Fred Millward (England)

*0.7 seconds added to performance over 800 Metres.

ONE MILE RUN

3:58.0	John Landy (Australia)
3:59.4	Roger Bannister (England)
4:04.4	Murray Halberg (N. Zealand)
4:04.4	Chris Chataway (England)
4:05.2	Gordon Pirie (England)
4:05.4	Brian Hewson (England)
4:06.7	Victor Milligan (N. Ireland)
4:08.0	Peter Driver (England)
4:08.8	Ian Boyd (England)
4:09.0	Chris Brasher (England)
4:09.2	Don Macmillan (Australia)
4:09.3	Ken Wood (England)
4:09.4	Frank Wyatt (England)
4:09.8	David Law (England)
4:09.8	Bill Nankeville (England)
4:10.0	John Evans (England)
4:10.2	John Disley (Wales)
4:11.0	Alex Henderson (Australia)
4:11.2	Brian Barratt (England)
4:11.6	Freddie Green (England)

TWO MILES RUN

8:41.0	Chris Chataway (England)
8:42.4	John Landy (Australia)
8:56.0	Freddie Green (England)
8:57.8	John Disley (Wales)
8:58.6	Ernie Haskell (N. Zealand)
9:01.4	Frank Sando (England)
9:02.0	Laurie King (N. Zealand)
9:05.4	Michael Maynard (England)
9:05.4	C. W. Suddaby (England)
9:08.0	Len Eyre (England)
9:09.0	Peter Pirie (England)
9:09.2	Roger Bannister (England)
9:09.4	Murray Halberg (N. Zealand)
9:09.8	D. A. Llewellyn (England)
9:10.0	T. Bailey (England)
9:11.4	E. G. Ellis (England)
9:11.6	Ken Norris (England)
9:11.6	Pat Ranger (England)
9:12.0	Hugh Foord (England)
9:12.6	K. F. Caulder (England)

THREE MILES RUN

13:32.2	Freddie Green (England)
13:32.2	Chris Chataway (England)
13:47.4	Gordon Pirie (England)
13:54.8	N. Maiyoro (Kenya)
13:55.4	Frank Sando (England)
13:55.6	Peter Driver (England)
13:55.8	Ernie Haskell (N. Zealand)
13:56.8	Geoff Warren (Australia)
13:57.0	Pat Ranger (England)
13:57.0	Michael Maynard (England)
13:57.6	Jim Daly (N. Zealand)
13:57.9	Len Eyre (England)
13:59.6	Harry Hicks (England)
14:00.2	Ian Binnie (Scotland)
14:03.0	Ken Wood (England)
14:03.4	Frank Wyatt (England)
14:05.6	Alan Perkins (England)
14:06.0	Laurie King (N. Zealand)
14:06.0	Ken Norris (England)
14:09.0	Neil Robbins (Australia)
14:09.0	G. D. Ibbotson (England)

SIX MILES RUN

28:34.8	Peter Driver (England)
28:38.2	Frank Sando (England)
28:46.0	Ken Norris (England)
28:56.8	Albert Ingles (England)
28:57.8	Jim Peters (England)
29:09.0	Ian Binnie (Scotland)
29:17.2	A. J. Weeks-Pearson (Eng.)
29:25.6	D. Walker (England)
29:26.2	Neil Robbins (Australia)
29:26.8	Michael Maynard (England)
29:28.4	Peter Pirie (England)
29:29.6	Charlie Smart (England)
29:34.0	Alan Perkins (England)
29:30.6	Peter West (England)
29:38.4	Allan Lawrence (Australia)
29:42.8	Les Perry (Australia)
29:43.4	Laurie King (N. Zealand)
29:44.6	Keith Ollerenshaw (Aus.)
29:46.6	Hugh Foord (England)
29:50.0	J. Butler (England)
29:50.0	John Wood (England)
29:56.8	Maurice Baker (England)

120 YARDS HURDLES

14.2	Ken Doubleday (Australia)
14.5	Keith Gardner (Jamaica)
14.6	John Loveday (Australia)
14.7	Chris Higham (England)
14.7	Sarwan Singh (India)
14.7	Peter Hildreth (England)
14.7	Louis Knight (Jamaica)
14.7	Jack Parker (England)
14.8	Jakobus van der Merwe (S. Af.)
14.8	Piet Greyling (S. Africa)
14.9	Jim May (Australia)
14.9	Bryce Thomas (Australia)
14.9	Kieth Short (Australia)
14.9	Jack Parker (England)
15.1	Harold Ball (S. Africa)
15.1	Ghulam Habib (Pakistan)
15.1	Ahmed Khan (Pakistan)
15.1	Jugraj Singh Kuller (India)
15.1	R. D. Shaw (Wales)
15.1	Bradley (England)
15.2	Nazir Muhammad (Pakistan)

220 YARDS HURDLES

23.6	Ken Doubleday (Australia)
24.0	Geoff Goodacre (Australia)
24.2	Jakobus van der Merwe (S. Af.)
24.2	George Gedge (Australia)
24.3	Piet Greyling (S. Africa)
24.3	Ron Wilkie (S. Africa)
24.3	Harold Ball (S. Africa)
24.4	Jakobus Swart (S. Africa)
24.5	Dave Lean (Australia)
24.5	Peter Hildreth (England)
24.5	M. Rae (N. Zealand)
24.9	Etienne Roux (S. Africa)
24.9	D. E. Fleming (N. Zealand)
25.0	J. Laidlow (S. Africa)
25.0	Louis Knight (Jamaica)
25.1	Ken Wilmshurst (England)
25.1	Mike Jenkins (England)
25.2	Chris Higham (England)
25.3	G. Villiers (England)
25.3	Donal O'Sullivan (N. Ireland)

440 YARDS HURDLES

52.5	Dave Lean (Australia)
53.0	Jagdev Singh (India)*
53.2	Geoff Goodacre (Australia)
53.3	Ron Wilkie (S. Africa)
53.3	Harry Kane (England)
53.4	R. D. Shaw (Wales)
[illegible]	Etienne Roux (S. Africa)
[illegible]	Francois Swanepoel (S. Af.)
[illegible]	David Gracie (Scotland)
[illegible]	[illegible] Carter (Australia)
[illegible]	[illegible] (S. Africa)
[illegible]	[illegible] Khan (Pakistan)
[illegible]	[illegible] (England)
[illegible]	[illegible] (N. Zealand)
[illegible]	D. E. Fleming (N. Zealand)
[illegible]	Neil Dangerfield (England)
54.8	Jugraj Singh Kuller (India)*
54.8	Chan Onn-leng (Singapore)*
55.2	Tony Arrighi (Australia)
55.2	P. Jooste (S. Africa)

*0.3 second added to performance over 400 Metres Hurdles.

HIGH JUMP

6:7½	John Vernon (Australia)
6:7	Jonathan Lenemiria (Kenya)
6:6⅞	Doug Stuart (Australia)
6:6¼	Peter Wells (N. Zealand)
6:5	Kevin McMahon (Australia)
6:5	Andries du Preez (S. Africa)
6:5	Murray Jeffries (N. Zealand)
6:4⅞	Ajit Singh (India)
6:4⅞	N. Ethirveerasingham (Ceylon)
6:4¾	J. Chigbolu (Nigeria)
6:4¾	F. Adeyemi (Nigeria)
6:4½	Ed Cooper (S. Africa)
6:4	Etolu (Uganda)
6:3⅞	Joe Truter (S. Africa)
6:3	B. Kearney (Australia)
6:3	Pat Leane (Australia)
6:3	W. E. Little (S. Africa)
6:3	C. Van Dyck (Gold Coast)
6:3	Derek Cox (England)
6:2⅞	Lloyd Valberg (Singapore)

POLE VAULT

14: 0	Geoff Elliott (England)
13: 9	Andrejas Burger (S. Africa)
13: 4½	Mervyn Richards (N. Z.)
13: 3¾	Peter Denton (Australia)
13: 0¼	Hentie Kruger (S. Africa)
13: 0	Bruce Peever (Australia)
13: 0	Norman Gregor (Scotland)
12: 9	Ian Ward (England)
12: 6	Kunuji (Nigeria)
12: 6	Peter Harbison (Australia)
12: 6	Cecil Wright (Australia)
12: 6	Geoffrey Schmidt (England)
12: 5	Danie Burger (S. Africa)
12: 5	Pierre Vermeulen (S. Af.)
12: 4	K. George (India)
12: 4	Harbans Singh Chema (India)
12: 3¾	H. Pfenniger (N. Zealand)
12: 3	G. D. Rowland (England)
12: 2	Barend Blommaert (S. Af.)
12: 2	W. Piper (Scotland)

LONG JUMP

25: 2	Neville Price (S. Africa)
24: 3	Hector Hogan (Australia)
24: 0½	Ken Wilmshurst (England)
24: 0	Brian Oliver (Australia)
23:11½	Karim Olowu (Nigeria)
23:10¾	Jan Pentz (S. Africa)
23:10½	Adriaan Delport (S. Africa)
23: 9¼	Bill O'Grady (Australia)
23: 8½	Piet Boonzaier (S. Africa)
23: 8½	Vernon Staegeman (S. Af.)
23: 8½	Arthur Cruttenden (Eng.)
23: 7	Gideon van Heerden (S. Af.)
23: 6	A. G. Brown (Rhodesia)
23: 3¼	Ian Bruce (Australia)
23: 2	C. M. Muttiah (India)
23: 2	Bhag Singh (India)
23: 2	Tony Lethbridge (Australia)
23: 2	C. O. Alele (Nigeria)
23: 2	Kenneth Box (England)
23: 0	Pat Leane (Australia)

HOP, STEP & JUMP

50: 1½	Ken Wilmshurst (England)
50: 0¾	Brian Oliver (Australia)
50: 0½	Paul Esori (Nigeria)
49:10	Kevin Salt (Australia)
49: 7¾	Piet Boonzaier (S. Africa)
48:11½	Ellies West (S. Africa)
48: 9½	Ed Cooper (S. Africa)
48: 7¼	Kehar Singh (India)
48: 2½	Sukhdarshan Singh (India)
48: 2	P. S. Price (N. Zealand)
48: 0¼	Allen Stevens (Australia)
48: 0	P. B. Engo (Nigeria)
47: 7½	T. McNab (Scotland)
47:11¼	Bill O'Grady (Australia)
47: 4½	P. C. Gabuh (N. Borneo)
47: 4	M. Pierce (N. Zealand)
47: 4	Darshan Singh (India)
47: 2¾	C. M. Muttiah (India)
47: 2¼	Donald Stuart (S. Africa)
47: 1⅞	Tony Lethbridge (Australia)

SHOT PUT

55: 4	John Savidge (England)
51: 5¾	Stephanus du Plessis (S. Af.)
50: 1¼	John Short (S. Africa)
49: 4½	Barry Donath (Australia)
48: 5½	Peter Hanlin (Australia)
47: 1¼	Parduman Singh (India)
46:11¼	Ishar Singh (India)
46:10	Mark Pharaoh (England)
46: 8½	Muhammad Iqbal (Pakistan)
46: 8	Ijaz Hussain (Pakistan)
46: 7½	Mark Pharaoh (England)
46: 5¾	Mataika Tuicakau (Fiji)
46: 4	T. Pukits (England)
46: 0	T. A. Logan (Scotland)
45:10½	William Palmer (England)
45: 7	R. E. Wilkins (England)
45: 6	J. Drummond (Scotland)
45: 4½	T. Reinecke (Rhodesia)
45: 3½	V. Balodis (Australia)
45: 3	C. G. Ormsby (N. Zealand)
45: 2	Len Holdstock (S. Africa)
45: 2	G. A. Carr (England)
45: 2	T. J. Gaworski (England)

DISCUS THROW

171: 6	Gino Roy Pella (Canada)
165: 8	Mark Pharaoh (England)
160: 4½	Stephanus du Plessis (S. Africa)
157:10	Ian Reed (Australia)
153: 9¼	Nico van Marle (S. Af.)
153: 4	John Savidge (England)
146: 8	Hywell Williams (Wales)
145: 1	K. Maksimczyk (Scotland)
143: 9	Len Holdstock (S. Africa)
143: 2¾	G. A. Carr (England)
143: 0½	Strydom Smit (S. Africa)
142: 6	Muhammad Ayyub (Pakistan)
142: 3¾	Parduman Singh (India)
143: 0	T. J. Gaworski (England)
141: 1	Otto Feldmanis (England)
140: 8	E. J. A. Drewer (England)
140: 7½	D. E. L. Slater (England)
138:11	A. G. Lawless (N. Zealand)
137: 9	L. R. Mills (N. Zealand)
137: 0	Balkar Singh (India)

JAVELIN THROW

218: 7¼	Johnny Veitch (S. Africa)
216: 5	John Achurch (Australia)
215: 2¾	Dick Miller (N. Ireland)
210:10½	Muhammad Nawaz (Pakistan)
206: 7½	Jalal Khan (Pakistan)
204: 6	Mamboria Kirogu (Kenya)
204: 3	Dennis Tucker (England)
204: 0	Nawab Khan (Pakistan)
203: 8½	D. W. R. Mackenzie (Scot.)
202: 8½	Bob Grant (Australia)
199: 1	A. B. du Preez (S. Africa)
198: 0	M. E. Morrell (England)
197:10	R. A. C. Davies (England)
197: 9	J. G. Garner (England)
194:11	Frank Gandy (England)
194: 7	B. Stannius (N. Zealand)
193:11	Douglas Cosh (England)
193: 5	M. Hahn (N. Zealand)
191:11	Johan Garbers (S. Africa)
190: 6	Colin Smith (England)

HAMMER THROW

186: 4¾	J. L. Dreyer (S. Africa)
180: 5	Euan Douglas (Scotland)
177: 9	Muhammad Iqbal (Pakistan)
176:11	Alec Valentine (Scotland)
174:10	Peter Allday (England)
173: 7	Arthur Silbery (England)
173: 6	Don Anthony (England)
167: 4	Tom Mullins (Australia)
166: 2½	Duncan Clark (N. Zealand)
164: 9	Max Carr (N. Zealand)
161: 1	Fazal Hussein (Pakistan)
160: 7½	R. S. Scott (Scotland)
160: 1	G. A. Harper (England)
159: 1	Frank Gandy (England)
158:10	Mark Pharaoh (England)
157:11½	Hardev Singh (India)
[illegible]	D. D. Leach (N. Zealand)
[illegible]	C. Blomerus (S. Africa)
[illegible]	J. Lally (N. Ireland)
[illegible]	Lloyd [illegible] (Australia)

RHKDF WIN INTER-UNIT GOLF FINAL

The final of the Service Inter-Unit Golf Competition between HQ LF and the RHKDF resulted in a win for the RHKDF by 3 matches to 1, over the Old Course at Fanling on Saturday.

Fifteen teams representing units in the Royal Navy, Army and Royal Air Force took part in the competition.

A great deal of interesting golf was played in the final which included some fine recovery shots by TA Pearce. PV Huyshe played very steady golf to score the solo win for HQ LF.

Results, HQ LF names first:—
Major PV Huyshe beat P/O A.G. McCallum.
Capt D.A. Kennedy lost to Gnr TA Pearce.
Lt Col P.J.P. Wilkinson lost to Pte Crunden.
Capt A.G.M. Napier lost to Capt L. Goldman.

◆

COLONY BOWLS CHAMPIONSHIP

George Hong Choy, George Souza and Joe Landolt beat T. Curry, R. W. Hollway and L. F. Cosgrove 24-7 in a Colony Open Triples Championship match played at Police Recreation Club yesterday.

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Widow's Life Savings Help Send Son To Empire Games

London, July 19.

Mrs Olwen Williams, widowed mother of Welsh all-round athlete Hywel Williams, is giving up a big part of her life savings so that her son may be able to compete in the Commonwealth and Empire Games at Vancouver later this month.

Williams flies to Vancouver tomorrow, hoping that he will be allowed to compete for Wales as a "late entry." His mother has paid a deposit on his £209 airline fare.

Williams was originally selected by the Welsh Empire Games Council for the Discus, Pole Vault and Shot. But because of repatriation delay from Kenya, where he was stationed with the Royal Air Force, his place was given to R. D. Shaw, who will run in the 120 and 440 Yards Hurdles events.

The 24-year-old Williams, holder of the Welsh Discus record and former Dathlon champion, managed to borrow the return fare back to England and was informed that he could join the team in Canada provided he made his own way over.

Widowed last year when her husband was killed in a colliery accident, Mrs Williams decided to sacrifice her savings. "He has got so far, I will not see him disappointed now even if it means making a big hole in my savings," she said today in her Llanharan, Glamorgan, home.

Williams said: "I realise that this is a tremendous sacrifice on my mother's part and I am all the more determined to do my best and make it up to her."

He will have to make an appeal to a technical committee to allow his late entry when he gets to Vancouver.—China Mail Special.

◆

League Tennis

South China Athletic Association's Mixed "A" Division tennis championship for this season, overwhelmed the Chinese Recreation Club 9-0 in a postponed league match yesterday at Tai Hang.

Although the title has already gone to South China, they fielded a powerful team which included K. C. Dao, Tony Liang and David Tsai and Miss U. Khoo, Mrs K. H. Ip and Mrs Mary Chow.

The following are the results: Mrs T. F. Lo and T. K. Choy (CRC) lost to Miss U. Khoo and K. C. Dao 0-6; lost to Mrs K. H. Ip and D. Tsai 0-6; lost to Mrs Mary Chow and T. Liang 0-6. Mrs W. Ling and V. T. Wong (CRC) lost to Khoo and Dao [illegible] lost to Ip and Tsai [illegible] lost to Chow and Liang 2-6. Miss M. Tong and [illegible] (CRC) lost to Khoo [illegible] lost to Ip [illegible] Chow and Liang [illegible]

P&O B.I. E&A COMPANIES

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"CARTHAGE"	21st July	23rd August
"CORFU"	10th August	20th September

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore

Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CANTON"	31st July	31st August
"CARTHAGE"	20th August	20th September
"CORFU"	24th September	25th October

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"SOUDAN"	6th August	Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Hamburg

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P. & O./B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"OZARDA"	due 20th July sails 21st July	from Japan for Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Khorramshahr, Basrah, Kuwait direct, Other P. G. Ports via Bombay

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	due 4th Aug. sails 5th Aug.	from Japan for Sandakan, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide
"NANKIN"	due 19th Aug. sails 20th Aug.	from Japan for Sandakan, Lae, Rabaul, Brisbane, Newcastle, Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

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"YOUNG SHIN"

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"REBEVERETT"

Arrives	July 22	from Singapore.
Sails	July 22	for Kobe, Yokohama, Shimizu, Nagoya & Osaka.

"LENEVERETT"

Arrives	July 30	from Manila.
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Arrives	July 24	from Japan.
Sails	July 25	for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Colombo, Bombay, Karachi, Khorramshahr, Basrah, Kuwait & Bahrein.

"THAI"

Arrives	Aug. 2	from Manila.
Sails	Aug. 2	for Pusan, Kobe & Yokohama.

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PUBLISHED DAILY
(AFTERNOONS)

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NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES

Consignees per Company's

s.s. "MEKONG"

are hereby notified that their cargo and also cargo ex s.s. "Cambodge" are being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godowns, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage and where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed

Damaged packages are to be left in the Godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on Saturday, 24th July, 1954.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after 25th July, 1954, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before 17th August, 1954, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

CIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES

Hongkong, 19th July, 1954.

International Motor Exhibitions At Earls Court

London, July 19,

This year is another in which London is to become the scene of the two most spectacular International Motor Exhibitions in the Show Calendar, each the largest event of its kind to be housed in one building.

First the Commercial Motor Show, staged every two years, and then the annual Motor Show will present the products of the British and other motor industries of the world to the world this season.

Work on the organisation of the Exhibitions, which has been going on since the 1953 Motor Show ended, has been designed to make each event this year even more representative and impressive than on any previous occasion. Already the indications are that there will be almost 20 more Stands at the Commercial Show than in 1952, bringing the total number of Exhibitors to nearly 440.

In the case of the Motor Show, too, the number of Stands in all the Sections is likely, at about 540, to be greater than at the 1953 event.

With ever-inceasing world wide interest in each Exhibition the Society's list of overseas invitees grows annually. Early this year nearly 25,000 personal invitations to both Shows were despatched abroad, quite apart from the general invitation to overseas visitors made through British diplomatic and consular offices, motor clubs and trade associations, air and shipping lines, and other organisations.

The 17th International Commercial Motor Transport Exhibition will be held from September 24 to October 2, (except Sunday September 26) and the 39th International Motor Exhibition from October 20 to 30, (Sunday October 24 excepted).

◆

Additional Newsprint Wanted

London, July 19.

Mr Marcus Lipton, a Labour Member of Parliament, urged the Government today to sanction the purchase of additional newsprint from either Canada or Scandinavia.

He told the House of Commons that the prospects of the end of rationing of newsprint in Britain in 1955 had become much less favourable because Britain was unable to produce the extra 50,000 tons required.

Mr Lipton accused the Government of "hanging on to controls like grim death."

Mr Derick Heathcoat Amory, Minister of State at the Board of Trade, said discussions with newspaper representatives were still going on. He denied that the Government was hanging on to controls but said it looked forward to the day when it could get rid of the last of them.—Reuter.

LOW EDUCATION BLAMED FOR LACK OF POLICE

London, July 19.

Falling educational standards are preventing many police forces in England and Wales from bringing their establishments up to strength. In some areas last year an average of 40 per cent of the candidates failed to pass the police entrance test on educational grounds.

The picture was given by Mr A. C. West, Chief Constable of Portsmouth and secretary of the Association of Chief Police Officers of England and Wales. The problem is soon to be discussed by the Executive Committee of the Association.

Mr West said: "The seemingly low educational standard of applicants for police service is causing serious concern to many Chief Constables.

"It is somewhat alarming to find that in two counties and two large towns in the south of England about 40 per cent failed to pass the reasonably simple entrance examination last year. This may possibly be related to the modern secondary standards of education.

MAIN WEAKNESSES

"Spelling and composition are the greatest weaknesses. The standard is also low in general knowledge, which is an important subject. The man on his beat has to act as guide, philosopher and friend to the public and is expected to be able to answer questions that are put to him.

"Though there has recently been a slight improvement, applicants are still not up to the pre-war educational level. The disruption of education caused by the war is obviously one of the main causes of the deterioration, and there is some hope that the position may improve in the next three or four years."

Portsmouth, which is 30 below strengh, out of a force of more than 400, had 209 applications from prospective recruits last year. Of the 43 who got as far as taking the educational examination 13 failed.

In the geography test one candidate, asked to name four of the Channel Islands, wrote: "The Isle of Man, the Isle of Wight, St Helena and the Sicily Isles." In another test a candidate defined "The correct name of one who studies heavenly bodies" as a priest or vicar. Another identified a moving staircase as an excavator.

Bradford and Coventry were said to be noted for "the barn dance" and "Lady Godiva." Asked what inhabitants of the Isle of Man were called, a prospective recruit wrote "Kelly."

◆

Climbers Race Against The Monsoon

Skardu Kashmir, July 19.

Italian mountaineers who for six weeks have been climbing Mount Godwin Austen—highest unclimbed peak in the world—are now engaged in a "race against the monsoon" in their bid to reach the peak, according to a message received here today.

A runner brought a message dated July 4 from the base camp which said that their chances of conquering the 28,250-foot mountain — also known as K2 — were now "very slim."

"There cannot be any hope of success unless there is a long spell of consistent good weather, and the next ten days will be decisive in this respect," the message said.

SNOW HAS FALLEN

It added that snow had fallen on 20 of the last 30 days and that there had been only four days with a cloudless sky. A bitterly cold south-west wind had been blowing continuously and showed no sign of abating.

Camp five had been established at 22,000 feet, but the climbers had been unable to fully stock it due to bad weather, though they were taking advantage of every break in the weather to rush up supplies.

Professor Desio, who is leading this expedition planned by the Italian Alpine Club, is determined not to expose his climbers to any danger, the message added.

Experts here say that Professor Desio would have been faced with a critical problem unless he got favourable weather within the ten days that followed the message. He would have had to decide whether to hold on despite the bad weather or to abandon their long fought attempt.—Reuter.

◆

Mail Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hongkong. The latest posting times elsewhere which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office.

The latest posting times for registered articles are generally one hour earlier than the times shown below. Particulars regarding parcel mails can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

TUESDAY, JULY 20
By Air
Indo-China, 6 p.m.
Formosa, Japan, Korea, Okinawa, U.S.A. and Canada, 6 p.m.
North Borneo, Australia, New Zealand, 6 p.m.
By Surface
Macao, 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 21
By Air
Thailand, 9 a.m.
Indo-China, France, 2 p.m.
Formosa, Japan, Korea, Canada, 2 p.m.
Thailand, Malaya, Indonesia, Australia & New Zealand, 6 p.m.
Formosa, Okinawa, 6 p.m.
Japan, Korea, 6 p.m.
India, Ceylon, Pakistan, Middle East, Africa, Great Britain & Europe, 6 p.m.
By Surface
Macao, 9 a.m.
Formosa, N. Borneo, 9 a.m.
China, People's Republic, Noon.
Korea, Noon.
Philippines, 2 p.m.
Macao, 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, JULY 22
By Air
India, Ceylon, 10 a.m.
Japan, Korea, 1 p.m.
Philippines, [illegible] Guam, Hawaii, [illegible] U.S.A. & Canada, [illegible]
Formosa, [illegible]
Philippines, N. Borneo, [illegible]

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
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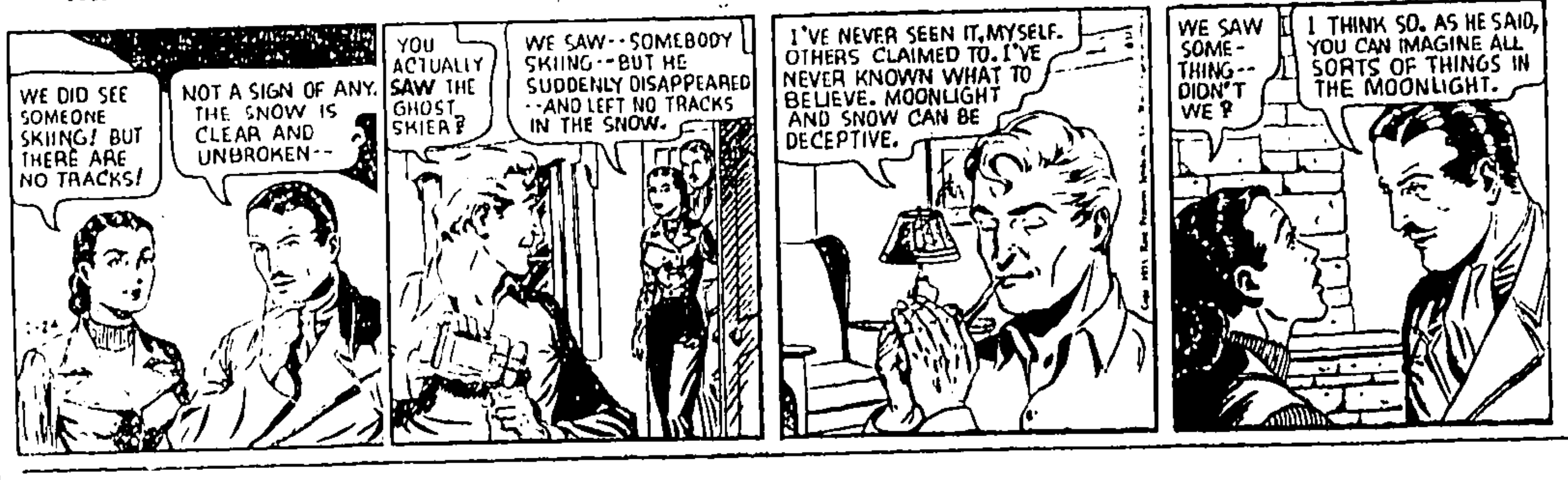
FAST PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE
"CAMBODGE" .... sailing Aug. 6th
"LAOS" .... sailing Sept. 4th

FAST FREIGHT SERVICE
"MONKAY" .... sailing July 23rd
"MEKONG" .... sailing Aug. 4th

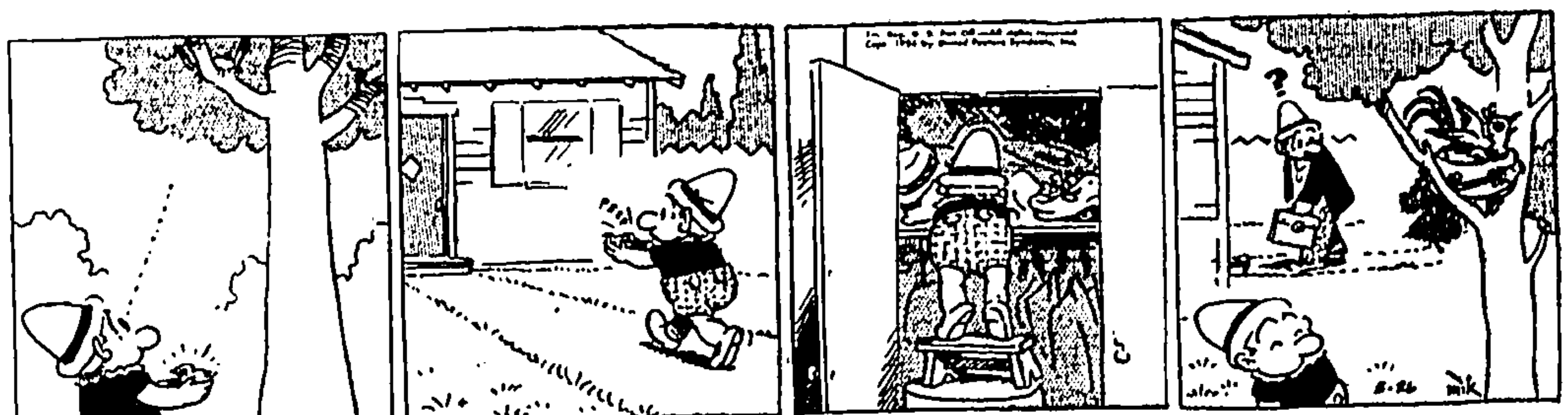
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis


WE DID SEE SOMEONE SKIING! BUT THERE ARE NO TRACKS!
NOT A SIGN OF ANY. THE SNOW IS CLEAR AND UNBROKEN--
YOU ACTUALLY SAW THE GHOST SKIER?
WE SAW--SOMEBODY SKIING--BUT HE SUDDENLY DISAPPEARED--AND LEFT NO TRACKS IN THE SNOW.
I'VE NEVER SEEN IT, MYSELF. OTHERS CLAIMED TO. I'VE NEVER KNOWN WHAT TO BELIEVE. MOONLIGHT AND SNOW CAN BE DECEPTIVE.
WE SAW SOME-THING--DIDN'T WE?
I THINK SO. AS HE SAID, YOU CAN IMAGINE ALL SORTS OF THINGS IN THE MOONLIGHT.

FERD'NAND

By Mik



FROZEN FRESH IN THE COUNTRY!
TRY
Libby's
FROZEN FOODS TODAY!

NANCY

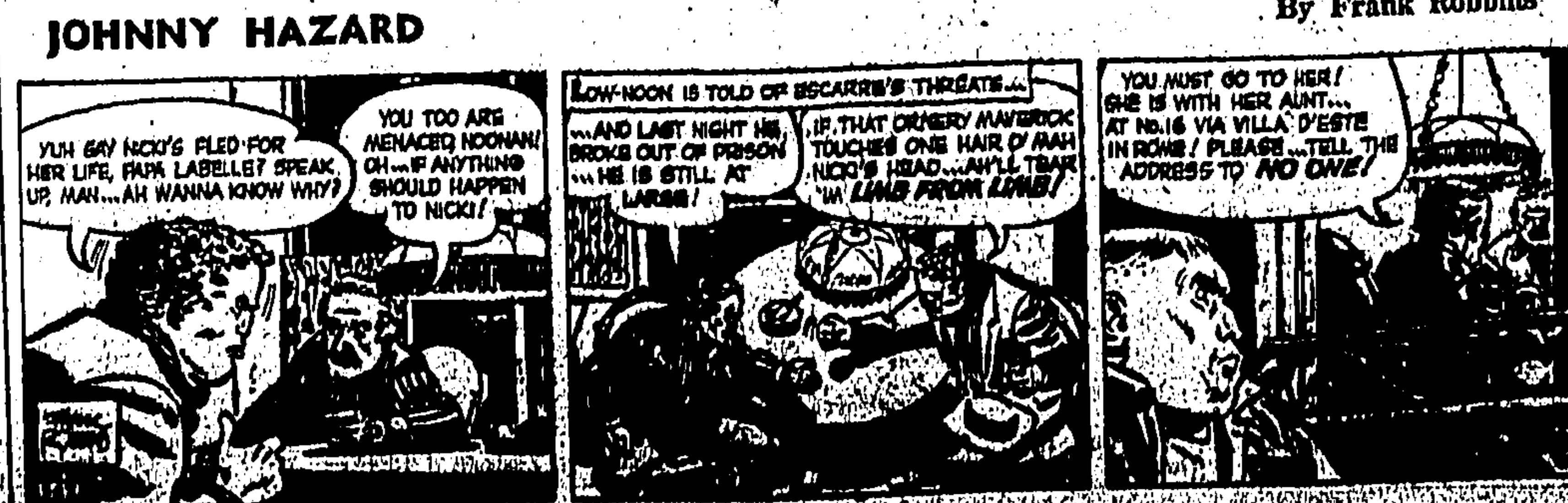
By Ernie Bushmiller

NANCY---I HAVE A SECRET TO TELL YOU
I BROKE A BIG WINDOW WITH MY SLINGSHOT---KEEP IT QUIET
OH, JANIE --- I HAVE NEWS FOR YOU
ERNIE BUSHMILLER

DAIRY BOX
MILK
CHOCOLATES

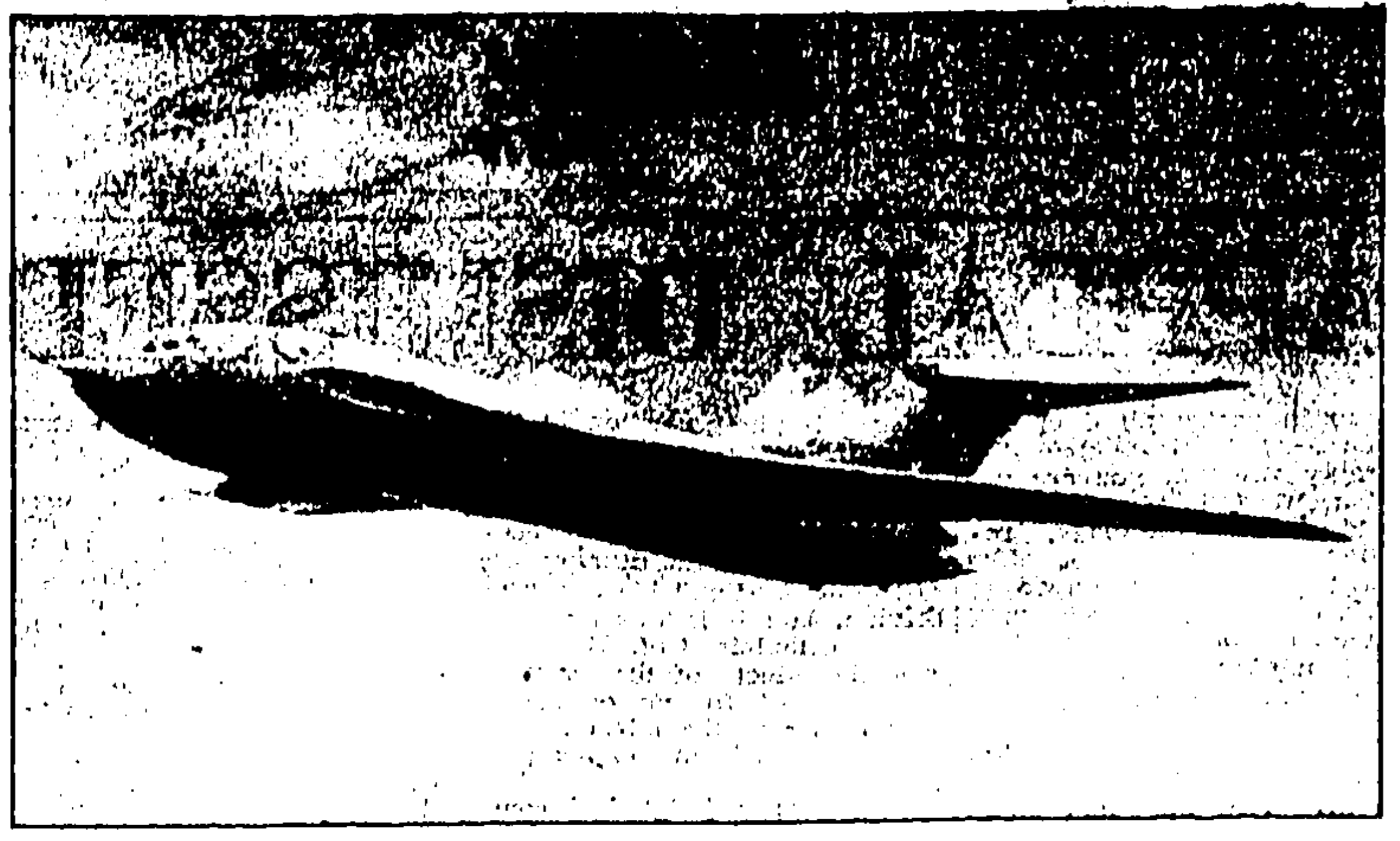
JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins


YUH SAY NICKI'S FLED FOR HER LIFE, PAPA LABELLE? SPEAK UP, MAN...AH WANNA KNOW WHY?
YOU TOO ARE MENACED, NOONAN! OH...IF ANYTHING SHOULD HAPPEN TO NICKI!
LOW-NOON IS TOLD OF ESCARRE'S THREATS...
...AND LAST NIGHT HE BROKE OUT OF PRISON ...HE IS STILL AT LARGE!
IF THAT ORNERY MAVERICK TOUCHES ONE HAIR O' MAH NICKI'S HEAD...AH'LL TEAR 'IM LIMB FROM LIMB!
YOU MUST GO TO HER! SHE IS WITH HER AUNT... AT No.16 VIA VILLA D'ESTE IN ROME! PLEASE...TELL THE ADDRESS TO NO ONE!

...this situation calls for a
San Miguel

OUR WEEKLY AVIATION NEWS



The Handley Page *Victor*, capable of conversion into a fast jet transport. It could carry about 150 tourist passengers cruising at 600 mph.

Handley Page Will Convert The Victor Into A Transport

De Havillands are now almost independent of the Royal Aircraft Establishment in their pre-flight testing equipment. A new high-speed wind tunnel has been completed at Hatfield and a low-speed tunnel is nearing completion.

On the face of it a lightweight tyre seems the obvious thing for a helicopter as no runway is required. A British rubber company has found out that the obvious is not always correct. Indeed a heavier tyre is needed to offset ground resonance. The helicopter introduced another problem for designers—maximum loads on breaks are imposed during ground handling and not during take-off and landings.

Britain is looking further ahead in the jet transport field and has three promising designs on the boards. They are the Avron *Vulcan*, the Handley Page *97* and the Vickers *V-C 7*.

Twenty months after design work started and eight months after construction work began, air was drawn for the first time through the working section of a new high-speed wind tunnel at Hatfield. A second tunnel, for low-speed work, is nearing completion.

The tunnels have been built because of the importance nowadays of extensive pre-flight aerodynamic testing of new designs, and the de Havilland Companies will now be independent in almost every aspect of this work. Until now all tunnel tests of de Havilland designs have been made at the Royal Aircraft Establishment, whose work has always been of the greatest help, but the growing requirements of the aircraft industry have placed a heavy burden on government tunnels.

☆ ★ ☆

In order to cut construction time, and to reduce capital cost, the tunnel was designed to be driven by jet engines instead of by the conventional electrically driven fan. Power is provided on the injector principle by three Ghost engines, which by exhausting into the tunnel downstream of the working section induce through it the required flow of air to obtain speeds of up to a Mach number of 1.6 over the model.

In addition to the testing of new designs it is the aim to do research on general aerodynamic problems.

Preliminary design of the new tunnel started in June, 1952, and construction work on the site began in August, 1953. The main contractors were Messrs G. A. Harvey and Co. Ltd of Greenwich, who constructed the ducting; Messrs Foster, Yates and Thom Ltd of Blackburn, who made the working section and its associated gear; and Cementation (Muffelite) Ltd of London, who designed and made the exhaust silencing. Full acknowledgment must be made of the co-operation given by these and others, enabling the work to be completed in so short a time.

Design

Aerodynamic design was the work of Messrs G. W. Trevelyan and J. A. Kirk, who together will be responsible for the operation of the two tunnels. Procurement and progressing of the tunnels and their equipment were the work of Mr C. G. Long, chief development engineer, and Mr E. B. Robinson was responsible for structural and installation design. Instrumentation and the high-speed tunnel's strain gauge balance are the work of Mr S. C. Callendi.

The tunnels, both high-speed and low-speed, will be a section of the aerodynamics department. Comprehensive drawing and technical offices and model-making workshop are grouped near the low-speed tunnel.

Sees Wheels

A passenger in a fixed-wing aircraft making its approach to the runway in order to land has plenty of time to think. As he sees the wheels of the undercarriage go down, he may remember that the touch-down will occur at around 100 mph, and wonder at the strength of the tyres which can take such loads. This strength means that the tyres are inevitably much heavier than they would otherwise have to be. In the helicopter age, one obvious advantage is the fact that, with a greatly reduced rate of descent and on forward speed, a normal vertical landing should, on the face of it, only require a lightweight tyre.

However, a British firm which manufactures helicopter tyres, the Palmer Tyre Co., has found that things are not as simple as that. Experience has shown that a lightweight tyre seldom has the strength necessary to withstand the stones and rubble encountered during ground handling. A less obvious problem, which requires an increase in tyre pressures far in excess of what one would expect, is that of ground resonance. This is the term given to unbalanced reactions which are set up by the rotors when the engine is run up on the ground. And so a still stronger and heavier tyre is needed, than would be necessary to deal only with take-off and landing problems.

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In studying the design of helicopter brakes it has been found once again that the maximum loads on the brakes are imposed during ground handling, and not during take-off and landings.

The holding power required of the brakes has proved to be far higher than was expected, and for aircraft carrier operation, a new brake system was evolved. This allows two of the wheels only to be used as brakes during taxi-ing, while all four wheels can be heavily braked for parking on, the carrier's deck.

It has been stated that in future it may be possible for a squadron of jet transport aircraft to move a military force to a threatened area in far less time than would be taken by sea transport. This gives an indication of the potentialities of the civil jet airliners of tomorrow.

In this field Great Britain has three promising designs, the Avro Vulcan, the Handley Page 97, and the Vickers *V-C 7*. Figures have recently been issued by Handley Page which give a clear idea of the progress which may be made in long-range air transport when this project is realised.

The H.P. 97 is to be a civil version of the Handley Page *Victor* bomber which is now in super-priority production for the RAF. Between London and New York, the range of the H.P. 97 is such that no intermediate stops would be necessary, although the distance is 3,445 miles. The aircraft would be capable of cruising at 600 mph even when carrying 150 passengers, in tourist-class accommodation. Under these circumstances, the fares would be cheaper than if the passengers were to travel by sea. The H.P. 97 may also be built to carry first-class passengers, and in this case approximately 100 can be carried.

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The airliner is to have two decks, with a spiral staircase between them. It should be able to do three transatlantic crossings a day, as the cruising-speed is so high. On this basis, three of these aircraft in one year would carry more passengers than the huge transatlantic liners now operating on the route.

The direct operating costs of the H.P. 97 have been calculated as being in the region of one penny per passenger mile. Consequently the direct cost of transporting one person from London to New York is not much more than £14. After allowing for overhead costs such as administration and ticket-sales, it is clear that such a rate would compare very favourably with any form of surface transport.

The 10th Annual General Meeting of the International Air Transport Association will be held in Paris from September 13-17, 1954. This is the week immediately following the Society of British Aircraft Constructors' Display at Farnborough (September 6-12).

Baroudeur-02

The Baroudeur-02 has become the third French plane to break through the sound barrier, it was announced in Paris today, says France-Presse. The Baroudeur, a single seater jet fighter piloted by Pierre Maulandi, passed the speed of sound during a test flight on July 17.

The Mystere and the Vautour are the other French planes which have accomplished the feat.

TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

More Synthetic Rubber Plants Needed In US

New York, July 19.

New synthetic rubber plants rather than natural rubber plantations of the Far East will be needed to supply the expected increase in world rubber requirements, the Journal of Commerce reports.

New construction of synthetic plants might be needed as soon as 1956, it added, if requirements rise rapidly due to boom conditions or the supply of natural rubber is curtailed in part or in whole by war or unsettled conditions on the rubber plantations.

The trade and business daily quoted Mr Dean Carson, economist and Director of the Bureau of Research of B.F. Goodrich and Company of Ohio as indicating his conviction that the natural rubber output in 1960 would be no higher than it is today and conceivably could be lower if disturbed conditions continue to prevail. Mr Carson recently returned from a visit to rubber growing plantations in Malaya, Ceylon, Sumatra and Indo-China.

About the "best" that can be expected, Mr Carson was reported to have said, is that the rubber growing areas will make enough new planting to replace old and diseased plants.

Mr Carson, according to the Journal, said that in some areas as in Ceylon, nothing is being done to replace old plants.

In Malaya some new planting is going ahead but output will be no higher in 1960 than now since 11-12 years are required after planting to reach full production.

In some areas, according to Mr Carson, Communists have been stimulating strikes and disrupting production. In Indonesia, he said, rubber workers work a seven-hour day with portal to portal pay, calculated from the time the worker leaves his home in the morning until he returns there at night from the plantation.

1960 CONSUMPTION

Goodrich economists, according to the Journal, estimate that by 1960 world consumption will total about 3 million tons of which 1.6 million will be accounted for by the United States.

Of the 3 million required tons 1.6 to 1.7 millions will be provided by natural rubber with balance—1.3 to 1.4 million tons—provided by the synthetic rubber plants. Present capacity for synthetic output in the United States is 860,000 tons.—United Press.

FRENCH FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Paris, July 19.

The Office des Changes (Foreign Exchange Control Office), has issued new regulations aimed at facilitating the transfer of certain franc holdings belonging to persons living either in the dollar area or in countries belonging to the European Payments Union.

Transfers to any country of the dollar area will henceforth be handled through the credit of free franc accounts. Hitherto, only such transfers to the United States and Canada were authorised.

Transfers between foreign accounts in francs belonging to persons living in any member country of the EPU are now freely authorised and will not require the approval of the French Exchange Office even for accounts of different nationalities.

Transfers between capital accounts of persons living in dollar countries or in EPU countries will no longer require the authorisation of the Exchange Office, even if these transfers affect accounts of different nationalities.—China Mail Special.

◆

Rubber Profit

Washington, July 19.

The 28 synthetic rubber plants operated by the United States Government are expected to show a profit of about $50 million this year, compared with about $43 million last year and some $60 million in 1952.

Profits were calculated after deducting "everything a normal business operations charges" except federal income taxes.

The plants are to be sold to private enterprise by the end of June 1955.—Reuter.

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LONDON METAL PRICES

London, July 19.

The tin market was easier while the rest of the markets were steady. Prices closed today in sterling per long ton as follows:—

		Buyers	Sellers
Tin, spot		763	764
	3-month	786	787
Copper spot		240	240½
	3-month	237¼	237½
Lead	July	96¼	96½
	Oct.	94⅞	95
Zinc	July	77⅝	78
	Oct.	78	78¼

—United Press.

NEW YORK METAL FUTURES

New York, July 19.

Prices of metal futures today closed in cents per lb, as follows:—

Lead	July	[illegible]
	Aug.	[illegible]
Tin	July	[illegible]
	Aug.	[illegible]
Zinc	July	[illegible]
	Aug.	[illegible]
Copper	July	[illegible]
	Aug.	[illegible]

—United Press.

World Rubber Markets

Singapore, July 19.

Prices fluctuated narrowly above Saturday's close today. There were some acceptances by Australia. Future closings were:

No. 1 rubber per lb.	Aug.	70⅛-70¼
	Sept.	70¼-70⅜
	Oct.	unquoted
No. 2 rubber per lb.	Aug.	69⅛-69¾
No. 3	..	68¼-68¾
No. 4	..	67¼-67¾
Spot rubber unbaled		69½-70
Blanket crepe		66¾-67¼
No. 1 pale crepe		85½-86½

NEW YORK MARKET

New York, July 19.

Rubber futures today closed 10 to 35 points lower with sales of 30 contracts.

A small trade between dealer interests passed on the terminal market.

Dealers reported a "smattering" factory interest in the spot market quoting No. 1 sheets on spot at 23⅞ cents, nominal. Future closings were:

Sept.	24.15b
Dec.	24.51
Mar.	24.75
May	24.89
July	24.95
Sept.	24.95b

LONDON MARKET

London, July 19.

The rubber market was quiet but steady with No. 1 Rss spot quoted at 20¾ pence per lb. Prices:

No. 1 Rss spot	20⅝-20¾
Settlement house term:	
Aug.	20⅝-20¾
Sept.	20⅝-20¾
Oct./Dec.	20⅝-20¾
Jan./Mar.	20⅝-20¾
Apr./June	20⅝-20¾
General markets, cif basis, ports:	
July	20⅝-20¾
Aug.	20⅝-20¾
Sept.	20⅝-20¾
Estate crepe, thick	unquoted
thin	25¼

AMSTERDAM MARKET

Amsterdam, July 19.

The rubber market was quiet. Prices closed today in guilders per kilogram, CIF, Aug. as follows:

No. 1 rubber	2.00 buyers
No. 2 rubber	1.99 buyers
No. 3 rubber	1.96 buyers
No. 1 crepe	2.45 buyers

—United Press.

◆

Eisenhower Undecided

Washington, July 19.

President Eisenhower told Congress today he will delay beyond July 27 his decision on whether to raise import duties on lead and zinc.

The Tariff Commission recommended a tariff increase on the two metals last May 28 to help the ailing mining industry. The President was supposed to report his approval or disapproval to Congress in 60 days.

Today he wrote the Chairman of the Senate Finance and House Ways and Means Committees that the administration will need longer to study the situation.—United Press.

Austria Receives Bank Loan

Washington, July 19.

The World Bank announced today its first loan to Austria—$12,000,000 to help to complete the Reisseck Kreuzeck hydro-electric power project.

Dr Karl Gruber, the Austrian Ambassador, said at a ceremony here: "We believe that our resources in water power when properly developed, over the next decades can make Austria the powerhouse of Western Europe."—Reuter.

HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to $471,844. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

SHARES	BUYERS	SELLERS	SALES
BANKS			
HK Bank	1090	1095	50 @ 1090 10 @ 1090
East Asia	183		200 @ 185
INSURANCES			
Union	805		
Underwriters	7.05		
DOCKS, ETC.			
K. Wharf	63½		
Provident (Old)	12½	12.60	
Wheelock	7.05	7⅛	
LAND, ETC.			
HK Hotel	9.10	9.15	2000 @ 9.15 500 @ 9.15
HK Land	59½	60½	100 @ 59½ 200 @ 59½
Humphreys	18.90		
Realty	2.05	2.10	
UTILITIES			
Tram XD	19.60	19.80	200 @ 19½ 300 @ 19.70 1500 @ 19.60 500 @ 19.70
Star Ferry	150		
Y'mati Ferry	148	149	200 @ 149
C. Light (O)	15.90	16	1000 @ 16. 750 @ 16.10 1000 @ 16. 200 @ 16.10 500 @ 16. 800 @ 15.90
C. Light (N)	12.80	13	1000 @ 13 2000 @ 12.90
Macao Elec.	11		
Telephone	27.10		
INDUSTRIALS			
Cement	21.60	22	200 @ 21.70
STORES, ETC.			
Dairy	25½	25.70	1300 @ 25.80 1600 @ 25.70
Kwong Sang Hong	138		31 @ 139
COTTONS			
Textiles	7.30	7.40	2000 @ 7.35
MISCELLANEOUS			
Yangtsze XD		6	5000 @ 5.90
Vibro			910 @ 9.30

◆

WORLD SUGAR MARKETS

New York, July 19.

World No. 4 sugar futures today closed unchanged to 2 points higher with sales of 246 contracts.

Domestic No. 6 sugar futures closed unchanged to 1 point higher with sales of 90 contracts.

Short covering in the world contract was supplied through trade hedging and liquidation. Domestic futures held steady in a quiet and uneventful market.

Demand for world contracts was aided by reports that the Cuban Sugar Institute, at a later meeting today, would consider ways and means of reversing the declining trend of world prices.

Future closings:

Contract No. 4 (world)	
Sept.	3.11-12
Oct.	3.13n
Jan.	3.20n
Mar.	3.16b
May	3.17-16
Spot—(cents per lb. fob Cuba)	3.12
Contract No. 6	5.71
Sept.	5.70b
Nov.	5.51n
Mar.	5.53n
May	5.62n
July	5.67n
Sept.	5.65n
Nov.	
Spot—(cents per lb. cif NY ex-duty)	5.70

—United Press.

◆

Belgian Francs

Brussels, July 19.

Following the recent agreement on liberalisation of capital transfer inside the Benelux Economic Union l'Institute Belgo-Luxemourgeois du Change introduced measures facilitating transfers of Belgian francs among residents of all EPU countries.

EPU residents may now open "L" accounts in Belgium and feed these accounts by the proceeds of sales of Belgian or foreign securities, dividends, sales of banknotes and imports from abroad of Belgian banknotes.

The "L" accounts will be transferable among all EPU countries and convertible into EPU currencies. They may be used in Belgium for all operations except the purchase of dollars at the official rate or the purchase of goods for export.—China Mail Special.

◆

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates:—

U.S. dollar (per $1)	[illegible]
Sterling notes (per £1)	[illegible]
Indonesian rupiah (per 100)	19.70
Siam ticals (per 100)	27.40
Singapore (Straits)	1.79
Indo-China piastres (per 100)	7.40

Courtaulds Will Curtail Canada Operations

Montreal, July 19.

Mr Drummond Giles, President and General Manager of Courtauds (Canada) Ltd, has announced the Company is to curtail operations in the textile filament yarn section of the Cornwall, Ontario rayon plant. In addition to the regular two-week plant holiday in July, the filament yarn unit will remain closed until Labour Day "unless a strong upswing in demand justifies a resumption of operations," he said.

Commenting on the cutback decision, Mr Giles declared that the depressed conditions throughout the Canadian textile industry had reduced demand for textile filament yarn "to a point where we have no alternative." About 500 employees are affected. Production of staple fibre and tyre yarn, however, will continue "at the normally scheduled rate."

Mr Giles added that "because of the level of imports of synthetic fibre fabrics from the United States and other countries, we have at the present time a more critical situation than has ever existed in the past."

During the shutdown period, Company customers will be supplied from "substantial inventories of textile filament yarn on hand," in Cornwall.—China Mail Special.

◆

World Cotton Markets

New York, July 19.

Cotton futures today edged upward irregularly in spasmodically active dealings.

While the gains were moderate, they were enough to nudge most deliveries to new seasonal highs.

Closing on a brisk rally the list finished with net gains of 11 to 19 points. The market opened up 2 to off 2 points. New Orleans closed up 14 to 21 points.

Continued hot and dry weather over big sections of the producing area, with Texas reporting temperatures over 100 degrees as the Lone Star State started its third week of drought conditions, kept a check on sellers.

Conversely, mills, exporters and other trade interests cautiously followed the rise while waiting expected Senate action this week on the farm bill.

Most of the buying came in frequent intervals and was accredited mostly to the local professional talent, along with a New Orleans demand.

Trading volumes and open interests in the Exchange today were:

Month	Volume	Open interest
July	—	10,400
Oct.	8,800	280,300
Dec.	15,700	408,600
Mar.	8,200	271,400
May	15,700	239,600
July	1,700	140,600
Oct.	1,500	44,100
Dec.	1,200	90,600
Total	51,800	1,683,400 bales

—United Press.

NEW YORK PRICES

New York, July 19.

Prices of cotton futures today closed as follows:

Spot	35.56n
Oct.	34.32
Dec.	34.55
Mar.	34.70-81
May	34.83
July	34.63
Oct.	33.75
Dec.	33.80

NEW ORLEANS PRICES

New Orleans, July 19.

Prices of cotton futures today closed as follows:

Spot	34.39
Oct.	34.27
Dec.	34.55
Mar.	34.81-80
May	34.92
July	34.59
Oct.	33.77b
Dec.	33.81b

—United Press.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

Liverpool, July 19.

Closing prices, American middling cotton, in pence per lb., were as follows:

Oct./Nov.	31.88
Dec./Jan.	31.84
Mar./Apr.	31.84
May/June	31.83
July/Aug.	31.60

Official prices for spot cottons included:

American middling 15/16th inch	33.05
American middling 7/8th inch	30.18

Others were unchanged.—United Press.

SAO PAULO PRICES

Sao Paulo, July 19.

Cotton futures closing prices, in cruzeiro per kilo were as follows:

Oct.	33.40
Dec.	34.00
Mar.	34.70
May	34.80
July	unquoted

(In the United States, the average price of 15/16 middling cotton at 10 designated spot markets was unavailable today. Sales at these centres totalled 11,778 bales)—United Press.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

New York, July 19.

With the exception of aircraft manufacturing issues, stocks moved irregularly today in moderately active dealings.

Gains in the aircrafts ranged to more than a point with a few pivotals showing much wider improvement. Elsewhere, price movements were narrow.

Market news continued on the dull side. Experts pointed out that a few stocks were due for some profit-taking because of the recent strength. Aircraft manufacturing issues continued to meet demand on expectations of heavy Government buying. A few stocks were bolstered by favourable corporate developments.

Transactions for the day totalled 2,370,000 shares, marking the tenth consecutive session that sales have passed the 2,000,000-share mark.

Of the 1,200 issues traded today, 504 lower, 410 moved higher and 286 held at their previous close.

Boeing Aircraft was the bellwether in the aircrafts. It spurted 2 points to $52⅝. Douglas aircraft was also strong with a gain of 3⅝ points to $89⅞.

Oils were weak, Amerada Petroleum slumped 3¾ points to $170½.

The New York Stock Exchange bond volume was $3,645,000.

The American Stock Exchange volume was 550,000 shares.

Dow Jones closing averages were:

30 industrials	338.64
20 rails	116.80
15 utilities	59.70
65 stocks	127.33
40 bonds	100.90
Comm. future price index	182.88

—United Press.

◆

New York Foreign Exchange

New York, July 19.

Canada	$1.02-21/32
England-unofficial	2.78-2.78
30-day futures	2.81⅞
Belgium	.0200-3/16

Others were unchanged

Canadian dollar quotations:

Spot:	Close	$1.02-9/32b—1.02-11/16a
	High	1.02-21/32b—1.02-11/16a
	Low	1.02-16/32b—1.02-17/32a
Futures:		
	30-day	1.02-20/32b—1.02-21/32a
	90-day	1.02-17/32b—1.02-19/32a
	six-month	1.02-7/32b—1.02-9/32a

Market tone: steady.

—United Press.

LONDON FOREIGN EXCHANGE

London, July 19.

New York	2.81¾-2.81-13/16
Montreal	2.74-13/16-2.74⅞
Amsterdam	10.62⅛-10.62⅜
Hamburg	11.71⅛-11.71⅜
Copenhagen	19.39⅞-19.40
Paris	980-980½
Stockholm	14.51⅞-14.52
Zurich	12.19⅞-12.20

Others were unchanged.—United Press.

LONDON SILVER PRICES

London, July 19.

The price of silver today was fixed at 72¼ pence per fine ounce for spot and 72 pence for forward (against 72½ and 72¼ previously)—United Press.

◆

CHICAGO GRAIN PRICES

Chicago, July 19.

Prices per bushel in cents:

		Closing Prices
Wheat, No. 2, red		
Spot		210½
July	211½(H) 208(L)	209½-¼
Sept.		[illegible]
Dec.		[illegible]-216
Mar.		[illegible]
May		[illegible]
Corn, No. 2, yellow		
Spot		162
July		162½
Sept.		161½
Dec.		155½
Mar.		160½
Rye		
July		112-112⅜
Sept.		115⅝-½
Oats		
July		[illegible]
Sept.		[illegible]
Soybeans, No. 2, yellow		
Spot		[illegible]
July		[illegible]
Sept.		[illegible]
Nov.		[illegible]
Jan.		[illegible]
Mar.		[illegible]
Barley, spot		[illegible]
New York flour, 100 lbs. sack		$14.90

—United Press.

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JOHN CLARKE'S CASEBOOK

Troubled Waters

SOUND sense and thought for our well-being lie, no doubt, behind each clause, paragraph and sub-paragraph of the laws, by-laws, rules and regulations drawn up by various authorities to govern our conduct and help us to overcome our weaknesses.

There are certainly excellent reasons behind the rule which states that those who bathe in the Serpentine must not swim beyond what are known by the near-poetical phrase of "the permitted waters."

On hot sunny days such as older Londoners remember, there would be chaos if swimmers had the freedom of the lake. And on the bleak evenings of the present summer, when the water is all but deserted . . .? Well, a rule is a rule.

FACT

ON such an evening, recently, a policeman passing near to the Serpentine was distressed to see a swimmer 50 yards outside the permitted waters.

"Hey there," called the policeman.

The swimmer heard and headed for shore. The policeman took out his notebook and waited. At last the swimmer climbed out of the water—a finely-proportioned man, better than six foot tall.

"You were swimming outside the permitted water," said the policeman. "I'll trouble you for your name and address, please, then you'd better get dressed and come with me."

The bather could hardly believe his ears. "What?" he said.

FICTION

THE policeman repeated his statement and his question. The swimmer, whose name was Harold, gave him a fictitious name and an unlikely-sounding address in Birmingham.

"Anything to prove that name and address is yours?" the officer asked, when Harold had put on his clothes.

"No," said Harold, "but if you think I'm going to give my proper name to a twopenny halfpenny policeman that I fought for in the war, you're mistaken."

"Are you refusing to give me your name and address?"

"Yes," said Harold, tucking his briefcase under his arm with a sort of finality.

"In that case," said the constable, "there will be a further charge against you of refusing."

A BIG JOB?

"PAH," said Harold. "I suppose this is a big job, eh? Usually go after the kids, don't you?"

The policeman did not answer, but conducted Harold in dignified silence to the station, where he gave his real name to the duty sergeant.

Next morning, at Great Marlborough Street, Harold pleaded not guilty to refusing his name and address, guilty to the charge of swimming beyond the prescribed limits.

The policeman began his story, his eyes upon his notebook.

'I THOUGHT IT WAS A JOKE'

"HOW beautifully you read," observed Mr Paul Bennett, VC, the magistrate. "But you're not supposed to read your evidence, you know." Hastily the policeman snapped shut the book, and spoke from memory.

Harold declined to go into the witness-box, but from the dock said: "I thought the whole thing was a joke at first. I couldn't think the officer was serious. When I got to the station, I realised it wasn't a joke, and I gave my name, then."

"Well, you must pay 5s. on the bathing offence, 20s. on the other," said the magistrate.

"Yes, sir," said Harold, and gingerly, like a bather proving water he expects to be icy cold, he stepped down from the dock and went off to pay the price of inattention to the letter of the law.

SABOTEURS MUST REGISTER!

Washington, July 19.

The Senate Judiciary Committee today approved legislation to make peace-time spying punishable by death. It would require all people trained in espionage or sabotage by foreign powers to register with the Attorney-General.

Sponsors of the legislation had said that they did not expect saboteurs to register, but the provision would help prosecutions.—Reuter.

Burial Of Brian Farrell

Cadet Pilot Brian Bernard Farrell, 18-year-old son of Mr R. E. Farrell, Manager of the Hongkong Telephone Co., Ltd, and Mrs Farrell, was buried with full military honours at the Roman Catholic Cemetery this morning.

Earlier, a Requiem High Mass was celebrated at the Rosary Hill Dominican House of Studies, Stubbs Road, for Brian Farrell and Flight-Lieut. B. McConville, flying instructor of the Hongkong Auxiliary Air Force.

Both were in a H.K.A.A.F. Harvard training plane which crashed into the sea near Cheung Chau Island on Sunday morning. Farrell was rescued, but succumbed to his injuries. McConville's body has not yet been recovered.

The Service at Rosary Hill was peformed by the Rev. Fr B. Miguelez, O. P. Acting Procurator of the Dominican Order in Hongkong. He was assisted by the Rev. Fr M. Sanchez O.P. (Deacon), and the Rev. Fr G. Hernandez, O.P. (Sub-Deacon).

The Service at the Cemetery was officiated by the Rev. Fr. T. Fitzgerald, S.J., Roman Catholic Chaplain to the Royal Air Force. He was assisted by the Rev. Fr Joseph Gardner, Senior Roman Catholic Chaplain, and Rev. Fr T. J. Sheridan, S.J.

Also present was the very Rev. Fr A. Riganti, Vicar-General of the Catholic Diocese.

CHIEF MOURNERS

The chief mourners were Mr Farrell, who is Honorary Vice-Consul for Spain in Hongkong, Mrs Farrell, and two sons, Pat (an undergraduate at the University of Hongkong) and Kenneth, who is still at school. The eldest son, Robert, is in Borneo.

The deceased, the second eldest, was a former student of King George V School, which he left earlier this year. He joined the H.K.A.A.F. some time towards the end of last year.

The chief mourner at the church service for Fl. Lt. McConville was his wife, Mrs E. McConville. He is also survived by two young sons. The deceased took up his post in the H.K.A.A.F. in September last year.

At the Cemetery, buglers from the Band of Hongkong Regiment played the Last Post and the Reveille. The firing party was drawn from the Royal Air Force.

More than 200 people came to pay their last respects.

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T.

6 p.m., Time Signal and Programme Summary; 6.03, Melody with the Stars; 6.30, Marching with the Guards; 7, "First Hearing" presented by Paul Perry (Studio); 7.30, La Demi-Heure Francaise (Studio); 7.59, Weather Report; 8, Time Signal and World News (London Relay); 8.10, News Talk (London Relay) or Special Announcements; 8.15, Canada Calling. The Fourth in a Series of Programmes by the International Service of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation on Life in Canada. "How we live"; 8.30, Forces Favourites (London Relay); 9, Time Signal, Orchestral Concert; 9.45, The Story of Curare. A Feature Programme written by Harry Collier, Produced by Eileen Hots (BBCTS); 10.45, At the Ballet. "Sylvia" (Delibes).... Royal Opera House Orch., Covent Garden cond. by Hugo Rignold; 10.59, Weather Report; 11, Time Signal, Radio News Reel (London Relay); 11.15, Goodnight Music; God Save The Queen; 11.30, Close Down.

FORGERY CHARGE

Mak Po, 40, of 37 Cheungshawan Road, second floor, appeared before Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central this morning, charged with forgery of a valuable security. He was remanded three days in Police custody for further enquiries.

The defendant is alleged to have forged a receipt in respect of a $10,100 loan from Yu Sau to Wong Wai-ching on or about March 7 this year.

Alleged Larceny By Trick

Lai Lam, 21-year-old coolie, was charged before Mr Hin-shing Lo at Central today with being an accessory before the fact to larceny by trick of $6,000. The offence is alleged to have taken place in room 10A of the Good World Hotel, Wanchai Road, on July 10. He was remanded until July 22.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith

6-5
Galbraith
Copr. 1954 by NEA Service, Inc.

"May I speak to your bookkeeper? I want to see just where he got off the beam!"

More Expatriates Arrive From Shanghai Today

Eleven British Commonwealth citizens were among the 24 passengers who arrived here this morning in the ss Poyang from Shanghai.

They were Mr M. H. Darwood, a storeman of the Ewo Brewery, his wife and five children; Mr F. W. Ridley, former Chief Officer of the British freighter Hippopotamus; Mr A. S. Ahmed, an accountant of Liddel Brothers, and his wife; and Sister Marina Lacombe, a Canadian nun of the Franciscan Order.

Others included Mr R. J. Chaillan, who was chief of the personnel department of the French-owned Shanghai Tramways. Mr Chaillan, who was accompanied by his wife and daughter, is returning to France. He and his family had been in China for more than 20 years.

Mr Y. Y. Toochinsky, 70, accompanied by his daughter, was another passenger. He was with the American-owned firm of Toochin Brothers and Co.

Miss Toochinsky said that she and her father had been in Shanghai for 25 years, adding that it took them 15 months to obtain their exit permits.

RUSSIANS IN SIBERIA

Miss Toochinsky revealed that 1,500 White Russians in Shanghai had agreed to return to Russia and that they are now in Siberia. She said that she and her father will go to Israel first and then proceed to the United States where she has four sisters. She has another sister in Canada.

Mr Francisco Luciano, a Filipino musician, who left Shanghai under the auspices of the International Red Cross, also arrived. Mr Luciano, who had spent 27 years in Shanghai where he played in dance hall bands, is returning to the Philippines.

Another passenger was Mr R. von der Cron, a Swiss merchant.

POLISH NUN

Another Catholic nun was Sister V. Wegzanovska, of Poland. She had been in China for 25 years and is going to Macao.

Sister Lacombe had spent 24 years in Shanghai and was assigned to the General Hospital there.

Mr Ridley, who signed off the Hippopotamus, said he is taking a vacation here. The Hippopotamus is on the China coast trade. She carried mostly lumber and coal.

Bishop Leopold Brellinger, of Linz, Austria, Bishop of Chinghsien, Hopei, and Father Joseph Kallner, of Vienna, who also came from Chinghsien, who had been expelled by the Chinese authorities, arrived here today by the ss Hunan from Tientsin. They had been in China for more than 20 years, the last seven in Tientsin.

4 Years For Chopper Attack

Sentence of four years was passed on 28-year-old Chung Lam, alias Sa Chau, former factory worker, by Mr Justice J. R. Gregg at the Criminal Sessions this morning after a Jury of five women and six men convicted him of a lesser alternative charge of wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm.

The Crown case, conducted by Mr W. A. Blair-Kerr, Crown Counsel, assisted by Det. Sub-Insp. A. J. McNiven, was that Chung used a meat chopper on Yip Tai-lam, an employee of the Sun Sun Textile Company, Kowloon City, as he slept in the early hours of March 10 and inflicted three wounds on his head.

The Jury unanimously acquitted him of the main charge of wounding with intent to murder and the trial Judge concurred with their findings.

The June Criminal Sessions ended with Chung's case which was the only one for trial.

Swedish Diplomat Passes Through

Mr Hans Skold, Secretary of the Swedish Embassy in Peking, accompanied by his wife, arrived here at noon today in the ss Hunan from Tientsin en route to Wellington, where he will take up another post in the Swedish Legation there.

Mr and Mrs Skold were married by the Swedish Ambassador to China, Mr T. H. W. Wistrand, in the Chinese capital last November. Mrs Skold, a member of the staff of the Embassy, was the former Miss Ann Edman. Both had been in China for the last year and a half.

SLOSS APPEAL DISMISSED

(Continued from Page 1)

Sloss has appealed against the conviction and sentence and no fewer than ten grounds of appeal have been filed.

At the hearing of the appeal Mr D'Almada for the appellant stated that he was abandoning the 7th ground of appeal viz:—"The learned trial judge misdirected the jury as to the evidence of the killing of the deceased."

The first ground of appeal—"The verdict of the jury was unreasonable or cannot be supported having regard to the evidence",—and the second ground of appeal—"The verdict of the jury was against the weight of the evidence" were not argued and may be deemed to have been abandoned.

The first ground of appeal argued was that the learned trial judge wrongly admitted evidence after objection to such evidence had been made, without ruling as to the admissibility or otherwise of the evidence in question.

As this ground of appeal is framed it would appear that objection is taken, not so much to the admission of the evidence, but to the judge's failing to rule on its admissibility.

In reality the objection goes to the admissibility of the evidence led by the Crown that the appellant collided with and struck a glancing blow to a taxi car which was drawn up in front of the St. Francis Hotel in Yee Woo Street. And, as I understand the argument, the objection is that this evidence was inadmissible because its only effect would be to prejudice the appellant without being corroborative or tending to prove the offence charged.

PROPERLY ADMITTED

In my judgment the evidence complained of was properly admitted and this ground of appeal must fail.

The next ground of appeal argued was that the learned trial judge misdirected the jury as to the manner of driving which would support the charge of manslaughter.

Mr D'Almada stated that he had no quarrel with the summing up in so far as concerned paras. 1-5. But objection was taken to the passage in line 3 of paragraph 6 which reads:—

> 'So that if you bear in mind the phrase 'a reckless disregard for the lives and safety of others', you will have I think a fair idea of the kind of negligence alleged in the present case. This high degree of negligence, however, is not necessarily the same as that required to constitute the offence of dangerous driving; and, assuming that you are satisfied that the accused was negligent, but not that he was guilty of such a reckless disregard as I have described, and assuming also that you are not satisfied that manslaughter is proved, you may convict of any one of three other offences set out under Section 4 of our Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance which then becomes applicable under Section 13 of the same ordinance."

It is contended that this passage must have tended to confuse the jury because its effect was to tell the jury "if you find the accused not guilty of reckless disregard and if you find also manslaughter not proved then you may convict of one of the offences under Section 4 of the Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance."

DIFFERENTLY WORDED

I think that the passage could have been differently worded and to that extent it may be open to criticism. But, in my view when regard is had to the portion of the summing-up set out in paragraph 5 and the opening portion of paragraph 6 it seems obvious that the learned trial judge was telling the jury that if manslaughter was not proved then they could convict of the offences under Section 4 of the Vehicle and Road Traffic Ordinance.

In paragraph 5 and the part of paragraph 6 just mentioned the learned trial judge, as Mr D'Almada conceded, gave the jury a proper and accurate direction as to the degree of negligence required to establish manslaughter. He told them:—

> "In such a case as this, Members of the Jury, the degree of negligence which the Crown is required to establish, is very high indeed; and, according to the leading case on the subject, in explaining to juries the test which they should apply to determine whether the negligence in a particular case amounted or did not amount to a crime Judges have used, as you have already heard, many epithets such as "culpable", "criminal", "gross", "wicked", "clear", "complete", and so forth; but whatever epithet be used, and, whether an epithet be used or not, in order to establish criminal liability, the facts must be such that, in the opinion of the jury, the negligence of the prisoner went beyond a mere matter of compensation between subjects and showed such a disregard for the life and safety of others as to amount to a crime against the state and conduct deserving of punishment.
>
> Perhaps the most suitable epithet that can now be applied to such a high degree of negligence is the one selected by the House of Lords in another case namely, the epithet "reckless."

NOT A MISDIRECTION

With that direction immediately before them it is difficult to see how, in effect, the jury could be confused by the passage complained of. In my opinion the passage in paragraph 6 of the summing-up beginning—"and assuming also that you are not satisfied that manslaughter is proved" is mere tautology, repetition of the proceeding passage and, however open to criticism the phraseology may be, I do not take the view that it is a misdirection that could, in the circumstances, cause confusion in the minds of the jury having regard to the direction that had previously been given.

In my view the jury could only understand from the passage that if they were not satisfied that manslaughter was proved then it was open to them to consider the question of convicting of the three offences under Section 4 of the Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance. For indeed that is precisely what the learned trial judge went on to say in the passage complained of above.

But after telling the jury that these three offences were not dependent upon there being an unlawful and felonious killing and that they were entitled to convict on any of these offences if they were satisfied that manslaughter was not proved—which was quite correct—the trial judge concluded by saying:—

> "But, as regards the first, you should naturally only convict if you are of the opinion that the recklessness was not the cause of death."

A MISDIRECTION

Objection has been taken to this passage and it seems to me that although the learned trial judge quite correctly told the jury that it was open to them to convict of the offences under Section 4 of the Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance he proceeded to give the jury a direction that if the recklessness was the cause of the death it was not open to them to convict of reckless driving under Section 4 of the Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance.

With the utmost respect to the learned judge that seems to me to be clearly a misdirection and to be not in accordance with the law as laid down in Andrews v. Director of Public Prosecutions 26 C.A.R. 34 at p. 48 where Lord Atkin stated:—

> "Section 12 of the Road Traffic Act, 1930, imposes a penalty for driving without due care or attention. This would apparently cover all degrees of negligence. Section 11 imposes a penalty for driving recklessly or at a speed or in a manner which is dangerous to the public. There can be no doubt that this section covers driving with such a high degree of negligence as that if death were caused the offender would have committed manslaughter. But the converse is not true, and it is perfectly possible that a man may drive at a speed or in a manner dangerous to the public and cause death and yet not be guilty of manslaughter."

The whole paragraph of the judgment relates to offences under Section 11 of the Road Traffic Act and must include driving recklessly, because that is one of the offences specifically mentioned.

Death might have ensued from the reckless driving but there might well be a lack of connection between the reckless driving and the death and in such a case there could be no conviction for manslaughter, but one for reckless driving under Section 11 of the Road Traffic Act or under Section 4 of the Vehicles and Road Traffic Ordinance.

Thus it seems to me to be a misdirection to direct the jury in the manner employed by the learned trial judge.

FAILED TO DIRECT

The next grounds of complaint are contained in grounds 5 and 6 of the grounds of appeal viz—that (5) "The learned trial judge failed to direct the Jury as to the effect of drunkenness in a manslaughter charge;" (6) "The learned trial judge failed to direct the Jury as to the incorrectness of the law put forward by Crown Council in his final address to the Jury."

It is complained that the learned judge failed to direct the jury as to the importance of dangerous driving and reckless driving in manslaughter.

At paragraph 4 of the summing-up the learned judge after defining manslaughter continued:

> "The present charge is concerned with a form of what is known as 'involuntary manslaughter': that is where a man, by a culpable neglect of a duty imposed upon him, is the cause of the death of another; and, in this case, it arises out of the alleged negligent driving of a motor-car."

In the very next paragraph the learned judge went on to explain the degree of negligence required to be established in such a case as this, i.e., manslaughter arising out of negligent driving. And it is as well to recall here that defence Counsel has stated that he has no fault to find with this portion of the summing-up.

In paragraph 10 the learned judge gave illustrations of reckless and dangerous driving which did not commend themselves to defence Counsel.

These are undoubted references to the aspect of negligent, dangerous and reckless driving in their relation to the charge.

It is true that the learned judge did not in so many words direct the jury as to the connection between the drunkenness of the accused and his negligent driving, and it is this omission that is complained of. But what was the effect of the omission on the jury? In my opinion it was rather to the advantage of the accused than to his prejudice.

The learned judge had commented on the evidence of the amount of alcohol imbibed by the accused as given by Dr. Huang: he had directed the jury's attention to the evidence of the collision with the taxi outside the St. Francis Hotel.

The jury had heard the evidence and the addresses by Counsel; they had been, it is admitted, properly directed on the law relating to the degree of negligence required to establish the charge against the accused.

ACTUAL COLLISION

It is not contended by the defence that there was no evidence of negligent driving. Apart from the collision with the taxi already mentioned, there was the actual collision with the rickshaw which resulted in the death of the puller. The circumstances were fully described:—the empty road, the rickshaw being pulled along the left side of the road, the swerve of the car to the left for no apparent reason and the collision and swerve again to the right, the failure to stop after the collision, the pursuit by the policemen in the car and the overtaking and cutting in which compelled the appellant to stop and finally the condition of the driver of the car. All these facts had been commented on by Counsel in their addresses to the jury.

In my opinion, the mere omission complained of in the circumstances was not prejudicial to the defence of the accused. The summing-up must be taken as a whole, and the passage complained of must be read in conjunction with the rest of the summing-up and the defence.

I am satisfied that the jury had been sufficiently directed as fully to appreciate the relationship between the drunkenness of the accused and the negligent driving required to establish the charge. This is not in my opinion a case where non-direction can amount to misdirection.

The next ground of appeal is that the learned trial judge failed to put the case for the appellant adequately. If I understand the argument of defence counsel correctly, the learned trial judge did put the case for the appellant adequately when he said in paragraph 18 of the summing-up:

> "It is contended that his consumption of alcohol was not sufficient when spread over the period from 7.30 or 7.45 to 2 a.m. to establish recklessness on his part: and that there is no suggestion even by the taxi-driver of bad driving by the accused. It is submitted that there is no reliable evidence of excessive speed on his part; and, that being so, it is contended that there is no reliable evidence of that high degree of negligence necessary to establish the crime of manslaughter."

But it is submitted that the introductory sentences in paragraphs 16 & 18 put part of the case for the appellant as something secondary. The passages complained of read thus:—

> "The accused does not deny the killing of the deceased, Ng Chow: but states, in effect, as you have heard, that he has no recollection of anything after he left the Skyroom Bar. His defence is, briefly, that he knows nothing of what happened and that he had only a vague recollection of some of the events which took place at the Queen Mary Hospital."
>
> "The case for the accused is, briefly, that, on leaving the Skyroom Bar and later at the time of the collision, he must have been in a state of something like 'automatism' and that he has no recollection of anything that happened—at material times."

JUDGE'S DUTY

It is the unquestioned duty of the judge to put the defence adequately to the jury. It is conceded that the learned trial judge put the case for the accused when he told the jury—"It is submitted that there is no reliable evidence of excessive speed on his part etc. etc.". "It is contended that there is no reliable evidence of that degree of negligence necessary to establish the crime of manslaughter." But this was in reality a criticism of the case for the prosecution rather than a defence strictly speaking.

The appellant was, of course, entitled to rely on any weakness of the case for the Crown, but it is difficult to appreciate how it can be said that his defence of automatism and failure to recollect anything can be said not to have been adequately put. Such defence, as it was properly put to the jury and I see no substance in this ground of complaint.

FINAL COMPLAINT

Finally it is complained that the learned trial judge misdirected the jury as to the onus of proof and the particular passage in the summing-up to which objection is taken occurs in paragraph 19 and reads as follows:—

> "If, after you have considered all the evidence adduced, members of the jury, you find, having observed the demeanour of the accused, that he has told you the truth, or if you find that the evidence adduced on his behalf is sufficient to raise a reasonable doubt in your minds as to his guilt, then it is your duty to acquit him of the charge of manslaughter."

In paragraph 2 of the summing-up, the learned judge told the jury that it was for the prosecution to prove the offence charged against the accused, or any other offence incidental thereto, beyond all reasonable doubt, and that if they failed to discharge that onus, then it was the duty of the jury to acquit.

No exception could be taken and, indeed, has been taken to that direction.

But the statement quoted immediately above is in my opinion open to the criticism that it tells the jury that the accused must satisfy them either that he has told the truth or that the evidence given on his behalf must raise a reasonable doubt in their minds as to his guilt before they can acquit him of the charge of manslaughter.

NOT CORRECT

That is not a correct statement of the law with respect to the burden of proof and is inconsistent with the earlier direction that the prosecution must prove the case against the accused beyond all reasonable doubt.

It is clear that it is not for the accused to prove his innocence nor must he raise reasonable doubt by his evidence.

In this case we are not concerned with an intentional act nor with provocation. The principle is clearly stated that it is not for the prisoner to show that he was telling the truth in his evidence or by his evidence to raise a reasonable doubt before he is entitled to be acquitted.

I have already in this judgment remarked that it is incontestable that a summing-up must be read as a whole and that isolated passages should not be taken for criticism divorced from the rest of the summing-up.

But taken as a whole, the summing-up cannot be said to be satisfactory and I have commented particularly on two passages complained of, which, in my opinion, amounted to misdirection and proper grounds upon which to allow the appeal and quash the conviction, unless the proviso to Section 82 of the Criminal Procedure Ordinance be applied.

After such a consideration the Court must decide whether there has been a substantial miscarriage of justice in that the appellant has lost an opportunity to be acquitted because of the misdirection and omissions on the part of the learned judge.

NO INTERFERENCE

I have carefully read the record of appeal and the facts and the evidence given at the trial have been brought to our attention by Counsel in their submissions and in my opinion the evidence for the prosecution in the case was overwhelming.

Counsel for the appellant has conceded that the learned judge did at the beginning and end of his summing-up direct the jury adequately, although he failed to do so in the middle and it was against these lapses that complaints were made.

I am satisfied that on the evidence no reasonable jury if properly directed throughout would or could have come to any other conclusion and that there has been no substantial miscarriage of justice in this case.

In my opinion, this is a proper case for the application of the Proviso, and, although there has been misdirection in the summing-up, I decline to interfere with the verdict.

ONE EXCEPTION

Mr Justice Reynolds said: I agree with the judgment just delivered except with regard to one particular matter which, however, does not affect the outcome of the appeal which I also agree should be dismissed.

I cannot, however, agree that that part of the learned trial judge's direction where he said: "But as regards the first," (i.e., reckless driving) "you should naturally only convict if you are of the opinion that the recklessness was not the cause of death" was a misdirection.

If any objection can be raised to that summing up, it is, I think, that it was too favourable to the accused in leaving it open to the jury "in law" to bring in a verdict of reckless driving. Where reckless driving is the cause of the death, in my opinion, the only verdict open to a jury is that of manslaughter and I consider that Gregg J's direction to that effect was correct.

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